GET IT
The New Price List of Cycle, accessories, will be sent post free on request
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY
Bund Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FREE TO CYCLISTS.
The New copy of our Price List will be sent post free on application.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort BOMBAY.
Bund Street, POONA.

EDITED BY B. G. HORNIMAN, 1918—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI

VOL. IV NO. 170 BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date	Steamer.	Tons.
7th Sept	PLASSY	7,346
24th "	NALDERA	15,825
1st October	"SOUDAN	6,696
8th "	MOREA	10,890
15th "	EGYPT"	7,941
22nd "	CHINA	7,952
29th "	MALWA	10,941
5th November	DELTA	8,097
12th "	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,450
19th "	DEVANHA	8,092
26th "	NARKUNDA	16,118
3rd December	MACEDONIA	10,512
10th "	CALEDONIA	7,572
17th "	MOREA	10,890
24th "	MANTUA	10,902
31st "	PLASSY	7,346

* NALDERA
* MALWA
* MARKUNDA
* MANTUA

* Through steamers from Australia

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

SAILINGS TO THE STRAITS AND CHINA.

Date	Steamer
15th September	DUNERA

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
To Port Said & Plymouth.

about 14th November	MANDALA	8,246

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamer	
23rd Sept.	NARKUNDA	Call at Colombo, Fremantle Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney.
21st October	MANTUA	
18th November	NALDERA	
9th December	MALWA	

REDUCED FARES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.

First Saloon single ticket ..... £10.
Second Saloon single ticket ..... £ 7.

A Special three-months holiday return ticket, 1st Saloon only, will now be issued at £15. All these fares are payable only in Rupees at the current rate of exchange with a minimum of 1s. 4d.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamer	
18th Sept.	VERELA	Basrah direct
25th "	CHAKLA	Karachi via Kathiawar Port
2nd "	FULTALA	Karachi and Persian Gulf
16th "	LHASA	Karachi direct
31st "	KAROA	East & South Africa

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co., Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 122.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.

CARGO TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Through Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
15, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 189.
Telephone No. 1599.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
"Saigon Maru"	M. Sato		8th Sept.
"Ganges Maru"	R. Yamanoi	24th Sept	6th Octr.
"Peking Maru"	K. Yamaguchi	7th Octr.	19th Octr.
"Alps Maru"	K. Egawa.	15th Octr.	27th Octr.

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Hakata Maru	Y. Tomioka	6970	30th "	17th Sept
Tokiwa Maru	B. Takiguchi	4469	3rd Sept.	23rd "
Tenshi Maru	D. Asahina	6865	29th "	13th Oct
Yamagata Maru	Y. Matsuda	3807	9th Oct.	19 "

*This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras.
*This steamer has no passenger accommodation.
For freight and passage apply to Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED, 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen. 100,000,000
Paid-Up Capital ..... Yen. 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen. 53,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dairen	Nagasaki	Singapore
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. OTSUKA,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207.

THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL 62,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 40,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 8,996,320

DIRECTORS:
1. Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakordas, C.I.E., M.B.E.
2. Mangaldas G. Parekh, Esqr.,
3. Chamanlal G. Parekh, Esqr.,
4. Hormasji Manekji Mehta, Esqr.,
5. Surji Vallabhdas, Esqr.,
6. S. F. Mulla, Esqr.
7. Jeshingbhai Ujamshi, Esqr.,

HEAD OFFICE—AHMEDABAD.
Local Sub-Branch—Station Branch.
Bombay Branch.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 special arrangements are to be made.

DEPOSITS for long and short periods are received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed 4 per cent.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.

For further information and rules of business apply to the Bank's Manager in charge of the Bombay Branch. Mr. Trioumlal N. Mody. No. 50-52, Churchgate Street.
GIRDHARDAS & SONS,
Managing Agents.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital £1,800,000
Paid-up Capital £1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... £ 750,000
Reserve Fund £1,050,000
HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.
LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS, opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakhs will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.
For the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL.
2,25,000 share of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid 3,75,00,000
79,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid 90,47,000
Total 4,65,47,000
RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 3,54,53,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921 ... 2,71,31,000
MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; N. M. Murray, Esq. (Offg)

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE.
No. 5, WHITTINGTON AVENUE, E.C. 3.
Sir Bernard Hunter, Manager.

BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad Sind
Ahmedabad	Indore
Ahmedabad City	Jalgaon (East Khandesh)
Akola	Jalpaiguri
Akyab	Jubbulpore
Allahabad	Karachi
Alleppy	Lahore
Amracti	Lucknow
Bangalore	Madras (Mount Road)
Bellary	Madura
Benares	Mangalore
Bezwada	Masulipatam
Berhampore	Moulmein
Bimlipatam	Mandalay
Bombay (Byculla)	Nagpore
Bombay (Mandvi)	Narayanguang
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Nagapatam
Broach	Ootacamund
Calcutta (Clive St.)	Patna
Calcutta (Harrison Road)	Poona
Calcutta (Park St.)	Palcole (sub out station to Cocanada)
Calicut	Vuetta
Cawnpore	Rajahmundry
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Chittagong	Rangoon
Cocanada (Outstation Narsapur)	Salem
Cochin	Secunderabad
Coimbatore	Serajgunj (Pay Office)
Colombo	Simla
Dacca	Sholapur
Delhi	Sukkur
Erode	Surat
Guntur	Tellicherry
Hyderabad Deccan (Sub-Agency Parbhani)	Trichinopoly
	Trivandrum
	Tuticorin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.
SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or omitted in accordance with instructions.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.
Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.
R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

		Rs.	a.	p.
Capital	Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital	Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital	Subscribed	50,00,000	0	0
Capital	Paid-up	20,12,891	15	8
Reserve	Funds	15,80,951	15	10

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Rahon
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Hapur	Multan City	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		Umballa Cantt.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

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FREE OF VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS & RESTRICTIONS FROM A COMPANY.
who deals with claims PROMPTLY & EQUITABLY WRITE
BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
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MOTOR & ACCIDENT INSURANCES
A. V. KEITH, Manager Accident Department. GEO. BROWN. General Manager

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Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
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RAE & CO.,
Managing Agents.
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
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Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and C.I., 302, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
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CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt., Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esqr., Bar-at-Law Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Soorjee & Co.).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P., (Mooljt) Jetha Co.), (Ex-Officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely safe without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.
Applications for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

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THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD.
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd.
Subscribed Capital .....Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ... Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds Rs. 2,63,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected. All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
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Agents.

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ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY,
BRANCH AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
H. A. STRENGTHFLOW,
Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK
5%
Investments mainly in or against Terminable: Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimising to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets.
It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%
Apply DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing-Director.*

THE
HEAD OFFICE. National Indian MARTIN & CO.
6/7, Clive St., Calcutta. LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD. Managing Agents.
Incorporated in India 1907.
INSURE UNDER AN ENDOWMENT POLICY.
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.
For all particulars and forms apply to
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M. S. HOOSAIN, Chief Agent. Residency Main Road, Hyderabad (Deccan).
C. N. MADHAVA ROW, Acting Branch Secretary. Lipton's Building, 33, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager, Calcutta.

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Where Manufacturers and Wholesale Distributors display samples of their commodities on payment of fees for such display.
Where orders are booked for you at exhibitor's standard prices without the least addition of any profits.
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THE MERIDIAN PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO. LTD.
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2ND FLOOR.
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The Company issues 1st and 2nd class policies at a monthly premium of Rs. and Re. 1 respectively payable for 10 years. The maximum amount payable under the policies being Rs. 500 and Rs. 250 respectively.
Terms on application.

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TOTAL FUNDS ... Rs. 1,75,00,000
LOW PREMIUMS
LIBERAL CONDITIONS
WORLD-WIDE POLICIES.
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ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.
Managers

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GREAT FACTORY OF PETROL DRUMS.
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Browney Blue or Red Pencil	2-4-0	Dozen
Transparent Adhesive Tapes (Ready gummed)	2-0-0	Dozen
Window covers, Large Window	14-0-0	per 1000
Regent Lever Files. Index as Foiscap	3-0-0	each
Envelop openers	1-4-0	"
Bank of England Sealing wax	4-0-0	Box
Desk Hand Blotters	1-4-0	Each
Venus Drawing Pencils	3-0-0	Dozen
Rubber Stamp (If contract)	0-2-0	line
Die embossing (If contract)	3-0-0	per 1000
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Offices AT: Lahore, Madras, Mandalay, adgalore, Nagpur, Poona, Rangoon, Rawalpindi, Trivandrum

	Rs.
New Policies in 1920	1,64,34,700
Total Funds	5,50,00,000
Claims Paid	6,00,00,000
Annual Income	90,00,000

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India's Very Best

(1) It turns Grey Hair "Black."
(2) It makes the hair lovely "Black."
(3) It makes the hair look Natural "Black."
(4) It has no equal in the "Hair Dye World."

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To be had from :—Army and Navy Cooprative Society, Ltd., Messrs KEMP and Co., Ltd., PHILLIPS and Co., Ltd., PHILIMORE and Co., Cumbala Hill, THOMSON and TAYLOR, LEACH and WEBORNEY Chemists, MADON and SONS, M. T. MADON, Market NAROTAM GIRDHAR, Juma Musjid, and also from all known Chemists and Drugists.

Price, Rs. 2.

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"I recommended you to a Major (now a patient). I told them I had implicit faith in you as you 've done me so much good."

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IN ALL SIZES

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BOMBAY.

PHONE No. 4008.

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" " Shart Coat Rs. 4-4 & upward

" " Long Coat Rs. 4-12 & upward

" " Sadra Rs. 2-2 each

" " Cap Superior quality Rs. 0-6-0. 0-8-0. & 1— each

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BOMBAY.

Fresh Stock of Boots and Shoes, etc., etc.

Large Reductions in Prices.

Albert Slipper S. S. Rs. 3-10 | Million Shoe S. S, Rs. 4-10

Million Boot S. S. Rs. 5-14 | Monsoon boot S. S. Rs. 5-14

SUTOR & Co.,

Wallace Street, opp. John Roberts & Co. Fort,

and

Bhindi Bazar, near Nawab's Masjid.

Agents:—The Western India Army Boot & Equipment Factory, Sion, Bombay.

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Empire Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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The Doctor is essent for your Health,
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THE GREAT EASTERN L. A. Co Ltd.

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GUARANTEED CURE

LEUCODERMA & LEPROSY

Leucoderma or White Skin does not easily change colour and the so-called unscientific pills and oils only aggravate. But Behar Chemical Works proudly declare that to-day they are able to place before the public Scientific remedies after laborious provings and tremendous expenses—remedies that are non-irritant, non—mercurial, i, e, totally harmless drugs producing no reaction. These remove rapidly the white patches by supplying natural pigments and expelling all impurities from the blood. Whatever the nature of the disease, hereditary, venereal poison or any other known and unknown source of infection, chronic or acute cases all skin eruptions due to deficiency of colouring matter or mercurial poisoning scurfs etc.—all cases are cured by our specifics both internal and external uses at Rs. 10 per set, Postage 8 as. Writes Mr. B. Sinha from Port Blair :—The medicines for the white patches were used on my son and the patient got too much benefit from its effects and ultimately cured—a wonderful thing for the Leucoderma in the world which you are selling at such a cheap rate for the public. If it was sold at Rs. 50 instead of at Rs. 10 it would have been very cheap. Mr. Sayed Sahabuddin, Collector's office, Anantapur, Madras, writes—I went to the Medical officer again on 7-7-21 and he examined me. He told that the medicine is giving effect and he advised me to continue the same medicine for two months more, so I request you to send me the medicine at least for 60 days per return of post.

Leprosy—whether Tubercular, Nodular Lepra Maculo Anæsthetica or Smooth Leprosy mixed or para Leprosy—all the known varieties are promptly checked, and cured by our Scientific remedies including internal medicines and external drugs (application fumigation and bath) which cost Rs. 15. per full set. Detailed information in Literature sent free to all.

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CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprains, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Costs 10 Annas. Sold Everywhere. Kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS

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22" broad and 19 yards long piece suitable for two suits or two gowns delivered free at any Indian Post Office for Rs. 10 only.

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(c) BOMBAY No. 14.

DO YOU REMEMBER OR HAVE YOU FORGOTTEN ?

Note quickly and visit our old shop to buy Saffron, Musk, Amber, Baras—Kapur—Myrrabolame—Momial Silajit—Khardyoon, etc.

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Always large stock on hand of White-Carrara Marble Tiles and Slabs Real Belgium Black Marble Tiles and Colour

English White Glazed Tiles and Flooring Tiles, etc.

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Circle, BOMBAY.

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FOR CAMPERS, HUNTERS, etc.

Price Rs. 20. Postage Extra.

All kinds of Stoves and parts in Stock.

CALL AT

D. R. WAGLE,

GIRGAON STOVE DEPOT.

Near Tram Terminus, Girgaon.

WANTED AGENTS.

Gentleman who can command a decent business are recommended to appl, to the

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LIMITED

67, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Liberal Terms and every.

FACILITY TO SUITABLE MEN.

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The Best Insecticide Ans. 14 per tin.

A. H. NASER & CO.,

Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Can be had from all Chemists & Druggists.

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ZANGI is the latest improved fountain Pen. Pens sold in 1916 still work good. Parts always available. Idle or unsuitable pens impossible. V. P. on 7 days, approval. ZANGI Safety Screw Cap Rs. 5-4 propelling or Self-filling 7- Calendar Clip Ans. 8.

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Factory Sales Co., No. 10 Darya Ganj, Delh

It will pay and ever give you satisfaction to send in your holiday Snaps for Developing, Printing, Enlarging, etc., Straight to :—

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N.B.—Large stock of Field and Hand Cameras, Kodaks, and all Sundries to suit every purse always on view.

ELEXIR GODINEAU

THE WORLD'S GREATEST TONIC.

Sensational Review by the Press in France

LE TEMPS.

The ELIXIR GODINEAU is now, constantly talked off by the press, it is the constant subject of their articles and the talk of town and country: it is a first class strengthening and restoring tonic of miraculous power.

L'AUTORITE.

The marvellous properties of the ELIXIR GODINEAU having been duly proved by various experiments, this powerful specific is now universally recommended as the best remedy against anæmia, tuberculosis and all cases of exhaustion of the organic system in general.

LE FIGARO.

To make gold, and find out the secret of ever lasting youth; such were the two problems which alchemists had tried to solve. The progress of science has shown the uselessness of the first, but it flourished on the other hand, the working out of the second.

Following out the eminent professor's theories a Paris Chemist of high standing with the assistance of eminent practitioners has prepared the Elixir bearing as name the ELIXIR GODINEAU the effects of which are surprising.

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Several truly marvellous cures effected by the ELIXIR GODINEAU and which have been echoed far and wide, have given this specific universal popularity. Hereditary anæmia, rachitis, paralysis, senile degeneration will cease to exist. The ELIXIR GODINEAU rapidly suppresses all these affections produced by partial or general exhaustion of the organic system.

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The fairy tale of the fountain of youth is now a true and real fact; old age may scatters a few wrinkles on the face, a few snowy flakes in the hair, but it can no longer chill the hearts of men to which the high-mettled spiritness of a youth of twenty years of age, is restored by the ELIXIR GODINEAU, one of the valuable conquests of modern science.

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The great success of the ELIXIR GODINEAU increases from day to-day, and is fully justified. This powerful specific restores health and vigour every day to numberless invalids whose cure was despaired of. All weakened or debilated organic systems are speedily strengthened after treatment with the ELIXIR GODINEAU, the effect of which is as surprising as it is rapid. Sole Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon.

MADON SONS & CO.

CHEMISTS

(Original Madon's). Crawford Market Bombay.

Price per bottle Rs. 14. Course of 3 bottles Rs. 40.

PACKING FREE. FRANCO CHARGES EXTRA.

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A TYPIST to work for two hours a day, spare hours. Apply stating terms to Box No. 7211, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1362

WANTED—A Gujarati Matric and Non-Matric Teachers. Apply to the HEAD-MASTER, G. T. Seminary, Mandvi, Bombay.
A R1347

WANTED—An experienced SANITARY PLUMBER for an Engineering Firm. Apply stating qualifications to Box No. 7210, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1357

WANTED.—TYPIST to take up Job work during leisure hours. Apply Box No. 7204, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1345

WANTED—A Gujarati MATRICULATE as a tutor to a boy. Apply stating age and salary expected with free quarters to THACKER, Barrister, Raipur, C. P.
A C10825

WANTED—CANVASSERS for Brass Name-plates, good commission given. Favourite Name-Plate Co. 130, Medows St. Bombay.
A R1368

WANTED—As SENIOR CLERK, a pensioner or retired Railway servant. Salary from Rs. 120 to Rs 150. Apply Box No. 7212, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1365

WANTED—A competent TYPIST with good knowledge of English. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 7213, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
A R1367

WANTED.—Two competent ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN for Architects' office. Good pay and prospects to suitable man. Apply Box No. 7208, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle."
A R1354

WANTED—A FEMALE SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON for a charitable dispensary to be immediately opened in Kathiawar. Pay Rs 75 per month. Free quarters and private practice allowed. Apply to Box 7190, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicl."
A C1318

WANTED—Qualified SANITARY INSPECTOR. Pay Rs. 75—5—100. Cycle allowance Rs 7/8/0. Post pensionable. Apply with testimonials to CHAIRMAN, Khamgada Municipality.
A C10852

WANTED for a few months, a Lady Graduate with Marathi mother tongue, and some experience, as Assistant Superintendent, Municipal Schools on Rs. 250 p.m., including allowances. Apply sharp to Mr. D. G. Padhye, Secretary, Schools Committee Bombay,
A C10862

WANTED—A B.Sc., B.A (Physics and Chemistry) or an Inter Science as Science Teacher. Handsome salary with free quarters. Apply sharp to K. N. BHATT, B.A., Ag. Headmaster, Central Boarding School, Supa, (Via, Navsari).
A 1370

WANTED.—An energetic and expert WEAVING MASTER of long experience for the Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited, Ahmedabad. Must have previous experience of Indian mills. Apply with testimonials to RUNCHHODLAL CHHOTALAL and Co., Shahpur, Ahmedabad with the salary expected.
A C10771

WANTED—An Indian Nurse, fully qualified in Nursing and Midwifery (Surgical and Medical) for Civil Hospital, Belgaum. Pay Rs. 50—5—60. Uniform allowance Rs. 3, washing allowance Re. 1, with temporary and Provisional allowance at 40 per cent. on Rs. 50 and 35 per cent. on Rs. above 50 per month and free quarters. Apply CIVIL SURGEON, Belgaum.

WANTED.—An ELECTRICAL ENGINEER for service in Bombay capable to lay out and design Scientifically Power houses, Distribution Systems and other Works in connection with Town lighting Schemes. A recognised degree or diploma in Electrical Engineering will be an advantage. Salary upto Rs. 750 per month according to qualifications. Apply in the first instance with copies of testimonials, (which will not be returned) to Box No. 7206, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C10847

WANTED—A WATER WORKS SUPERINTENDENT. Salary Rs. 600, rising to Rs. 800 per mensem. Only fully qualified Mechanical Engineers, with sound theoretical training, and practical experience of Pumping Machinery and Workshops, need apply with copies of testimonials, age, and earliest date of joining if selected, to the undersigned on or before the 25th September, 1921. D. K. BHAVE, M.A., B Sc. (Edin.), A.M.I.C.E., M.R. San. I., Municipal Engineer, CAWNPORE.
A C10812

WANTED—four SECOND GRADE clerks for the TANGANYIKA TERRITORY ADMINISTRATION for a term of three years' service, on agreement, which will be on probation on a salary of florins of 190 p.m. rising to florins 255 p.m. by annual increments of florins 10 in the monthly salary plus house allowance according to the rules of the Government. Free passage 2nd class both ways at Government cost. Candidates must have the following qualifications:—a) must be under the age of 30, healthy and of temperate habits, should be at least School final or matriculates of an Indian University. MUST BE COMPETENT TYPISTS AND SHORTHAND WRITERS. They will be subject to the medical examination at Bombay the protectorate Medical Officer at their own cost and provide themselves with passports for Daressalasm. b) They must have knowledge of Office routine work such as cash, stores, etc., and through knowledge of English. NONE BUT COMPETENT MEN NEED APPLY to Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW AND BROS., Agents for the Tanganyika Territory 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay between 1 p.m. and 3 p.m daily (holidays excepted).
A R1366

SITUATIONS WANTED.

G. D. A. (passed) well up in Accounts and Company Law, open for ENGAGEMENT, full or part time. Apply Box No. 7209, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1356

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET.— AT TARDEO ROAD, Honourable Byramji Jijibhoy's Vadi, ground floor SHOPS and upper floors of BUILDING under construction. For rent etc apply to Executors of Mr. TRIBHOVANDAS PURJEVANDAS, 5-7 Hummum Strefiet, Fort.
C R1369

BALLARD ESTATE—Ground floor, suitable for show rooms and offices on upper floors in one of the best situated buildings with an all sea frontage on Ballard Road opposite Ballard Bunder near Mole Station entrance in AMARCHAND BUILDING are to let immediately in parts or whole floors at revised rents. For particulars apply to the owner on the premises in writing or personally daily between 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. and p.m. and 6 p.m.
CR1289

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—A well going CHEMIST SHOP, Central Position is to be DISPOSED OF on account of the Owner's continued illness. Please, apply Box No. 7184, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R1308

A COMMODIOUS BUNGALOW FOR SALE IN SIMLA—With several lovely building sites. Always rented and furnished. Locality sunney. Numerous fruit trees on the site. Also flower and vegetable gardens with lawns attached. For particulars apply to Messrs. RAM LABHAYA & CO., Contractors and Agents, Circular Road, LAHORE.
G C10802

FLOWERS, SEEDS, Etc.

LOOK FRESHEST GUARANTEED—12 packets Flower seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets English vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets Indian vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 plants young Roses varieties Rs. 6; 12 plants young Crotons Rs. 5; 12 grefted mango plant Rs. 12. Price list free on application M. DEVAPPA & SON, Floweriste & Seedsmen, BANGALORE CITY.
C10877

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

WANTED.—ONE ROLLER GIN PLANT, consisting of 20 Platts Single Roller Gins, complete in every respect. Either new or secondhand will suit, provided in good order. Required for town in Rajputana. Reply to Box No. 7205, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K C10846

WANTED—1 Self-acting Willow, 1 Thread Extractor, 1 Roving Waste opener, 1 Hopper Bale Breaker, 1 Automatic Hopper Feeder and 1 Exhaust opener. New or second-hand in good working order. Apply with full particulars and lowest prices required to Box No. 7193, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K C10827

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy. Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.
M

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—CAPITALIST PARTNER with about Rs. 5,000 to take charge of the Bombay Office of an established firm. Apply Box No. 7197, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R1335

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COMPLETE SATISFACTION!—Write at once for the best and cheapest handy SAFETY RAZOR for only Rs. 6 and German Thermometer only Re. 1-8 eachr to Gangadhar and Bhaskar Friends, Students' Booksellers and Stationers, Narayan Mansion, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay No. 4.
T 10819

CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO: Unique in the East, Specialists in Shorthand and Typewriting tuition. Prospectus, Post free. Opp. Whiteaway's, 161, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
T

GENUINE HIMALAYAN PRODUCTS—BEST HONEY As. 12 per lb., Orange flower best tea As. 12 per lb. Peko dust tea As. 8 per lb. Best loasmate rice Rs. 40 to 45. Brahmi booti Re. 1 per mds. papr. DUN HIMALAYAN STORES, DEHRU DUN LTD.
T R1371

FOR SALE—Unbleached COTTON KHADDAR spun and weaved by hand 11 yard piece 32in. wide, Rs. 4/4 a piece; SILK KHADDAR hand-made 16 yards piece 36in. wide No. 1 quality, Rs. 64 per piece; No. 2 quality, Rs. 53 per piece; No. 3 quality, Rs. 49 per piece; No. 4 quality, Rs. 40 per piece; samples on application. THE PIONEER INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, Cash Bazaar Street, Mark's Road, BANGALORE.
T R1344

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE HINDUSTAN TENNERIES LIMITED
BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Hindustan Tanneries, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 19th September, 1921, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Annual Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 30th April, 1921.
2. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire at this meeting from office under Clause 116 of the Articles of Association. The retiring Directors are, however, eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 12th September, 1921, to 19th September, 1921, both days inclusive.

Dated this 6th September, 1921.
By the Order of the Board,
PEERBHOY KACHHAR & CO.,
Managing Agents.
C10810

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS.—Are invited for the construction of a small summer house, coronation gate, and other works costing about one lac of rupees in Dharampur State, (Surat District) at 2 p.m., on 5th October 1921. The plans specifications etc., can be seen in the Engineer's Office at Dharampur.
14th September, 1921.

D. V. SARAIYA.
Ag. Dewan.
Dharampur State.
TA C10843

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for the supply of U. S. SHEET STEEL PILING will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the 27th day of September 1921.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By order the Municipal Commissioner,
Trivess Smith.
M. Inst. C. E.,
Hydraulic Engineer.

Municipa lOffice,
Bombay, 16th September, 1921.
TA C10849

SURPLUS GOVERNMENT RIVERCRAFT

TENDERS will be received by the Commissioner in India, Surplus Government Property Disposal Board, for the under noted craft, lying at Basra which are available for immediate disposal.

Prices declared in tender will be for delivery at Basra.

Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. (Bombay), will quote for hire of towing steamers if tenderers require craft towed to ports in India and Burmah and will also obtain quotations from Basra for fitting out of craft for towage.

	No.
Paddle Steamers	2
Dredger	1
Towing Launches	7
Sea and Harbour Tugs	3
Up River Tugs	7
Steam Launches	43
Motor Launches	2
Steam Barges	3
Hospital Screw Steamers	2
Barges A Class	4
B Class	10
C Class	5
E Class	2
Y Class	5
Z Class Port	1
Port	9

Particulars of craft and tender forms can be had on application to
(1) The Commissioner in India, Surplus Government Property Disposal Board, Simla and Delhi.
(2) Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Colombo.
(3) Messrs. Bulloch Bros. & Co., Ltd., Rangoon.

Tenders must be submitted to the Commissioner, Surplus Government Property Disposal Board, Simla, on or before 30th September, 1921.

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
TA C10688

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED AT ONCE HA GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR of Cotton Excise, Bombay, presidency, for about eight months, more or less. He must possess through knowledge of classification and valuation of Indian Cotton piece goods and should have in addition actual experience of mill management. Salary up to Rs. 800 p.m. according to qualifications, plus Rs. 150, motor car allowance besides house rent allowance. Applications with copies of testimonials to be sent to the Collector of Bombay, Old Town Custom House, Bombay, up to October 7th. Applicants must not apply in person.
C C10865

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st September, 1921, at 4-15 p.m. (S. T.).

By Order of the Board,
R. J. DUFF,
C10896 Manayer.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

NOMINATED LOADING.

WADI BANDAR AND VICTORIA TERMINUS GOODS SHEDS.

ON and from the 1st October, 1921, a system of "nominated Loading will be introduced to the under mentioned stations on the South-East line. Packages, labes, bags, bundles, etc. in small lots i.e. in quantities in less than a wagon load for despatch to these stations will be accepted at Victoria Terminus "b Shed" Scale No. 8 every Monday and at Wadi Bandar, Shed No. 12, Scale No. 19 every Thursday upto 16 hours. Consignments of Iron and other packages over 12 feet. in length are not included in this system and will be accepted on any day of the week as at present.

The system of "Nominated Loading" obviates extra handing, ensures expedition transit, and largely reduces the possibility of damage to goods. It is trusted that all concerned will cooperate with the Raiway authorities to ensure success of the system.

Any information required on the proposed system can be obtained from the Head Foreman, Victoria Terminus, Goods Inspector, Wadi Bandar, and Goods Superintendent, Wadi Bandar.

Wadsinge	Martur
Wakav	Shahabad
Angar	Nalvar
Malikpeth	Yadgiri
Pakni	Saidapur
Bale	Krishna
Kumthe	Chiksugar
Tilati	Yermaras
Boroti	Tikekarwadi
Kulali	Ghangapur
Savalji	

D. S. BURN.
Actg: General Traffic Manager.
C10850

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE BOMBAY CATHOLIC CO-PARTNERSHIP HOUSING SOCIETY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fourth Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Catholic Co-partnership Housing Society, Ltd., will be held at 11 A. M. (S.T.) on Sunday, the 2nd October, 1921, at the Catholic Library, Cavel, to transact the following business:—
(1) To adopt the Report and the Balance Sheet for the year ending the 31st March 1921.
(2) to elect a Managing Committee.
(3) to elect a supervising Committee.
(4) to elect Auditors.
(5) to sanction the payment of a dividend.

M. E. FERNANDEZ.
Joint Honorary Secretary.
C 10861

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE.

THE public are advised that for the present every facility in the matter of wagon supply and quick despatch will be given for transport of food-grains and food-stuffs for consumption in India. Any difficulty experienced in securing wagons for such traffic should at once be brought to the notice of the District Traffic Superintendent concerned and the General Traffic Manager.

D. S. Burn,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay: 16th Sept. 1921.
C C10855

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.
In corporated in England.

NOTICE.

TRANSPORT OF FOOD-STUFF AND FOOD-GRAINS.

SINCE the monsoon rain-fall became widespread, there has been no difficulty on this Company's Broad and Metre-gauge Systems, in supplying rolling stock to meet all demands for the transport of food grains and food-stuffs.

In the event of any shortage in the wagon supply, the staff of this Company have strict orders to give preference to the carriage of food-grains and food-stuffs intended for consumption in this country, and the Undersigned requests that any failure to carry out these orders be brought to his personal notice, or to the notice of the Traffic Supdt., Broad-Gauge System, Bombay, or to the notice of the Traffic Supdt.,., Metre-gauge System, Ajmer.

W. P. PECHEY,
General Traffic Manager,
B. B. AND C. I. Railway.
General Traffic Manager's office
Bombay, September, 1921.
C10854

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE SMALL CAUSES, JUBBULPORE.

CS. No. 2660-20
Order 5 Rule 20 Act V of 1908.
Parsattam Dass of Sudar Bazar gali...Plantiff
Versus
V. J. Ashar and Co., Harst Road Bombay
Defendant
Claim for Rs. 49-0-9

WHEREAS a summons can not be served in the ordinary way of the above named defendant it is hereby notified that if the above named defedant does not appear in this court to answer the claim in person or by pleader or by some other person duly instructed and able to answer the claim on his behalf on the 29th day of September 1921 at 11 A. M. the suit will be heard and determind in his absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the court this 9th day of September 1921.

JUDGE SMALL CAUSES
Jubbulpure.
C C10864

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SALLEH MAHOMED DOOSA, of Bombay Mahomedan, a mistry. ..... Deceased.
ALLIMAHOMED SALLEMAHOMED, of Bombay Mahomedan, residing of Jackeria Musjid, Street, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-second day of August in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one, and in the Twelfth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

(Sd.) Messrs, PAYNE & Co.,
C10868 Petitioner's Attorneys.
The 22nd day of August, 1921.

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS. LUDHA EBRAHIM & CO

AUCTION NOTICE.

At Messrs. LUDHA EBRAIM AND CO., East Street, Poona. On THURSDAY, the 22nd instant will be sold at their premises the exceedingly choice and valuable household furniture of a wealthy Indian gentleman of Bombay consisting besides of a variety of rare ornaments, lamps, curios etc. etc. the collection of a life time. To miss this sale is to miss the chance of a life time.
C10951

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS MEHTA & CO.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 BALES COTTON DYEING DOBY OF THE MORARJI GOCULDAS MILLS.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 19th instant at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the open ground opposite gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Marke by order of the Agents of the Morarji Goculdas Mills and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Ramkrishna Motilal and Co.

10 bales each 60 pieces cotton dyeing doby of the Morarji Goculdas Mills No. 1804 27 inches 24 yards and 6 lbs.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CAVEL STREET.

On MONDAY, the 19th September, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the premises the undermentioned very valuable landed property under instructions from Messrs. N. C. DALAL and Co., Attorneys for the second mortgagee Mr. Lumdassing Khiyasing Lasing and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Ramdas Maganlal and by virtue of and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an Indenture dated 26th October 1920.

All that piece or parcel of land dot Fazandari tenure containing by admeasurement 217 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 606, New No. 2829, Old Survey No. 210 and New Survey No. 214 together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 3652 and Street No. 19 and all which premises are situated at and on the Western side of Cavel Street Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Ranchhoddas Amtha, on or towards the West by the property of Chaturbhuj Morarji and on or towards the North by the property of Alexandra Pereira and on or towards the South by the property of Kandas Manchharam Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had of Messrs. N. C. Dalal and Co., Attorneys for the said Mortgagee at their office No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, or of the undersigned

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE BUNGALOW AND FOUR CHAWLS OPPOSITE THE LAXMI NARAYAN'S TEMPLE AT GHATKOPER.

On SUNDAY the 2nd October, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at the premises the undermentioned very valuable Bungalow and four chawls, under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas and Co. Attorneys for the owner Mr. Dwarkadas Devji Virji.

All that piece or parcel of Land or ground of Seretors Tenure together with the messuage tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate in the village of Kirole in the Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana in the Registration Sub-District of Thana, but now of Kurla containing by admeasurement one acre and 22.01 Gunthas being a portion of the land bearing Survey No. 77, Plot No. 1 and Entry No. 1039 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the Public Road leading to Ghatkoper Station, on or towards the West by a passage lying between plots bearing Survey No. 79 and 77 on or towards the North by the land belonging to Phirozshaw Jamsedji Commissariatwala being another portion of the plot bearing Survey No. 77 and on or towards the South by the land forming a portion of the said plot No. 77 and now belonging to Nathu Oomersey.

P. S.—The Bungalow is a one storied structure and has on each floor one Drawing room, 4 bed rooms, bath room, verandah on each side.

One chawl out of the 4, has 6 double tenement rooms.

Besides there is a pucca built well in the compound, large fountain, stable and pucca built wall for the compound.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had of Messrs. Thakordas and Co. Attorneys for the owner at their office at 32/34 Ghoga Street, or of the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers

BENNETT & CO.
120. Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF 158 BAGS WHEAT.
Suit No. 2541 of 1920.
G. I. P. Rly. Co. vs. Hardayalmal Beharilal and others.

Under instructions from Messrs. Little and Co., Attorneys for the G. I. P. Rly. Co., and pursuant to the order passed by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kajiji in the above suit, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 22nd instant, sell by Public Auction, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Wadi Bunder, G. I. P. Rly. Goods Depot, Shed No. 8, Section 77B, the following:—
158 bags of Wheat.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

MESSRS MENESSE & CO.
No. 35, Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4079.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed cargoes of the Bombay Port Trust Docks.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1875, and as from time to time amended and undr instructions from the Bombay Port Trust Docks, Manager Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th September 1921 at 2 p.m. at the Sale Warehouse Alexandra Dock, opposite No. 1 Shed, the following goods:—
Pieces of Iron joint, mustard, Tumbler switches, Corks, Samples of Jewellery, Nuts, Belts, Stationry, Cigarettes Motor Cycle, Brandy, bleaching powder, window glass, calendar, casting, B. Varnish, Paints Coir Yarn, Whisky, Spirit Water, Chemicals Copper Sheets, Venigar, Confectionry, Preserves, Robbins, Copra, Medicine, Wheat, Silk Ribbons, C. Pipes, Steel Plates, Crucibles, Sugar Samples, Printed Forms, C. I. Trap bands, Nachka Salt, Personal Effects, Hosiery, Bars, China Clay, Oil, Coal Tar, Loose Pipes, Hospital Sundries, Gunnies.

Also
On WEDNESDAY, 21st September, 1921, at 3 p.m. Sand Wharf, Darukhana Mazagon. 1 Lot Loose Old Timber.

AUCTION SALE OF SCRAP IRON.

OLD TANKS; OLD PIPES, EMPTY DRUMS CASES AND CASKS, OLD WIRE ROPE; GALV. IRON, OLD LINEN OLD BOILER TUBES, MACHINERY PIECES ETC., ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 19th Sept 1921, at 2-30 p.m. S.T.) at the P and O Dockyard Mazagaon the abovementioned goods:—

Purchasers will have to pay whatever Customs duty, etc., that may be due on goods.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

SALE OF GOVERNMENT SURPLUS MEDICAL STORES.

By order of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, by order of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th September, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Surplus Government, Stores Depot in Barracks Master's Office opposite Colaba Old Station, the following:

Spanner batteries, switch board, white mul, tags of gas poison, cases for water testing poison, a large lot of iodine powder in tubes, jackonet thermo flasks, stelbes copes, spirit lamps, chlorsform bottles, chloride of lime cases, and other medical, electrical and surplus stores.

Cash will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the buyers and goods removed immediately after the sale is over.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 21st September, 1921, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their Sale rooms the following:—

By order of the Bank concerned.
1 case 100 electric motor cycle lamps, 1 Potatoe reaper (without shafts).
40 cases provision of Messrs. John Moir and Son Ltd consisting of strawberry, raspberry, marmlade Black current, apricot, jams arstorted jelly, pickles and soup creams, malt vinegar and red harrings.
By order of the Bank concerned:—
3 cases each containing 1 "Francis-Barnett" motor cycle 2 3/4 H. P. Jap Model.
1 case watch springs.
1 case stump puller.
1 case brass eyelets and rings about 400 gross No. 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30.
By order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Shivji & Co., of Bhaji Pala Lane.
2 parcels perfume spirits: Rose, Carmey, Chypre and White Rose.
By order of the Bank concerned.
10 bundles sticks.
4 cases Orange yellow, scarlets and red colour.
By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Abdulla Haji Sallehmomad of Carnac Road (goods bought on 24th August 21)
1 case 18 boxes 38 pieces Swiss embroidery.
By order of the concerned.
Bales s. h. Clothings and 1 lot about 2,000 flannels trousers.

The Auction takes place on Monday, 19th instant at 10 a.m.

SALE BY ORDER OF THE CONTROLLER (SALES) SURPLUS GOVERNMENT STORES.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will by order of the Controller (Sales), Surplus Government Stores, sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 19th September, 1921, at 10 a.m. S. T. at the Government Stores Depot, Hajee Bunder, Sewree, Government Surplus Stores consisting of large lot of hardware, leather goods, tools and other surplus stores.

A deposit of 25 per cent. or cash if required shall be paid at the time of knocking the lot to the buyer and the balance shall be paid within seven days and the goods removed within 14 days from the date of sale.

Goods not removed within 14 days from the day of sale will be sold off on account and at the risk of the buyers without giving them any further notice.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 19th September, 1921.

A Few of our Rates:—
SUITS, SILK, CLEANING Rs 2/& 2/8 each
„ CASHMERE „ Rs.2/8&3/8 each
Jaim nd Jubilee W shing Co.
DRY, FRENCH & CHEMICAL CLEANERS
Hamam Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

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Being indispensable to Accountancy Students and others desirous to know the requirements of Accountancy Profession in India, you should own a copy at once. Pages 268.

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Apply S. A. SHARANGDHAR, 79, Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

TO BACTERIOLOGIST AND SURGEONS.

We have just received for sale, Microscope with oil emersion, High pressure stir ruliser Incubators, gas and electric, beakers, test tubes, Ampoules, and glasswares for laboratory fittings, Hypodermic syringes, all glass and Record available.

Please apply for further particulars,
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DO YOU WANT HEALTH!
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the World's Greatest Drugless Remedy for All Diseases.
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Cures Constipation, and all other diseases etc.
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SOLE AGENT:
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Health Culture Depot. Santa Cruz.
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24 SPECIAL LINES JUST RECEIVED ALL MADE IN INDIA.

SUPER-FINE MULL SARIES in dainty Printed effect 5 yards long Rs. 6-4, 9 yards long Rs. 11-12.
ART-SILK SARIES in plain shades with embroidered borders 5 yards Rs. 22-8, 6 yards Rs. 27-8, 9 yards Rs. 39-8.
PRINTED KHADI SARIES very durable 5 and 6 yards long Rs. 7-8 and 8-8 each.
GENTS. H. S. WHITE HANDKERCHIEFS superior quality Rs. 4-4, 5, 5-12 per dozen.
FINE LAWN HANDKERCHIEFS with plain, coloured or printed borders Rs. 6-6 per dozen.
H. S. ART-SILK HANDKERCHIEFS in plain white and coloured with printed effects. Rs. 2-4 and 3 each.
GENT'S HANDKERCHIEF NECK TIES of Art Silk in Grey & Dark shadings with various woven designs only Rs. 1-8 each.
ART-SILK FOLDING CAPS in Black and Black with coloured embroidery. Rs. 1-6 and 1-12 each.
SUPERFINE 'RAM KRISHNA' DHOTIES from 6 yards to 11 yards per pair. Large range of qualities to choose from
SERVICEABLE BUSINESS SHIRTS White Ground with neat single and double Helio, Blue, Black or Green stripes (with or without Collars) Rs. 2-4, 2-8 and 3-8 each.
BEST QUALITY BLEACHED KHADI SUITING & SHIRTING from Ans. 11 to 15 per yard.
PRINTED KHADI FOR CHHOLIES, BLOUSES & FROCKS, from Ans. 11 to 13 per yard.

BLACK AND NAVY BLUE SERGES, suitable for suits, Long Coats or Costume. Ranging from Rs. 5-12 to 17-12 per yd.
SILK FINISH TUSSORES for smart suits 27" wide in 3 shades of cream only Rs. 2-14 per yard.
ALL WOOL TWEEDS (DONEGAL-EFFECTS) for Suits and Sports Coats only Rs. 5-8 per yard.
SMART HERRING-BONE TWEED SUITINGS for stylish wear only Rs. 7 per yard.
WHITE ART SILK TEA-POY COVERS with various printed borders 33x33 Rs. 4-12. 46x46 Rs. 6-12 each.
PRINTED COTTON TEA POY COVERS assorted patterns very dainty. Only Rs. 1-15 each.
ART SILK WADDED BED QUILTS in effective combination shades of purple and black, purple and blue, cherry and black, fawn and blue and green and cherry. Rs. 42 and 45 each.
CHILDREN'S ALL WOOL COT BLANKETS coloured border 30"x45" Rs. 3-12 each.
COTTON MOLLETON BLANKETS in DK Green, Purple and Brown with printed borders 56x100 Rs. 4-4 each.
WHITE ALL WOOL BLANKETS light but warm from Rs. 13-8 to 27 each.
GREY AND SCARLET ALL WOOL BLANKETS warm and durable from Rs. 7-8 to 13-8 each
ALL WOOL TRAVELLING RUGS in plain, fawn, smart checks and with coloured borders from Rs. 10-12 to 29-8 each.

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PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY. BRANCHES EVERYWHERE.

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THE MAJESTIC

ONE WEEK MORE
ONE WEEK MORE

THE KOHINOOR PHOTO-PLAY.

Shree Krishna Maya
Shree Krishna Maya
Shree Krishna Maya
Shree Krishna Maya

Maya's all-pervading power, its various phases which baffle even the sages and the saints. Sudama's vain boast of his being free from Maya and how he was humbled. Sudama's experience of new matrimonial life of seven years' in a twinkling of an eye are depicted in a manner to win encomiums from all.

Shows at 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30
PRICES AS USUAL.

YET ANOTHER INDIAN MYTHOLOGICAL PICTURE!

To-night—and This Week—Messrs, K.D. and Brothers present

"BHASMASOOR MOHINI"

A glorious Swadeshi Monumental Photo-drama by the Hindoostan Film Mfg. Coy.

The Programe comprises also three fresh episodes of our current serial.

"THE CARTER CASE"

Featuring Herbert Rawlinson and Margaret Marsh

SOMETHING CHOPPY!—Are you a Racegoing man?

We shall be sereening from To-day a Special Film taken on the spot of

WESTERN INDIA STAKE

run at Poona on Saturday 17th Inst.

Four Shows To-day; at 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45; & 10 30 p.m. (S.T.)

GLOBE CINEMA

(Sandhurst Road)

IMPERIAL

TO-NIGHT
A PATHE SERIAL
CHARLES HUTCHISON
IN
"DOUBLE ADVENTURE."

The most daring stunts artist in the world!
In the most sensational serial ever screened!

THIS WEEK 3 EPISODES.
pisode 3. HEART OF STONE.
,, 4. THE GUN RUNNER.
,, 5. THE REBEL'S NEST.

ASTOUNDING THRILLS! AMAZING STUNTS!
SECOND WEEK.

PATHE GAZETTE
Latest News

TIME
Daily 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m.
Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5. m.
Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15 p. m.
PRICES AS USUAL
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

AMUSEMENTS

THE EMPIRE

Direction: Madan Theatres, Ld.

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

ANITA STEWART
ANITA STEWART
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In a Drama of Stage Life

"MIND THE PAINT GIRL"
"MIND THE PAINT GIRL"
"MIND THE PAINT GIRL"

Adapted from the famous stage play by Sir Arthur Wing Pinero.

THE EMPRESS

To-day at 6-30; 8-15 and 10 p.m.

"ATLAS"

The Tale of a Child Adopted by Indians.

ARE RUBIES UNLUCKY?

This child had tied to her waist at birth a ruby broken from a necklace.

MYSTERY AND INTRIGUE.

A Baffling Photo Play of complex situations and Vivid Interest,

TO-NIGHT

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present the second Picture of their "Biggest Seven" Series

The sweetest and the daintiest story ever filmed, with the sweetest and the daintiest Cinema Star you have ever met.

SPLENDID PHOTOGRAPHY, SUPERB ACTING AND CHARMING SETTINGS.

"Nurse Marjorie"

(6 reels —6000 feet)

He was an Idol of Labour.—She was the Flower of Great Britain's Peerage. Cate threw them together in the melting pot. She nursed him; he adored her. She tested his Love even in the slums of the Fish Market; he came out victorious—recovered from his "Moral Squaint!"

SOMETHING CHOPPY!—Are you a Racegoing Man?

We shall be Screening from To-day Special Film, taken on the spot of

Western India Stake

run at Poona on Saturday 17th Inst

A COMEDY IN THE PROGRAMME

Four shows to-day 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p.m. (S T.)

West-End Cinema

(New Churney Road)

Complimentary Passes are NOT allowed during this Week and the next five Weeks.

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OPEN LETTER.

TO

THE THAKUR SAHEB OF MORVI.

III.

Sir,—Since I addressed my last letter to you, three events have happened, which cannot pass unnoticed:—

(1) The defence of your administration by Mr. T. M. Master.

(2) Your surprise visit to Bombay, and

(3) Sir Beamon's appointment as Adviser of your State.

1. Now Mr. Master's lame defence weakens your case completely. More so, when it is known that he is the very Courtier who tried to justify your twelfth marriage at the age of 64 with a bride of 16. Who has forgotten the volleys of condemnation direced agains you by Social Reformers and Rational Thinkers at the time of your wedding? And yet, your Courtiers and Sycophants sang of your greatness and glory as though you had achieved some victory!

2. Your visit to Bombay was simply surprising. More so, the cold and placid reception given to you by your subjects here, though you visited this city after a very long time! There were no addresses, no evening parties, no at-homes in your honour, and you too very wisely abstained from entertaining and feasting your friends and flatterers!

3. The appointment of Sir Frank Beamon is rather significant, as it indicates one thing clearly, that *you are advised to revise your policy and retrace your steps.*

YOUR GROWING INFIRMITY.

Reports are pouring into the city that the Thakore Saheb's vision is getting so defective, that he is not able to peruse, without great strain, important and urgent state papers. This is indeed very regrettable. It is further said, that your hearing is also affected, and in consequence confidential talks cannot be conveniently had. Some of your subjects speak feelingly ofyour feeble health; and all these facts go to show that age and state work are telling on your health, and that you need complete rest for some time. It is a mater of some satisfation to us to know that you have been advised to go for a long change to England to receive expert treatin that country; and that you intend to leave your Prince and Sir Frank Beamon in charge of the Administration. Your subjects will no doubt hail the entry of the Prince in the Sate after fortyfive years! And they will further rejoice to see him at the head of the administration during your absence in England. It is some consolation, that the rights of the Crown Prince are recognised even after thirty long years!

DEWANS OLD AND NEW.

But before you leave your State, you should set your house in order. Time there was, when Morvi boasted of splendid Dewans. You had Mr. Amarchand Duftary, a capital Dewan, who commanded the respect of the Rulers and the Ruled. You had Mr. Morarji Mangalji of Rajkot, who made his mark as a sound lawyer and statesman. There was Mr. Goculdas Rajpal, who though an Engineer proved himself a very useful Dewan, even his ancestors had served the State able Dewans particularly Mr. Yirchand bhai, who was the Dewan of your noble father, the Great Rawaji Raj. To-day you have put in their place juvenile, untained, inexperienced Dewans, with the result that your administration is going from bad to worse

JERRICO JUDICIARY!

Even our Judiciary has got the same infection!. It is said that!

1. There is an Appeal Court Judge, who is a bare matriculate, without any adequate knowledge of Law!
2. There is a Judicial Assistant, who has been sacked several times and is re-instated! He has the reputation of being known as Justice Jeffreys!
3. A. school master at 50 is promoted as a Civil Judge.
4. A First Class Magistrate is said to be twice dismissed and yet serving at the age of Sixty!
5. Al l these high officers are fast advancing in age, and their salaries range from Rs. 40 to Rs. 75 per cent!

Thakore Saheb, how do you expect these officials to retain their position, their independence and to make even a decent living with their family? Can parsimony and short-sightedness go any further?

PRUSSIAN POLICY.

Thakoreji, your poice is veritably Prussian, perhaps much worse! Your Police Commissioner, besides being a Police Officer, acts as Revenue Commissioner and further as a Public Prosecutor! He is therefore the terror of the town:—One in trinity, and the trinity in one! He is, besides this, given the power of Summary Trials, with which only the First Class Magistrates are empowered! And he has the futher option of havng his own choice office staff! Hence the people have little hope of redress of of escape. If a man has incurred any official displeasure, he is doomed! The Commissioner sends for him; as Public Prosecutor he prosecutes the man, and if need be, he assumes the powers of the Magistrate, tries him summarily, and sends him away for compursory vest of weeks or months as the case may be! Similarly with the Agriculturist, the trader, the licensee and the any longer? If Prussianism is broken rest, the commissioner is the issuer warrants, is the Public Prosecutor and is the Emergency Magistrate all combined! Thakoreji, can this state of affairs go on any onger? If Prussianism is broken down, if lezardom has ended, can this Morvism survive any longer?

LOOTING LAND POLICY.

Let me say, Thakoreji, that your Land Policy is simply oppressive, and is daily impoverishing your poor agriculturists. It is no exaggeration to say that it is the most severe, the most exacting and the most squeezing policy pursued in the whole province of Kathiawad. The agriculturist is asked to pay half of the gross produce to the Sate not in kind, but in Coin. Even this is to be paid not by the farmers themselves, but by the Merchants, who are bound to render to the State a true and correct account of all their purchases from the respective farmers! And all the expenses of transport, weighment are to be borne by the farmers! Hence the poor farmer does not get even half of annual produce for himself and his family, and yet, Thakoreji, you claim to be the Bawaji of the People! Even you do not spare the Barbers, the Datan sellers, and dealers in Dalias and beatle leaves! Thakoreji, I am constrained to write further.

CRUSHNG BHAYAT POLICY.

Thakoreji, your dealings with the Bhayats, your own kith and kin, your own relations by blood, are simply shocking! Their cases remain pending in Courts for years! Their lands are taken over by your State from the handsH of Mortgagees! Heavy rates of interest are charged! And they are reduced to straitened circumstances! Why was Jedeja Dipsinji's estate confiscated? Why has he been refused justice for 30 years? Is he not living like a refugee in a neighbouring state? What of any funds of his father? Was not his brother Shivsinhji detained at Morvi for 18 months? When is Jadeja going to get justice? Thakoreji, there are many other cases of the kind; but I point out this striking one, in the hope that you may.

NOW BEWARE AND REFORM!

For, believe me, Thakoreji, your people are reducing in numbers, they are fast getting impoverished, they are quite dissatisfied, though they dare not say it. Any as regards.

(1) The Leaders, they are watching your administrations minutely;
(2) Your neighbouring Chiefs are pointing out your example to prove their slight improvements;
(3) The Agency is keeping a close eye, for it has its responsibilities to answer;
(4) Poona is perceiving and pondering;
(5) And Simla is sifting; so, Thakoreji, pray beware and reform. Delaay is dangerous for all concerned. Thakoreji, awake and be doing.

In my subsequent letters, I hope to deal with your varied Investments, your heavy commitments, the huge losses thereon, the recent loan of several lacs from a Local Bank at an abnormally heavy rate of interest and other financial manouvers etc etc—Yours, etc.

BARJORJEE FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

WANTED A LIST OF MORVI'S CREDITORS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Allow me to congratulate you your crusade against Morvi. Myself rather my firm-then Messrs. Valabhda Runchordas & Co., being sufferers. I have enjoyed your writings and are still the most obedients creditors of the Thakore Sahib of Morvi, whom we supplied with Gramophone and records years back for which we are still waiting to be paid. The object of writing this is to suggest to you the compilation of a list of creditors and if yo accept it you will have quite a long list. It is the policy of the Government India that protects Princes by not givin permission to the creditors to sue ther that is responsible for Princes buying a not paying exceptly refusal, and in this policy is not the "protector" responsible for the conduct of its protege. If Thankore Saheb of Morvi has forgotten our address and still wants to pay let him know by these presents that it is 70 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, British India.—Yours, etc.

LAXMIDAS ROWJI THAIRSEE.
Partner Valabhdas Runchordas & Co
Bombay, Sept. 15.

EAST AFRICA SITUATION SERIOUS.

MR. ANDREWS ARRIVES IN BOMBAY ON 19TH.

SANTINIKETAN, Sept. 17.

Mr. C. F. Andrews reaches Bombay on his way to East Africa on Monday, September 19th and leaves Bombay by the S. S. "Karoa" on Wednesday, September 21st. He will be staying at Mouth Petit Pedder Road. It will be impossible for him to undertake any public speaking during his stay, as his health has not yet sufficiently recovered.

Further cables received from East Africa show with what seriousness the situation is viewed by the Indian leaders and also the anxiety with which they are awaiting Mr. Andrew's arrival. He hopes to reach Mombassa before the end of September.

MR. "PUSSYFOOT" AT LAHORE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Sept. 16.

Mr. "Pussyfoot" Johnson arrived in Lahore to-day and was given enthusiastic reception at the railway station by prominent citizens of Lahore. In the afternoon, the Social Committee of the Lahore Young Men's Christian Association gave a garden party in honour of Mr. Johnson, after which there was a public lecture by Mr. "Pussyfoot" in the Forman Christian College Hall, where he delivered a long speech, detailing how the drink was prohibited in America, and how this was an evil and a curse and should be eradicated from all countries of the world by means of legislation, by stopping the source of supply of drink and abolishing the drink shops.

FALSE ALLEGATION AGAINST KHILAFAT VOLUNTEERS.

The Superintendent, Central Khilafat Committee of India, Bombay writes to us under date September 17:—The "Advocate" of 16th issue while giving details of Maulana Shaukat Ali's arrest says that some Khilafat Volunteers went round and forced the Mohamedan shopkeepers at Ripon Road to close the shops and held up the Tram car Traffic in the locality for about half an hour. I take this opportunity to announce that the allegation made by the "Advocate" against the Khilafat volunteers is absolutely false. The Khilafat volunteers on the contrary under Messrs. Mohamed Alam, Kasim Khan, Sheikh Hussain, and M. H. Kureshi Fateh Mohamed played a conspicuous part in maintaining peace and order in the town particularly in Bhindi Bazar where a large crowd of people had gatherd. No Khilafat volunteer was posted at Ripon Road, and I can not understand what the "Advocate" means by making a disgraceful and false remark in its columns without ascertaining the facts. I hope you would kindly publish this letter in order to refute what the "Advocate" had the audacity to ventilate.

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No 108 ,, Rs 25 each

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SAFES AND LOCKS

During the last Disastrous fire in the Mulji Jetha Market. Only India Safe Manufacturing Co.'s Safes remained intact.

Our Safes are being used by the following well-known firms, etc.,

THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Messrs. Lawrence and Mayo, Ltd (Simla) Messrs. S. Gabagan & Co. Messrs Khatao Makenji & Co. Nasarwanji B Karani, Esqr., (Partner of Messrs. Batliwala and Karani, Share and Stock Brokers.

Soliciting inquiries and orders.

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Show Room —290, Shaik Memon Street
Near Mulji Jetha Market
Factory:—Jacob's Circle, Clerk Road
Near Simplex Mills BOMBAY.

A KERALA NON-COOPERATOR CHARGED WITH SEDITION.

(From a Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Sept. 15.

At last the long threatened arrest of Moidoo Moulvi came up at 11 this morning. He is one of the very few Moulvis Malabar working for Khilafat and non cooperation. From the time of the arrest of Mr. Yakub Hussan and others he worked almost alone and stands credited with organising more than 60 committees now existing in Kerala. He was warned by the authorities more than once to refrain from working for Islam and India. Being a true Mussulman he refused to be cowed down. Now he stands charged with S. 124A. and 153A. I. P. C.

FINAL FORECAST OF JUTE CROP.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16.

The final forecast of jute crop in the remaining districts of Bengal and nine districts in Assam are out. The district figures in three provinces show a deficit both in acreage and yield. This year's estimated area under jute in three provinces is 15,03,358 acres or a deficit of 9,35,423 from last year, and estimated yield is 39,55,106 bales of 400 pounds each, or a deficit of 13,60,609 bales.

MILLS OPERATIVES STRIKE.

Yesterday at about 9 a.m. the workmen of Alliance Mills situate at Tardeo, struck work and they were soon joined by men of the adjoining mill called Motilal Petty Mill. The Manekji Petit Mill as well as Jinraj Babu Mill being in close proximity, the management saw the danger of keeping the mills working, and promptly closed them. The Police were communicated with at once, but before any harm could be done order was restored.

At about the same time men of the Kastoorchand Mill at Dadar struck work and left the mill in a body. The police did not allow them to congregate and dispersed them promptly.

A Visit Is Sufficient.

To cause that delightfull feeling and to create that rosy mood in you after your tiresome botheration of work. You will forget all your cares and worries when at,

THE ALEXANDRA

A new picture palace, splendidly situated with all the modern comforts and convenience, soft cushions and cool surrounding,

BELASIS ROAD.

A few minutes from the Parsi Statue

Look out for The Opening Night

FRESH STOCK OF WATERPROOF HOOD CLOTH AND REXINE has just arrived. For Rates and Samples write to:—

H. A. KADIR & Co.

Telegrams:—"MOTORSTORE." Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

Suppliers of NEW A. C. & D. C. Electric Motors and Dynamos, Standard Voltage, always IN STOCK up to 100 H. P. *wiring and installations undertaken.* Also Hand and Power Pumps for TOTAL HEADS UPTO 200 ft. *Prices defy competition.*

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from any trouble, Cataract, Glaoca, Iritis Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc., by our LOTUS HONEY. Safe remedy of nature, 1 dram Re. 1-8, 2 dram Re. 4 Postage Extra. Ask for Free particulars to.

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal.

Rep. B. 842

FRESH STOCK

Received of Primus and Optimus Stoves Dr. Mallick's Patent IoMio cookers. Criterion and Enamelled 1, 2, 3, 4 wick Stoves, Electric Stoves and Irons. Repairs of all kinds of Stoves and lamps undertaken.

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No. 1 Morality and the Prevention of Venereal Diseases.

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Girgaum Road, BOMBAY, No. 4.

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THE SON OF TARZAN

THE WORLD'S WONDER JUNGLE SERIAL

Would you fight if your sweetheart was being kidnapped by an Ape?

The Son of Tarzan Did.

See it at the

AND AT THE EMPRESS

Coming!

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Sept. 17.

In accordance with 64 points lower reported in New Yark futures to-day the Marwari Bazar opened at Rs. 493 for Fully Good M. G. Broach April-May and after touching Rs. 496 gradually declined till Rs. 478 the rate at 3 p.m., being Rs. 481. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 475. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 473 and closed at Rs. 478½. Fine M. G. Oomra September was Rs. 488. Fine M. G. Oomra December-January was Rs. 424 F. G. M. G. Bengal December-January was quoted at Rs. 365.

Our market far ready cotton shows to-day a bit quiet feelng owing to continued decline advised from America. We advise our friends to sell their ready stock at present prices.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Bombay, Sept. 17.

Fully Good Broach April-May	.....	478½
" " Bengal September	.....	364
Fine M. G. Oomra September	.....	490
" " " Decr.-Janr.	...	419

RECEIPTS

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m., 16th September, 1921.

Cotton	11413	Bales.
Wheat	1127	Cwts.
Linseed	4239	"
Rapseed	Nil	"
Gingellyseed	Nil	"
Popyseed	369	"
Groundnuts	941	"
Casterseed	787	"
Rice	21397	"
Myrabollams	Nil	"
Cottonseed	2559	"
Mowraseed	Nil	"
Gram	Nil	"
Jawar	1711	"
Masur	Nil	"
Barley	Nli	"
Bajra	2964	"
Coal	5957	Tons.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Sept. 17.

BULLION.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 30-2-0.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 29-5-0.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 93-15-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 93-15-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 93-12-0.

EXCHANGE.

On London Bank's selling T. T. 1/5 3/16.
On London Bank's selling D. D. 1/5¼.
On London Bank's buying T. T. 1/5¼.
On London Bank's buying D. D. 1/5 5/16.
Tone of Exchange steady to firm.
On Paris Exchange selling D. D. Frcs. 365.
On Paris Exchange buying 3 M/st D. A. Frcs. 395.
On Paris Exchange buying D. D. Frcs. 385.
On Japan Exchange selling T. T. Rs. 181.
On Japan Exchange buying 60 D/st D. P. Rs. 174.
On Hongkong Exchange selling D. D. Rs. 197.
On Shanghai Exchange selling D. D. Rs. 277.
On Singapore Exchange selling D. D. Rs. 163½.
On New York Exchange selling D. D. Rs. 384.
London Gold per Oz. sh. 110-10.
London Silver ready Oz. 39½.
London Silver forward 39¾.
Tone of Silver China and India bought uncertain.
American Cross rate dollar 3.70¼.
Paris Cross rate Frcs. 53.
Italian Cross rate 87.90.
Swiss Cross rate 21.50.
German Cross rate Mrks. 397.
Belgium Cross rate Frcs. 53.40.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan due 1929—47 84.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1922 100-4.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 76.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 97.
3½ per cent. Paper 59-4.
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 65.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930 96.
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 65.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 96.
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65.

D·LY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 17th September 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and at Rawalpindi humidity is in excess. Night temperature is higher than usual at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Rampur reports 0.01in and Jhansi 0.10in of rain. Skies are clear or lightly clouded and at Jhansi humidity is in excess. Day temperature is lower than usual in the west of the division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu reports 0.10in of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and north Rajputana and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Bikaner and Jodhpur and day temperature is lower than usual at Jacobabad and Mount Abu.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.20in of rain and Indore 0.01in. Skies are moderately clouded and humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rain has fallen locally; Saugor reports 0.43in., Nagpur 1.23in, Chanda 0.32in and Raipur 0.41in. Skies are moderately clouded and at Chanda humidity is in excess. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general. Bombay reports 1.0 in., Ratnagiri 1.38in and Mormugao 0.60in. Skies are overcast and at Bombay day temperature is lower than usual.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad. There has been nearly general rain in the south Bombay Deccan and east Hyderabad and a few falls have occurred in the north Bombay Deccan. Malegaon reports 0.13in., Sholapur 0.27in., Bijapur 0.10in., Hyderabad 0.40in., and Nizamabad 1.21in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Sholapur and Nizamabad humidity is in excess. Day temperature is lower than usual in east Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—The depression from the Bay of Bengal has probably developed into a storm and is affecting the weather in the northeast of the Peninsula. Rain has increased in the Deccan and Hyderabad. It has been nearly general in the Konkan, the south Bombay Deccan, east Hyderabad and on the north Madras coast and local in Malabar, the Central Provinces, Central India West and the United Provinces. A few falls have occurred in the north Bombay Deccan, south Gujarat and southwest Rajputana. Masulipatam reports a heavy fall of 3.00in., other falls exceeding an inch being 1.38in at Ratnagiri, 1.01in., at Bombay, 1.21in at Nizamabad and 1.26in at Nagpur.

Forecast—Rain is likely to be nearly general in the Konkan, the Deccan, Hyderabad, the south Central Provinces and on the north Madras coast and local in Malabar, south Gujarat, the north Central Provinces and Central India West with a few falls in the United Provinces and Mysore. A further increase of rain is probable in Hyderabad and the Deccan.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 16th September 1921.

The depression in the Bay is nearly stationary and probably developing into a storm off the Ganjam coast. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Orissa, the Konkan and on the Madras coast, and local in the east United Provinces, the east Central Provinces, Malabar, Hyderabad and Coorg. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the west United Provinces, the east and north Punjab, Gujarat, the west Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Rangoon one inch; Balasors, Mussoorie one and a half; Dehra Dun two; Pachmarhi one and... Gopalpur two.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 16.

S S St. Augustine Abbey, Cotter, Hamburg
S S Aras, Hunsing, Abadan.

Sept. 17.

S S Cape Cross, McKee, Blyth.
S S Ahmedi, Cunningham, Busrah.
S S Chakla Fitt, Karachi.
S S Tremayne, Gibson, Madras.
S S Garada Poch, Sourabaya.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 17.

S S Purpura, Hay, Singapore.
S S Chenab, Dorman, Calcutta.
S S Plassey, Collyer, London.
S S Varela, Cammack, Busrah.
S S Comeric, Blackmore, Calcutta.
S S Simla, Neilson, Colombo.
S S Surada, Brooks, Rangoon.

Sept. 9.

S S Etna Maru, Hanoda, Singapore.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances on Saturday—

S S Dunera, Walker, China and Japan
S S Hakata Maru, Tamioka, China and Japan.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday:—

Steamer Cracovia for Genoa Trieste etc.
Steamer Leeds City for New York etc.
Steamer Wye Crag for Hull Antwerp etc
Steamer Nour-el-Bahi for Calicut and Cochin.
Steamer Aras for Mahomerah.

S S St. Augustine Abbey:—The steamer St. Augustine Abbey, 3,204 tons, Captain Cotter, arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday from Hamburg with a general cargo.

S S Aras:—Shaw Wallace and Co's steamer Aras, 2,071 tons, Captain Hunsing arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday from Abadan with a cargo of oil.

S S Cape Cross:—The steamer Cape Cross 2,595 tons, Captain McKee arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Blyth with a cargo of coal.

S S Ahmedi: Turner Morrison and Co's steamer Ahmedi 1,331 tons, Captain Cunningham arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Busreh with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Chakla:—The B I S N Co's Karachi mail steamer Chakla, 1,727 tons, Captain Fitt arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Karachi with mail general cargo and passengers.

S S Garada:—The B I S N Company's steamer Garada, 3,218 tons, Captain Poch arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Sourabaya with a cargo of sugar.

S S Plassey:—The P and O. S N Co's mail steamer Plassey 4,576 tons, Captain Collyer sailed on Saturday for London with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Varela:—The B I S N Company's steamer Varela, 1,931 tons, Captain Cammack sailed on Saturday for Busrah with general cargo and passengers.

S S Surada:—The B I S N Company's steamer Surada 3,381 tons, Captain Brooks sailed on Saturday for Rangoon etc. with general cargo and passengers.

S S Simla:—The P and O. Company's steamer Simla, 3,810 tons, Captain Neilson sailed on Saturday for Colombo with same bottom cargo.

S S Etna Maru:—The steamer Etna Maru, 5,199 tons, Captain Hanoda sailed on Sunday ofr Singapore with ballast.

S S Dunera:—The P and O Company's China mail steamer Dunera 3,419 tons, Captain Walker will sail today for China and Japan with a general cargo and passengers.

IMPORTS

Sept. 17.

S S Dunera from China Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co—218 cases silk goods; 813 bales raw silk; 2333 cases tea; 7 packages black tea; 4 tins lubricating oil; 37 drums lubricating oil; 6 barrels lubricating oil; 36 bags green tea; 22 cases green tea; 3568 h/c green tea; 6 cases seals; 800 bags millet; 263 bags green pices; 150 bags sugar candy; 28 bundles sugar candy; 10 cases coloured paper; 40 coils rope; 2237 cases fire cracker; 100 bags refined sugar; 10 cases camphor; 345 bundles rattons; 302 bags tapica flour; 112 bundles gum; 200 cases cassia; 1386 bags sago flour; 92 bags betelnuts; 371 cases glass bangles.

S S Purpura from Singapur Agents W A Graham and Co—3000 tons liquid fuel in bulk.

S S Nurani from Jedda Agents Bombay Persia Steam N Co—6 cases specie.

S S Naderi, from Calcutta Agents Bombay Persia Steam N Co—5174 tons coal.

EXPORTS.

Sept. 17.

S S Plassy for London 151 cwts cloves R L Sanjan and Co.

S S Soudan for London—10 bundles lambskin Ahmed Sait Ahmed and Co; 1 bundle cotton carpet Ahmed Said Ahmed and Co; 96 cwts mulchey E Nowrojee.

S S Soudan for Antwerp—1180 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Soudan for Ghent—1828 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 330 bales cotton Merji Nensey and Co.

S S Scindia for Liverpool—100 bales cotton Rallı Bros; 500 bales cotton waste C Peeraj and Co; 402 bales cotton waste B Meyer and Co; 40 bales wool A Allmanolied and Co; 27 bales wool Bombay Company.

S S Scindia for Marseilles—184 bales cotton B Meyer and Co; 56 bales cotton Rallı Bros;

S S Scindia for Glasgow—4 cwt snooks and hoops S S Alfranda and Co.

S S Circovia for Triest—6006 cwts rapeseed Societa Granaria Italiana; 715 bales cotton K H Kayani and Co; 1525 bales cotton K M Nathoo and Co.

S S Circovia for Venice—200 bales cotton M Amersey and Co; 300 bales cotton Devchand Kilchand; 250 bales cotton K M Nathoo and Co.

S S Trowugne for Antwerp 1000 tons manganese ore Turner Morrison and Co; 1250 tons manganese ore Shwrajpur Syndicate.

S S Trowugne for Hamburg—220 bales cotton K M Nathoo.

S S Trowugne for Genoa—2000 cwts rapeseed Volkart Bros; 500 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Wye Crag for Hamburg—1500 tons manganese ore King King and Co

S Leeds City for New York—125 bales lamb skins Cox and Co; 1 bale w carpet Cutts and Co; 4,000 cwts castorseed Volkart Bros; 2000 cwts myrabollams B Danjee and Co.

S S Dunera for Hongkong—36 bales cotton twist I David and Co; 1 bale c carpet G Ramchand; 17 bales cotton Gobai Karanjia & Co.

S S Siagaon Maru for Kobe—4 bales cotton Toyo Menka Kaisha; 500 bales cotton Nanlal Manilal; 40 cwts c roots F K N Miani.

S S Siagaon Maru for Yokohama—40 cwts c roots F K N Miani.

Your Children need this safe Milk

from British-bred Cows

Glaxo is prepared from pure *cow's* milk, made *safe* and comfortably digestible by the Glaxo Process. Little bodies grow plump and rosy on it, and mother is happy in the knowledge that Glaxo is germ-free and that her darlings are safeguarded against diarrhœa and other milk-borne diseases.

Let your Children drink

Glaxo

every day

—and make their milk puddings, bread-and-milk, porridge, etc., with Glaxo!

Glaxo comes to you in powder form, safe from contamination inside an air-tight, sealed tin. You prepare just as much as you require *when* you require it by mixing with *boiling water only.* Mix as "Directions for general use" on Tin, and use as you would ordinary milk for cooking.

PLENTIFUL SUPPLIES OF GLAXO ARE NOW AVAILABLE Through Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., BOMBAY.

Whittle (GENUINE) BELTING.

FOR FANS AND DYNAMOS, Etc.

THIS WHITTLE "V"—SHAPE LEATHER LINK BELT is a combination of Leather and Steel Links, and is so constructed that the surface in contact with the pulley is of leather only, and of large area. In consequence, the WHITTLE belt grips the pulley so tightly that even when slack it will still drive. With all this grip there is not the slightest tendency to jam in the pulley, but the WHITTLE belt leaves it quite freely. A more durable, non-slipping and noiseless belt is hard to find. The Belt without a Fastener.

The bending or internal friction from which most belts suffer is entirely absent in the WHITTLE belt, and loss power is thus absorbed. The WHITTLE belt is not affected by dust or grit, and works equally well wet or dry. *No fastener is required,* as the WHITTLE belt may be pulled apart at any link by unscrewing one screw, and in the same manner shortened. The WHITTLE belts are made from the very best selected leather, and are practically indestructible. IT IS KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

—The Advantages Claimed are—

No belt fastener required.
No belt drill required.
Can be shortened in a minute.
Perfect grip.
Great strength.
Practically indestructible.

Absolute flexibility.
Il drive when Wslack.
S mooth running.
No internal or bending friction.
Not affected by wet or dust.

SIZES AND PRICES:

⅜"	½"	⅝"	¾"	⅞"	1"	1¼"	1½" Thick.
Rs. 3-8,	3-12,	4-4,	5-0,	5-12,	6-4,	6-12,	7-4 Per foot.

SPARE HALF OR SHORT LINKS, for any of the above sizes.

Rs. 1-0,	1-0,	1-0,	1-8,	1-8,	1-8,	1-8,	2-0 each.

N.B.—Buy the genuine, and see each link bears the imprint: "WHITTLE." Any length supplied.

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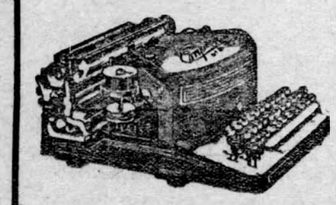
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USE
Batliwalla's Ague Mixture or Pills.
One doze of Mixture or three Ague Pillsf o be taken daily as a preventive and a cure for all sorts of Headaches.
Our Mixture has made a name for the last forty years and it is a positive cure for all kinds of fevers.
Batliwalla's Diarrhœa Mixture is a safe remedy to prevent vomiting, Diarrhœa, Dysentery & even Cholera.
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The London, Eastern & American Trading Co.,
MUMMUM STREET FORT. BOMBAY.

POONA RACES.

2 ND MEETING--1ST DAY

THE COUNT WINS THE 1ST INDIAN DERBY.

BRENDAN, THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES.

A card to satisfy the greatest glutton was served up yesterday when no less than ten events were down for decision. This necessarily necessitated an earlier start than usual resulting in the Bombay contingent by the specials missing the first two races.

These were divisions of the Elgin Plate over a mile, the 3rd section of which started the days proceedings as far as passengers by the specials were concerned. It turned out to be a very fine race as head only separated the first four.

The C. B. race that followed saw Discarded, a hot favourite, finish in the ruck. This aged "Has Been" is in my opinion a tremendously overestimated performer and should be left alone till he comes down a good deal in the weights.

The Turf Club Cup, as I expected, was won by Kusra, Lambert took care this time to see that he was well up at the bend with the result that when he called on Kusra to go he did all that was expected of him. Owing to a tendency to get away slowly Golshan lost considerable ground at the start, otherwise perhaps the result might have been different. As it was he made up ground remarkably and did extremely well in finishing 2nd.

The first Western India Derby Stakes was the next event. Bell Metal and Festivity both got away badly and lost whatever chances they had in the race. This was the second time, J. Flynn's riding a Mr. Gahagn's colours and W Huxley in Mr. Goculdass got away badly, for on Roi Grison and Reciprocity these two were at the tail end of their field as the outcome of bad starts. J. Flynn in particular. I have noticed has been guilty of this shortcoming more than any other rider and I think the Stewards would do well to institute some form of penalty, on the report of the starter, against such slackness, carelessness or "funk" on the part of any one styling himself a jockey. If it was a question of riding or stable boys who were up it would be different, but to prevent any idiot from having himself classed as a jockey he should be made to realise that his failure to give satisfaction will result in not only a loss of his riding fees, but also a substantial fine and a big slice out of any retainer that he is due.

To come back to the Derby. This race it was understood was a classic, based on the English Derby and St. Leger conditions and when the original prospectus was issued broadcast no conditions were mentioned regarding landing allowance or penalty for wins. Allowing that the race programme prospectus refers to a landing allowance. etc., "except where otherwise specified, I maintain that this race comes under the original prospectus issued and as such the conditions under which the race was run should never have been applied. These conditions gave Mr. Goculdas's Bell Metal, a first division horse, 3 lbs. and Mr. Goculdas's Night Bomber and Mr. Langley's Sweet Adare, both 2nd division animals 6 lbs. advantage over Festivity, Pilgrim's Pass and Kilcloon, all of whom are classified as 3rd division.

The actual race proved that none of those taking part are much class at present, when it was left to The Count, a fair moderate 3rd class horse and a sprinter at that, to win.

The Steeplechase, which might have, for the convenience of the Bombay Special people been run earlier, as comparatively little public interest is taken in these events, was won by that consistent performer Daroji who certainly did not win out of his turn.

Brendan showed remarkable improvement in winning the Western India Stakes. Last week, in identical company, with a lb. less, over a distance to his liking and in a miserably slow run race he ran nowhere. To-day at odds of 26½ to 1, against 9 to 1 last week, he makes every post a winning post in the smart timing of 2 min. 8 2/5 sec.

Brendan's example was immediately after emulated by Fratwork. This mare wins at a big price on the 27th August. She goes out twice after that and fails to get even a place. To-day she suddenly breaks out and makes hacks of her field and incidentally pays a better price than she would have done at either of her previous outings.

This certainly looks as if the Stewards should take some steps to deal with such sagacity. Perhaps when this wonderful trait is cultivated to a greater extent we are likely to have a blind tote till all starters are at the gate to prevent these wily brutes from keeping one eye on the machines while they are parading in the paddock or on their way out.

The last event of the day saw the favourite Khaboor winning with plenty to spare. Townsend, also for the second time in the day, got badly away on Lamington

Details:—

THE ELGIN PLATE. Division. I. Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500.

Mr. Frank's MILLMOUNT 9-6 Morris 1
Mr. M C. Patel's PINE TREE 9-2 Harrison 2
T. M. Thaddeus' GOLD REEF 8-13 Barden 3
Mr. T M Thaddeus' Tourney 8-0 J G. Meekings 4

Also Ran:—Much Married 9/12, Archer 9/10, Cracknel 9-6, Japonette 8/12, Glass Rock 8-9, Japanese Pine 8/6, Box O'Tricks 8/1, Birthday Clothes 7/12, Kilcloon 7/12, Kaloolah 7/10, Magical Mike 7/8, Elphene 7/4, Hibernia 7/2.

The Race:—This race was run before the arrival of the Race Special, hence details of the race are not available. Won by a head, ½ length head.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 59-8 for win and Rs. 19-8 Rs. 78 and Rs. 60-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 26 for win and Rs. 10, Rs. 52 and Rs. 25 for places.

Time:—1 min 43 4/5secs.

THE ELGIN PLATE. Div. II. Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500.

Mr. Heath's BLACKWATER 9-8 McPherson 1
H. H. The Maharaja of Cooch Behar's THE LARK 7-12 Ritchie 2
Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's WALHACHIN 8-11 Riley 3
Sirdar Dayal Singh Chhachhi and Mr. U. C. Kohli's Belstead 8-5 Mitchell 4

Also Ran:—Larry Quin 9/8, White Bell 9/4, Penny Pie 9/0, Sandra 8/6, Gavrelle 8/1, Limehous Lights 7/12, Another Night 7/11, Troop Leader 7/7, Substance 7/0.

The Race: For this race as well passengers by the Race Special were not in time.

Won by 2½ lengths, 1 length, short head.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 53-8 for win and Rs. 28-8 Rs. 95 and Rs. 53-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 51 for win and Rs. 15-8 Rs. 34 and Rs. 25-8 for places.

Time.—1 min 44 1/5secs.

THE ELGIN PLATE. Div. III., Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Gold's ECCLESTON 7-12 A T. Harrison 1
Messrs. W King and V J Reed's WARBURTON 7-4 Townsend 2
Mr. Heath's MOSSLEY 9-12 McPherson ... 3
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' Gentle Saxon 8-5 Barden 4

Also Ran:—Reciprocity 9-8, Royal Jewel 9/6, Cahir Lass 9/4, Nerissa 8/13, Princess Ila 8/12, Fashion Plate 8/10, Oregon Pine 8/8, Roi Grison 8/3, Lomond's Pride 7/11, Old Sport 7/10 Miss Glad Eyes 7/2.

The Race: Roi Grison and Reciprocity were badly away. Nerissa at once went to the front with Cahir Lass and the pair led their field to the bend where they were overtaken by Oregon Pine, Eccleston, Gentle Saxon and Royal Jewel. From the distance these placed four made a close race of it Warburton coming just too late to catch Eccleston who won by a head, head head.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 76 for win and Rs. 40-8, Rs. 46 and Rs. 24-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 197-8 for win and Rs. 45 Rs 42-8 and Rs. 12 for places.

Time:—1 44 3/5secs.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Country-breds.

Messrs. W. King and V. J. Reed's TODDY 7-0 cd 7-4 Townsend 1
H H. the Uvaraja of Mysore's BETTER LUCK 8-3 Herbert 2
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore's CUIDON 8-0 A. T. Harrison 3
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysoro's Ma Bap 7-9 Mitchell 4

Also Ran:—Maiden Palm 9-12, Discarded 9/8, Sugar Cane 9/8, Maple 9/1, Shirtaj 8/8, Black Stone 8/2, Black Friar 8/0, Cobble 7/12, Corundum 7/11, Victrix 7/9, Sweet Apple 7/8, Courtier 6/12.

The Race:—Victrix was left and took no part in the race. Shirtaj also lost several lengths at the start. The others got away level and Better Luck followed by Ma Bap, Corundum and Toddy was the order to the bend. Better Luck led the same lot well past the distance where Toddy challenged and wearing down the leaders just got home on the post. Won by a short head, 1/2 length, head.

1stTote Paid Rs. 104/8 for win and Rs. 82 Rs. 36/8 and Rs 99 for places

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 54-8 for win and Rs. 17-8 Rs. 19 and Rs. 48 for places.

Time:—1min, 18 secs.

THE TURF CLUB CUP. Distance 1½ Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 11,250 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 7,500; second, Rs. 2,500; third, Rs. 1,250. A Handicap for Arabs in the 1st and 2nd Division.

The Uvaraja of Kolhapur's KUSRA 7-7 Lambert 1
Mr. M. Shaffi's GOLSHAN 7-13 Townsend 2
Mr. Heath's Dilawar 8-9 McPherson 3
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Tipperary 8-13 Morris 4

Also Ran:—Dartmoor 9/9, Mandil 9/4 Union Jack 8/13, Cessation 8/9, Ferry Boat 8/5, Winning Post 8/2, Portcullis 8/0, Rose Hill 7/12, Hakum 7/12, Desert Flower 7/6, Huntsman 7/6 Brindisi 7/4, Vershan 7/2, Peshwa 6/12.

The Race: From a fair lot off Golshan dwelt and was with the last four when passing the 1½ Mile post. Brindisi, Union Jack, Dilawar, Portcullis and Ferry Boat were the first five with slight changes till they reached the bend. At this stage Golshad was well into the bunch about tenth. As they round the bend Brindisi, Portcullis, Ferry Boat and Union Jack fell back, giving place to Kusra and Tipperary. As they passed the distance post Townsend found an opening on the rails and made a very determined effort and though passing the others could not get on terms with Kusra who won by 3/4 length, 1 length, 1/2 length.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 37-8 for win and Rs. 19-8 Rs. 25-8 and Rs. 19-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs 18-8 for win and Rs. 10-8 Rs. 19 and Rs. 10-8 for places.

Time:—2min. 5 1/5secs.

THE WESTERN INDIA DERBY STAKES. of Rs. 50,000, of which Rs. 30,000 will go to the winner, Rs. 10,000 to the second; Rs 5,000 to the third, and Rs. 5,000 to the nominator of the winner. For 3 years old only. Colts 9 st., Fillies and Geldings, 8st. 11lb. Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr M Goculdass' THE COUNT 8-11 A C. Walker 1
Mr. Gold's QUIVER 8-5 A. T. Harrison ... 2
Mr. M. Goculdass' NIGHT BOMBER 8-8 Purtoo Singh 3
Mr. G. E. D. Langley's Sweet Adare 8-8 Barnett 4

Also Ran:—Festivity 9/0, Pilgrim's Pass 9/0, Bell Metal 8/11, Marby 8/11, Broadford 8/8, Ilas Fancy 8/8, Marmion 8/8, Lord Jim 8/5.

The Race:—Bell Metal was badly left and Festivity also dwelt and lost a lot of ground. Ila's Fancy, Marmion, Broadford and Sweet Adare was the order for four furlongs. Here The Count moved up into third place, when the order was Sweet Adare, Ila's Fancy, The Count, Night Bomber. Sweet Adare was first into the straight followd by the Count, Quiver and Night Bomber. From the distance there was a great race home in which the first three all passed Sweet Adare 100 yards from home. Won by a neck, neck, head.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 23-8 for win and Rs. 103-8 Rs. 40 andRs. 24-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 10 for win and Rs. 38-8 Rs. 22 and Rs. 11 for places.

Time:—2 mins 10 1/5secs.

THE LUDLOW STEEPLECHASE. Distance about 2½ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second Rs 1,000; third Rs 500. A Handicap Steeplechase for Horses, bona fide and unconditionally the property of Officers in H. M.'s Navy, Army, or Royal Air Force on Full Pay. Riders—Those qualified to enter.

Lt.-Col. G. Moore's DAROJI II 11-5 Owner 1
Capt. Fernside Speed's FLYING FOX 10-7 Capt. Poole 2
Capt. J. Wellington's WHAT NEXT 12-0 Capt. Newill 3

Also Ran: Lady Bird II 12/7, Centre 11/0, Elham Valley 10/5, Mickeen 10/4.

The Race: After taking the 1st jump Daroji and Centre took up the running. At the next fence Centre dislodged his rider leaving Daroji over 70 yards ahead of the next horse, Elham Valley, Daroji, Elham Valley, Mickeen, Flying Fox, What Next was the order in which they took the water. Mickeen refused the next jump, leaving Daroji and Elham Valley together with the others well in the rear. After another fence Elham Valley threw Mr. Paris, leaving Daroji to take it easy all the way home. Won by 10 lengths a Distance.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 30 for win and Rs. 17-8 and Rs. 51-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 16-8 for win and Rs 8-8 and Rs. 21-8 for places.

Time:—5 mins. 33 3/5secs.

THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES. Distance 1½ Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 30,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 20,000; second, Rs. 7,000; third Rs. 3,000. A Handicap for Horses in the 1st Division

Mr. Frank's BRENDAN 8-6 Morris 1
Messrs. J. K. Skeltoi and W. P. Pecheys ALELI 8-11 A. T. Harrison 2
Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's NOT MUCH 9-6 J. E. Riley 3
Mr. G. E. D. Langley's Poignant 9-4 Barnett 4

Also Ran:—Simon's Choice 8-9, Unitoi 8-9, Mordennis 8-8, Bruce Lodge 8-6, Carborundum 8-5, Senparison 8-3, Monteith 8.0, Good Health 7-13, Charlie's Smile 7 -11, Cally 7-9 Bridgend 7-7, Dromio 7-5.

The Race:—From a good start Brendan at once took the lead with Monteith and Aleli next, Cally leading the others. They ran in this order for a couple of furlongs when Poignant joined the front rank of the bunch. The positions were very slightly altered right up to the bend where the field closed up. Brendan was the first into the straight hotly chased by Aleli with Mr. Much joining in from the distance post, old Poignant still struggling on. In a great finish Brendan just lasted out to win by a short head, head, 1/2 length.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 274 for win and Rs. 51, Rs. 18 and Rs 17-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 98 for win and Rs. 16, Rs. 10 and Rs 8 for places.

Time:—2 8 2/5secs.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for horses in the 2nd Division.

H. H. the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's FRETWORK 9-3 Ritchie 1
Mr. Heath ARCLIGHT 9-4 W. Huxley ... 2
Mr. M. Goculdass' CHEECHAKO 8-9 A. C. Walker 3

Messrs. S. N. Mahomed and A. M. Khairaz's Lady Cleopatra 7-12 J. R. Flynn 4

Also Ran: Caraway 9/7, Divide 9/3, Paragua 9/3, Crushed Glass 9/ 0, Murmansk 8/3, Belle Syme 8/2, Cerago 8/0, Double Win 8/0 Treasury 8/0 Verna 7/5.

The Race:—From a fair let go Fretwork at once got to the front and was never headed. His near companions to the bend were Crushed Glass and Arclight. Turning into the straight Double Win looked like making a race of it but soon died away. Crushed Glass fell out at the distance post and Cheechako first passed him and almost on the post Lady Cleopatra got ahead as well. Won by 2 lengths 1½ length 2 lengths.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 123-8 for win and Rs. 62 Rs. 23 and Rs. 122-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 67 for win Rs. 59, Rs. 13 and Rs. 61/8.

Time:—1min. 14 1/5secs.

THE BEYRUT PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750 third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in the 2nd Division.

Mr. Heath's KHABOOR 8-5 McPherson ... 1
Mr. Jamal's BISMARK 8-7 J. G. Meekings 2
Mr. Mahomood Shirazee's SHUMS 8-0 Morris 3
Mr. S. R. A. Wahad's Lamington 7-0 cd. 7-4 Townsend 4

Also Ran:—Waterloo 9/0, Dowlat 8/12, Chietain 8/9, Balloon 8/7, Bhookhri 8/6, Investor 8/5, Tiger 8/0, Yadghar 8/0, Dublin 7/13, Anxious 7/13. All Clear 7/12 Sammy 7/2.

The Race:—Lamington was badly away. What could be distinguished in very bad light looked like Tiger in front closely followed by Khaboor and Bismark. Tiger died out at the bend and Khaboor was just in front of a closely packed field. From the distance it was a race between the first three only Khaboor winning rather easily by 1½ lengths, 2 lengths 2 lengths.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 35-8 for win and Rs. 16-8 Rs. 33-8 and Rs. 24-8 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 19 for win and Rs. 8-8, Rs. 24-8 and Rs. 12-8 for places.

Time:—1 min. 21 3/5secs.

CRICKET.

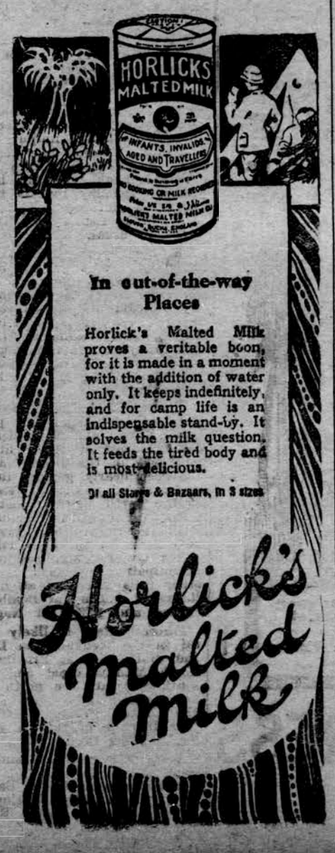
REST OF ENGLAND BEAT CHAMPION COUNTY COUNTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. at 8 p.m., Sept. 17.

The Rest of England beat the Champion Country at Oval to-day by 9 wickets.

A cable from the Manager, National Bank of India, Ltd., London informs that an ad-interim dividend has been declared on the Bank's shares at the rate of 20 per cent., per annum, equal to £1-5-0 per share. to be paid on 21st of September.



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Expert Opinins:—
OFFICE OF THE CHEMICAL ANALYSER TO GOVERNMENT,
Bombay 26 September 1914.
Having made a careful and complete analysis of a cake of Toilet Soap sent to me by Mr. A. B. Godrej, I am of the opinion that it is a high grade article which satisfies to the full all tests applied to it.
It is a superfatted Soap peculiarly adapted for Toilet purposes and the oil present is entirely of vegetable origin. It is pleasent and economical in use lathers freely and contains a faint but elegant perfume. It is practically free from any uncombined alkali and thus is suitable for use on the most delicate skins.
(Sd) W. H. DICKINSON M. B., F. I. C,
MAJOR, I. M, S.
Chemical Analyser to Government
Bombay, 21st August 1914.
I have carefully analysed a sample of Soap submitted by Mr. A. B. Godrej and find it to be a carefully saponified product of purely vegetable oils containing no free alkali. The Soap lathers readily, has excellent cleansing properties and will be economical in use. It is expecially to be recommended for delicate skins on account of its freedom from all harmful or irritating ingredients.
The Soap is a credit to the skill and care of the manufacturer and in the matter of freedom from alkali and consquent harmlessness to the skin can be very favourably compared with the best English soaps.
(Sd.) J. Ross, M. P S., F, R. M. S,
Analyst,
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SPORTING NEWS.

RUGBY FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA BEAT MADRAS AND WELLINGTON (27-0)

A game of Rugby Football was played yesterday on the Oval, when the Bompay Gymkhana just a combined team drawn from the Madras Gymkhana Club and the British Army School of Education (Wellington.) There was a good gathering present but it was, not as large as those seen during the week at the matches in connection with the Gymkhana Challange cup Tournament. The game proved far from interesting as it was very onesided. The Bombay Gymkhana practically monopolised the play, and in nine-tenths of the time consigned the jama to the visitor's territory. They gave a very fine display indeed, shining in all departments of the game, and thus one is left to wonder what would have been the result of Monday's match, when they were defeated by the Army School, if they had then given as fine a display. The combined team was seldom in the picture, and were ones looked like scoring.

THE PLAY.

No sooner was play sti going than the home team began to take up the offensive, and kept in the visitors' 25," when several fine passing movements were indulged in by the attackers, without result however. The visitors eventually relieved the pressume and attacked in a little while, but this was only a flash in the pan for the Gymkhana one more transferred play to the other side. A passing movement or tries without result, and then Hunter got across and scored the first try for the homeless. The try went unconverted. The Gymkhana continued to have the best of the play and before half time scored twice more, maidan being responsible for both tries, which was not converted. The score at the interval was:—

Bombay Gymkhana 9 pts. (3 tries) Madras nil.

In the second period Bombay again were on the offensive and gave the Madras defence a very busy time indeed. They succeeded in crossing the line from occasions, Cullen getting the just try and Hardson the other three. The latter three tries were converted, two by Robinson and the other by Cullin. Towards the end the combined team made an attempt or his tries without result. Bombay thus won the final score being:—

Bombay Gymkhana—27 points (3 goals, 4 tries.)

Madras nil.

The teams:—

Bombay gymkhana:—Back—T. W. Euing; there quarters—H. Broadbent, W. J. Cullin, H. J. Hunter and R. L. B. maidan; Halves,—A. T. Robinson and C. I. Chute; Inwards—H. B. Moon, V. I. Noel Paton, R. W. Romen, A. W. Wyndham, A. B. Hardson; H. D. Duff, N. L. Inkism and J. R. Faiquhaison.

Madras and Wellington:—Back—F. M. Ellison; there quarters—M. P. Banow, J. R. Peachy, J. Wilkinson and D. C. Thomas; Halves—D. S. Grans and F. D. Caiks; forwards—J. J. J. backs, L. J. Mothersill, R. J. Hydi, I. St. S. Achison, C. A. B. Budden, I Cumming, B. W. Whilelaw and C. R. Garland.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.

The final in the Bombay Gymkhana Cup Tournament between Calcutta and Northern India will be played to-day at 5-30 p.m.

POLO IN POONA.

POONA, Sept. 16.

Three games were played this evening in the second round of Junior Polo Tournament. The match between 18th Hussars and Southern Command, both of whom started with scratch was a fast and well contested game. In the second chukkar the Hussars scored the only goal of the match and so won by one goal to nil. Equally interesting was the game between the two teams of 33/34th Cavalry and who also started with scratch. In the end 33/34th Cavalry beat their own, a team, by two goals to one. The third match between the Government House with scratch and Durham Light Infantry with plus two goals was rather one sided, Government House winning easily by nine goals to two. Lady Marshall presented prizes to winners at the horse show after the play ceased on the evening.

CALCUTTA RACES.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 17.

The Calcutta Monsoon Meeting came to an end to-day when the programme included seven races on the card. Heavy downpour of rain made going very heavy and necessarily timings were rather slow. Nevertheless there was an interesting sport all through. On the whole the public must have lost as favourites did not have it all their own way.

THE EPSOM PLATE. Division II.—Distance about 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. Handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.
Mr. Galstaun's NO BALL, Pullin 1
Major Malony's GLENART, 7-11, Grace ... 2
Mr Pardoe's EAGLE'S NEST, 7-13, (dec 3 lbs), Hutchins 3
Messrs Roscoe and Ivan Jone's BUCKGRASS, 7-9, Reynolds 4
Also ran:—Glassington 8-10, Sensford 7-10 (dec 2 lbs), Nose Gay 7-7 (dec 2 lbs), Bruslee 7-7 (dec 1 lb), Lady Fearless 7-5 (dec 4 lbs).
Won by ¼ length, 1¾ lengths between second and third, a neck between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 20 2/5 secs.
Totalisators paid:—Win Rs. 30; Places Rs. 13, 13 and 21.
Betting:—5 to 4 Glenart, threes No Ball, fours Glassington, fives Bruslee, eights Buckgrass, tens Eagle's Nest, twelves Sensford, longer prices the others.
The race:—Bruslee and Glenart were quickest to begin from Glassington and No Ball they continued to lead in that order till three furlongs' post where Glenart shot clear from Sensford and No Ball next. No Ball gradually crept up to the leader whom he beat opposite stands.

THE AMATEUR PLATE. Division I.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in the 4th Division.
Mr Dee's FINE TIMES, 11-4, Evers 1
Mr Gregory's ROXA 11-0, Capt Hillard 2
Mr. Tutuster's SQUEERS, 11-3, Corrie 3
Won by 4½ lengths, 2½ lengths between second and third.
Time:—1 min. 36 secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 30.
Betting:—5 to 4 Squeers, twos Roxa, 5 to 2 Fine Times.
The race:—Fine Times, Roxa and Squeers was the order at the start and they came in that order till the turn for home where Fine Times and Roxa both ran wide letting in Squeers, but leaders came again and passed the post in order in which they had started.

THE FINAL PLATE. Division II.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in the 4th Division.
Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad's WATER LILY, 9-0, Andas 1
Messrs Louvet and Soutar's OZORINA, 9-1, Doy 2
Mr Dawson's BISHOP'S SUTTON, 7-8 (dec 1 lb), Meekings 3
Also ran:—Smoke Wreath 9-1, Avon 8-11, Fairy Tale 8-2 (dec 1 lb), Fraiding 8-0, Belle Etoile 8-0, Urmila 7-11 (dec 3 lbs), Romla 7-8 (dec 3 lbs), Scottifer 7-0 (dec 5 lbs).
Won by 3½ lengths, short head between second and third, one length between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 7 1/5 secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 84; Places Rs. 26, 17 and 11.
Betting:—7 to 2 Glen Lusset, fours Smoke wreath and Belle Etoite, sixes Water Lily, eights Avon, longer prices the others.
The race:—Water Lily was gin neat away followed by Romla then came fraiding Belle Etoile and Glen Lusset. Romla tried enough two furlongs from home, but Water Lily continued to lead winning comfortably in the end. Glen Lusset came fast in the end and took up the second place.

THE FINAL PLATE. Division I.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in the fourth division.
Mr Jone's LAST SPOT, 7-13, Doy 1
Messrs Deane Freeman and Fawcett's RESTARTEE, 8-2 (dec 1 lb), Higgins 2
Thakur Pershad's HIGHFIELD LADY, 8-1, Marland 3
Mr Huque's SPANISH CHESTNUT, 8-12, Hutchins 4
Also ran:—Hydia 7-12, Buff Mail 7-11, Peggy thrift 7-10, The Brat 7-10 (dec 1 lb), Thrill 7-1, (dec 7 lbs), Flying Fairy 7-1 (dec 4 lbs), Fiasco 7-0.
Won by a neck, ¾ length between second and third, 2 lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 5 3/5 secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 98; Places Rs. 31, 13 and 57.
Betting:—3 to 2 Spanish Chestnut, threes Repartee, fours Peggy Thrift, fives Last Spot, sevens Fiasco, eights Buff Mail, tens Rose, Lydia and The Brat, longer prices the others.

THE ALLENBY PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile 3 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. Highweight handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.
Mr Tichborni's CAPE CLEAR, 8-0, Boy ... 1
Mr Elliot's WALFRAM, 9-8, O'Brien ... 2
Mr Tichborni's BROWN FOWL, 7-8, Meekings 3
Mr Main's PEACE CELEBRATION, 8-3, Higgins 4
Also ran:—Radius 9-12, Windsor Lady 7-11, Demon 7-8, Silver Gift 7-8.
Won by 3 lengths, ½ length between second and third, 2 lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—2 mins. 32 1/5 secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 199; Places Rs. 65, 28 and 28.
Betting:—Evens Simple Simon, 5 to 2 Peace Celebration, sixes Wolfram and Brown Fowl, eights Radius, Barsen and Cape Clear and tens Silver, longer prices the rest.
The race:—Simple Simon and Solo Bay began slowly, the others jumped off the level. Radius leading with Brown Fowl and Windsor Lady next at five furlongs' post the field closed together and Wolfram and Peace Celebration appeared on picture. Brown Fowl and Wolfram were struggling down straight when Cape Clear came and passed them all.

THE AMATEUR PLATE. Division II.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. Welter Handicap for horses in the 4th Division.
Col Smith's ANGARY, 11-7, Fawcett 1
Miss Reading's NIRWANA, 10-2, Evers ... 2
Mr Gifford's SHINE DINE, 10-12, O'Brien ... 3
Mr Das' LELIA, 10-11, Capt Hillard 4
Also ran:—China Egg 11-8, Boy 10-8, Rebecca 10-8, Pat 9-9 (dec 3 lbs), Silver Lining 10-5.
Won by a neck, 1¾ lengths between second and third, 1¾ lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 35 4/5 secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 26; Places Rs. 14, 14 and 18.
Betting:—5 to 4 Angary, twos Nirvana, eights Lelia and Shine Dine, tens China Egg and Rebecca, longer prices the others.
The race:—Silver Lining and Pat led from Angary who assumed command at the entrance, to the straight Nirvana came strong but just failed.

THE EPSOM PLATE. Division I.—Distance about 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. Handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.
Mr Rosseo's SIMON'S GIFT, 7-7, Seastream 1
Mr Mullick's VERLAND ROSE, 7-10, Sleigh 2
Mr Thomas' JACK, 9-5, Pullin 3
Mr Galstaun's VERRES, 9-3, Higgins 4
Also ran:—Vadie 8-8, Little Tag 7-9.
Won by 2½ lengths, short head, lengths between 2nd and third, 1¼ lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 19 secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 44; Places Rs. 25 and 26.
Betting:—Twos Jack, threes Little Tag, fours Simon's Gift, fives Verland Rose, sixes Verres, eights Vadie.
The race:—Verres was quickest away followed by Verland Rose, Jack and Little Tag. Little Tag bringing up rear, Verland Rose went to the front two furlongs from home when Simon's Gift treat them all.

CORONER'S COURT.

BODY FOUND FLOATING IN A WELL.

Mr. A. R. King, Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of Kastoorbai (35) residing with her husband Pragji Jetha, a Silversmith of Wadaadla.

The deceased was of unsound mind for the last two years. Her husband found her missing yesterday and on search being made, her body was traced floating in a well.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

LUCKNOW AND PRINCE OF WALES.

HOLE AND CORNER METHODS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 17.

It is understood that a meeting was held this evening in Jehangirabad House to consider the steps to be taken in connection with the Prince of Wales' visit to Lucknow. The meeting was of a private nature and it is stated only the invited few were present.

Pandit Brahmanalker Buwa will perform Hari Kirtan at Kalyan to-night at 10 p.m.

THE ARREST ORDER.

TEXT OF THE SECTIONS.

107. (1) Whenever a Presidency Magistrate, District Magistrate, Subdivisional Magistrate or Magistrate of the 1st class is informed that any person is likely to commit a breach of the peace or disturb the public tranquility, or to do any wrongful act that may probably occasion a breach of the peace, or disturb the public tranquility, the Magistrate may in manner hereinafter provided, require such person to show cause why he should not be ordered to execute a bond with or without sureties, for keeping the peace for such period not exceeding one year as the Magistrate thinks fit to fix.

(2) Proceedings shall not be taken under this section unless either the person informed against, or the place where the breach of the peace or disturbance is apprehended, is within the local limits of such Magistrate's jurisdiction, and no proceedings shall be taken before any Magistrate, other than a Chief Presidency or District Magistrate, unless both the person informed against and the police where the breach of the peace or disturbance is apprehended, are within the local limits of the Magistrate's jurisdiction.

(3) When any Magistrate not empowered to proceed under sub-section (1) has reason to believe that any person is likely to commit a breach of the peace or disturb the public tranquility or to do any wrongful act that may probably occasion a breach of the peace or disturb the public tranquility, and that such breach of the peace of disturbance cannot be prevented otherwise than by detaining such person in custody, such Magistrate or Court may, after recording his reasons, issue a warrant for his arrest (if he is not already in custody or before the court), and may send him before a Magistrate, empowered to deal with the case, together with a copp of his reasons.

(4) A Magistrate before whom a person is sent under this section, may in his discretion detain such person in custody until the coppletion of the inquiry hereinafter prescribed.

108. Whenever a Chief Presidency or District Magistrate or a Presidency Magistrate, or Magistrate of the 1st class specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf, has information that there is within the limits of his jurisdiction any person who, within or without such limits, either orally or in writing, disseminates or attempts to dissem'nate or in anywise abets the dissemination of,—

(a) any seditious matter, that is to say any matter the publication of which is punishable under section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code XLV of 1860) or

(b) any matter the publication of which is punishable under section 153-A of the Indian Penal Code, or

(c) any matter concerning a judge which amounts to criminal intimidation or defamation under the Indian Penal Code such Magistrate may (in manner hereinafter provided) require such person to show cause why he should not be ordered to execute a bond, with or without sureties, for h's good behaviour for such period, not exceeding one year, as the Magistrate thinks fit to fix.

No proceedings shall be taken under this section against the editor, proprietor, printer or publisher of any publication registered under, or printed or published in conformity with, the rules laid down in the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867 (XXV of 1867) except by the order or under the authority of the Governor-General in Council or the Local Government or some Officer empowered by the Governor-General-in-Council in his behalf.

ARREST OF ALI BROTHERS.

CALCUTTA PAPERS' COMMENTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, September 18.

Commenting on the arrests of the Ali Brothers and Dr. Kitchlew the "Statesman" says it must be admitted that there has been no eagerness on the part of Government to strike in unseemly haste and no want of patience. There is no ground to imagine that their arrest is a prelude of a new policy of repression. Doubtless this cry will be raised but it is for those who bring the accusation to say what Government should do other than that what they have done.

The "Bengalee" regrets that the authorities have felt themselves constrained to set the machinery of law in motion against three Mahomedan leaders. Our greatest concern is about the constitutional experiment which is now in progress and the success of which may be jeopardised by anything smacking of repression.

The "Patrika" says repression is not at all a new thing in India. It was expected that Lord Reading seeing the folly of the policy of his predecessor would inaugurate a new one, that of conciliation. But he has not chosen to do so. The pity is that it has to come to a shrewd judge of men and affairs as His Excellency is reported to be.

ALLAHABAD AND THE PRINCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 16.

After four hours of heated discussion last night the Allahabad Municipal Board adopted by a majority of 17 to 8 votes, a resolution moved by Pandit Radakant Malavyia that in order to enable the Board to accord a fitting welcome to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and to enable the Board to purchase a suitable casket in which the welcome address could be presented Government be requested to grant Rs. 25,000 for the said purpose.

NEW VERNACULAR DAILIES.

(From a Correspondent.)

On Thursday, the 14th September, 1921, Md. Wajed Ali and Md. Solaiman Khan of 29, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta, applied to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, for permission to publish a Bengali Daily by the name of the 'Mohammadi' and an Urdu Daily of the name of the "Zamana," respectively. The Magistrate ordered the Police to make inquiries and report.

DISTRESSED IND AN STUDENTS' AID COMMITTEE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—We should be much indebted to you if you would let us appeal to the generosity of your readers on behalf of the Distressed Indian Students Aid Committee. It is an organisation for assisting Indian students in Great Britain when in distress, owing to illness, want of remittances and other causes. We had an income last year of £269-17-10 chiefly contributed by kind friends in England.

Our income is very insufficient to meet pressing claims from several students. It is a work which should appeal to Indians, as our funds are entirely devoted to the welfare of Indian students in London. Very sad cases come before the Committee. Students are often suddenly reduced to circumstances of great distress, it may be owing to the death of their parents in India, want of family funds, or sickness and other causes.

The fall in the exchange this year has had very serious results in many cases.

We are as careful as possible only giving aid when in is really necessary to save these boys from absolute poverty and distress. Every case is most carefully examined before relief is given. Any help would be most welcome. Money may be sent to us by cheque or money order.

Yours etc.,
M. HAMMICK,
E. J. BECK.

CORPORATION S RESPONSIBILITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The explanation published by the Director of information about where the responsibility lay in respect of the delaying of the extension of the Municipal franchise must have come as a bolt from the blue to those obscurantist monopolisers who sought to cover their desire of delaying the reform under an apparent zeal for the general public. I remember one of the members went to the extent of insinuating incapacity of the Hon'ble Minister in charge of Local Self-government. That insinuation had the good result of bringing about for. This exposure without which the prejudice and lethhargy of the present unrepresentative corporators would never have been proved beyond doubt. The Corporation fails to send an answer asked of them and delays the passage of the frauchise widening Bill and then comes round to ask ffor an extension of its own term on the ground that Government did not exact the new franchise. One wonders the moneyed interests lose all sense of proportion when the question is one of their power! Will they learn from this exposure and will they—at least now—expedite the answer due to the Government who show some desire to give to the tenants of Bombay what belongs to them and has unconsciously long been kept from them?—Yours, etc.

P. R. LELE.

Bombay, Sept. 17.

BOMBAY WATER SUPPLY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Re sport supply of Water at Dhobi Talao, having learnt that in the last meeting of the Municipal Corporation of the 12th instant the M. Commissioner produced two chits in my handwriting to the effect that I received water for some time on certain dates; and in this respect I have to inform you that these were not the only chits I gave to the M. Inspector; and that these. Indicate the supply of water received in those particular days only, and not every day. I would now request the Corporators to ask the M. Commissioner to produce all such chits before the Corporation and it will be found that even on those days that the Inspector took the chits from me I used to receive water for hardly a few minutes within the whole (24) hours, and which was just sufficient to fill only a bucket. I may add that the Inspector very often went away without taking a chit from me because I had received absolutely no water on those days. In support of this the Commissioner may be asked to produce a report as to how many times the Inspector had been sent to my house and how many times he took away a chit from me? Now I request the worthy Corporators to personally read all my chits regarding the supply of water I used to receive, in order to inform themselves more fully on the point. I am much surprised to find that although the three lakes were quite full and were overflowing a few days ago, we have not been supplied with water on the upper floors in the evening, the pressure being vrey low.—Yours, etc.

THIAVAX THURIARJI PATEL

Old Police Station, Dhobi Talao,
Bombbay, Sept. 14.

DIVIDED ADEN.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Indian Community in Aden is much grateful to you for the leading article in your issue of the 31st August under the heading "Divided Aden," by which you have brought to light the policy of Mr. Churchill. The Indians who are responsible for the prosperity and who form nearly one-fourth the population of the Aden Settlement, along with the Natives of the place are unanimous in their opinion to see the administration continue as hitherto under the Indian Government. However presuming that the transfor would unburden the Indian Government financially and believing that such a saving could be ultilized in India towards education, sanitation, etc, the Indians did not lay so much stress on their recent protest. Now that the Whites are to enjoy the cooked food at a further expense of India is monstrous in the extreme and every rightminded person will no doubt condemn the present policy of the Colonial Secretary in this respect. It is time that Hon. Mr. Bhurgri who had already raised a question on the subject, should elicit further explanation and let the public know where and how they stand in this affair. It is to be hoped that Hon. Mr. Bhurgri will not be pacified with any assurance of "Exquality of Status and treatment" which is not in the British Dictionary and which phrase is being used nowndays without any meaning in official quarters from a Sir so and so to a Lord Nobody. Indians are too disgusted with such assurances to give any more importance to them and it is quite ridiculous to expect "Equal status and treatment" for Indians outside India while they are treated no better than slaves in their own country under the British Government.

You will understand that almost all Indians in Aden are commercial people and the only consolation they had under the present administration is that they would be in a position to seek justice whenever it is wanting in Aden (the Government political Department being the chief guiding factor) and protection under their own Indian Government: otherwise, so far as the status of these people is concerned it is equally sympathetic with that of their brothers in other parts of the Brititsh Empire. Mr. Churchill's game of exploitation and the usual assurance of Equality of Status and Treatment, amount to no less than a mockery during the present days of the so called New Era, and it is to be sincerely hoped that all the M.L.A.'s will raise their voice emphatically to condemn the Secretary's policy and see that the Aden Administration is entirely shouldered by either the Indian Government or the Colonial Office.—Yours, etc.

"ABDULLA."

12th Sept. 1921.

MILL DISTURBANCES IN BOMBAY.

ATTEMPT TO PACIFY THE MEN.

Yesterday morning Messrs. Desai and Dianat Hussain under instructions from the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee went round to see whether the men who were on strike the day before returned to their work in the Mills. They found the Mills that were on strike regularly working except the men of the Kasturchand Mills keeping out. They were persuaded to resume work and those that were present did resume work.

At 9 a.m. trouble commenced in Madanpura and the men in the five Mills in that locality came out simultaneously. The men then went towards Reay Road and the men of the two Mills there also joined the strikers. The Kasturchand Mills also had to close as many men did not turn up.

All the mill-hands of the above mentioned Mills collected at Mustanshah Tank where they were addressed by Maulvi Alim Saheb, Ahmed Siddik Khatri and Jairanjan. It was expected that the men will return to their work the next day.

TREATMENT TO POLITICAL PRISONERS.

ALLAHBAD MAGISTRATE'S COMMUNIQUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 16.

In connection with certain allegations made in an Allahabad paper the District Magistrate made personal enquiries as regards the treatment of political prisoners in Agra. His report which is published in the course of a communique contradicts statements regarding Maulana Arif Haswa while suffering from illness and fettering of Malkan Singh and mentions that special treatment is accorded to political prisoners. Mr. Ranga Iyer and Swami Satchanand are confined in the central jail and Malkan Singh, Mohamed Harif Harsi and Rama Chandra in the District jail. All prisoners spoke to the District Magistrate of the comfortable arrangements and of kind treatment by the Superintendent and Mr. Ranga Iyer who is accommodated in the European ward and was sfull of praise at the treatment from jail authorities.

"Three prisoners in the district jail," the District Magistrate says, "are lodged in the barrack which is more decent and comfortable than an average Indian hotel and is provided as the list shows with various kinds of articles of furniture including books and newspapers, dumb bells, Indian clubs etc. Wrestling area has also been provided close to the barrack. They are given food worth Re. 1 as. 8 per day and the selection of food depends on the prisoners themselves. There is no prisoner in fetters and no manual labour is taken from them antl they are allowed to interview friends and relations. The District Magistrate says that it is not a fact that political prisoners in the district and the central jails are receiving differential treatment. Mr. Ranga Iyer owing to his superior position has been accommodated in the European ward but personally the District Magistrate thinks that it is not in any way superior to the barrack in which political prisoners are confined in the District Jail.

MILL DISTURBANCES IN MADRAS.

UNITIVE POLICE QUARTERED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 17.

The following is the text of a communique issued to-day by Government with regard to the disturbances in the mill area:—In a previous communique Government announced their intention to quarter additional police in the disturbed area in the city but explained that the incidence of cost would depend on the future behaviour of the area. There have been numerous acts of violence in the area during the last fortnight culminating this morning in throwing of several bombs of a crude nature, one of which seriously injured a sergeant of police. Government have, therefore, decided that the cost of additional police shall be recovered from the inhabitants of the disturbed area in proportion to their means.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

RAILWAY TIMINGS.

G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Victoria Terminus station daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	12 30
Calcutt Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 30	18 30
Madras Mail	3 40	21 15
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Inter. & 3rd Poona Express	12 5	14 16
Poona Express	19 40	7 55
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 0

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Colaba station Daily, Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Bombay-Peshgwar Mail	14 0	15 0
Gujarat Mail	11 19	20 20
Kathiawar Express	7 45	20 45
Fast Passenger	21 30	7 12

NOTICE TO JURYMAN.

Gentlemen of the Special Jury summoned for the Current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Tuesday morning the 20th instant at at 11-30 o'clock (S. T.).

DADAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Council of management of G. Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day at 9-30 p.m., (S. T.) in the office of the Committee, 4/18 Khandke Building, Lady Jamsedji Road Dadar.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Mr. A. Lde Mynn A. Buddhist Upasak Tapasvi, will lecture in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (72, Apollo Street, Fort) to-day evening at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) on "Teachings of Lord Buddha-Universal Call of Love."

ONAM CELEBRATION.

"Onam", the great National Festival of the Malayalees, came off this week, and was duly celebrated by the Malayalee residents of bombay, under the auspices of the Malabar Association, Bombay, at the Servants of India Society Hall, Girgaum on the 15th instant.

DEATH FROM OPIUM POISONING.

Another inquest was the body of Dhondu Sagu (42) a millhand who died as a result of opium poisoning. The deceased had borrowed Rs. 40 for which he was pressed for payment. He had some drink on Tuesday last and then was found in unconscious state at Foras Road.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

MATUNGA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the managing Committee was held on the 9th instant, Mr. J. G. Nensey presiding. The following resolutions were passed unanamously:—

(1) That the members be requested to send their names to the Secretary in order to arrange for the visitors and reception Committee Members' tickets of the ensuring Ahmedabad Congress as soon as possible as only limited tickets are issued to the public.

(2) That Matunga Ladies' Congress Committee be organised under the auspices of the Matunga Congress Committee. A Committee was appointed to prepare the scheme and to report before the Committee consisting of Messrs. Manilal Mathubhai, J. B. Ganatra, T. K. Master, Hirabai Yeshodabai, Ramkoowarbai Subhedar and Muktabai.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s.s. Ismaila Via Calcutta will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m., on Monday the 19th instant.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. Yoseric Via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m., on Saturday the 24th instant.

Mails for Seychelles, Iamu, Mombasa, Lbo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. Karoa will be closed at the General Post Office at 9-0 a.m., on Wednesday the 28th instant.

Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s.s. Dunera will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. to-day.

"A DEMOCRATIC PARTY."

MOVEMENT AMONG M. L. A'S.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept, 16.

Twenty-seven members of the Legislative Assembly met and resolved to form a party to be called the Democratic Party to act and vote together in the Assembly on the following vital questions:—(1) curtailment of expenditure, (2) fiscal autonomy, (3) exchange and currency, (4) Indianisation of the Services, (5) criticism of Government policy from the Indian point of view, (6) complete fiscal control and (7) whether activities are necessary to secure Responsible Government at an early date. The party consists of Messrs. Manmohandas Ramjee, P. P. Ginvala, Venkatapathi Raju Bhaiman Singh, M. K. Reddi, K. C. Neogy, B. Sundardas, M. Sambandamudaliar, N. M. Asjadullah, Ambica Prasad Sinha, Agnihotri, Zahid Ali, Mohamad Hussain Sahib, P. L. Misra, Sohan Lal, Jaskar, D. C. Barua, Girdarilal Agarwala, S. P. Bajpai, G. S. Subramaniam, P. V. Srinivasa Rao, Gulab Singh Peyari Lal, Bishambar Nath, Mukundarawtha Iyengar A. B. Latthe and K. G. Bagde.

A NEW NATIONALIST JOURNAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PATNA Sept. 17.

A weekly organ of Indian Swaraj named "The Motherland" will appear in English on the 30th of September, Mahatma's birthday, under the editorship of Mr. Mazharul Haque of Sadaquat Ashram, Patna. The paper will accept only genuine and decent advertisements of Swadeshi articles.

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¶ 210 Burglar Resisting Safes, recently supplied to Government to replace other Makers' safe that had been burgled.
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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, September 19, 1921.

A WARM RESPONS..

We hear strange rumours of wholesale arrests, but have no means as yet of verifying them, not having, at the time of writing, yet been favoured even with the Associated Press telegram announcing the arrest of Maulana Mohamed Ali at Waltair though the news has appeared in the reactionary newspapers. While admitting as we have already said that Government may be justified from the narrow disciplinary point of view in deciding on the prosecution of the Ali brothers and of Dr. Seyf-ud-din Kitchlew, who we learn has been arrested at Simla, we are still at a loss to divine the motives of State policy behind this decision to prosecute men who, representing a vast body of opinion in the country, braved the law for conscience' sake. An esteemed contemporary, in a leading article on Saturday gave a very interesting version of the motives animating Government, almost implying everybody to realise that Government, in its resolve to prosecute some leaders of the Non-Co-operation movement, is moved solely by the tenderest concern for the good name and future welfare of that movement. If that is so, we have no more to say except that the tenderness comes rather as a surprise to us, and the method of its display at present strikes us as peculiar. It is possible, of course, that Government has such belief in the faith and constancy of its non-violent opponents—in particular the Muslims—that it feels that they can do without the presence of their most loved and trusted leaders their organisers, who have been till now the chief restraining influences. We hope and trust that this belief of Government, if it exists, will be most fully justified by the behaviour of all non-cooperators—especially all Muslim non-cooperators—in this hour of trial. The tenderness of those in power for Non-Cooperation, announced by our contemporary, merits a warm response from the whole nation. Let every man and woman who wishes to be worthy of the name of Indian in the time to come espouse the doctrine and assume the garb of strict non-violence and—boycott foreign cloth.

THE NEW PRESS LEGISLATION.

Though a detailed criticism of the Bill which Sir William Vincent has introduced in the Legislative Assembly for the future control of the Press and printing presses in this country must be deferred till the text of the Bill becomes available, we are able to scrutinise the main provisions of the new legislation. One is relieved to know that both the Indian Press Act and the Newspaper Incitements to Offences Act are to be finally repealed. There is no indication of any provision being made in the Bill for the special protection of Indian princes from attacks in the Press. Apparently, the object in view is to be secured by a modification of the Penal Code. Control of newspapers is henceforth to be exercised by means of additional provisions in the existing Press and Registration of Books Act. The Bill provides for the confiscation of "seditious" documents by local Governments, Postal and Customs authorities. The definition of "sedition" in the Indian Penal Code being notoriously elastic, the risk of abuse of the powers of confiscation vested in the Postal and Customs authorities is bound to be great so long as the definition of "sedition" is left vague. Unless it is made clear that nothing is seditious which falls short of clear incitement to violence, or rebellion, the arbitrary power of confiscation with which it is sought to invest the Postal and Customs authorities is likely to entail much injustice and hardship on the Press. The earliest attempt must be made, therefore, to amend Sections 124 and 153 of the Penal Code. Unless the existing Indian law of sedition itself is modified, true liberty of the Press cannot be said to exist in India. It is not clear whether the right of appeal against any confiscation order lies only to the High Court, or whether the High Court is only the final court of appeal. We hope the latter is the case, for appeal directly to the High Court is costly and to compel each and every newspaper to undergo the heavy expense of such an appeal would be inflicting grave hardship on the poorer class of journals.

We are sorry to see that it is intended to make it obligatory on every news paper to publish the name of its editor in the issues of the journal. Neither the Press Committee nor Sir William Vincent has given any reasons, for introducing this innovation in Indian journalism. In no civilised country, if we are not mistaken, does the practice obtain of newspapers disclosing the names of their editors. Why should India be made an exception? What is behind this novel move? We fear it is only an attempt on the part of the bureaucracy—accustomed to take back with the left hand what the right hand has given—to cast the net as wide as possible for the Indian Press. The motive behind the seemingly innocent move is clearly to entrap the "editor" along with the printer and publisher of a journal. The anonymity which surrounds the editorship of newspapers has had a salutary effect on journalism in all civilised countries and the law has never attempted to tear off the purdah by force. Moreover, complications are sure to ensue, if the guilt for anything appearing in a journal is to be fastened on the "editor" of that journal. There are journals which have not a single editor, but a board of editors, consisting, sometimes, of as many as five individuals. Are all of these "editors" to be hauled up, for the offence committed by that journal? It is also a matter of common knowledge that the "editor" so called hardly sees even a tenth of the printed matter appearing in his journal, before it is printed. His responsibility therefore, for what appears in his journal can only be regarded as a moral one. Provision for legal responsibility is made by the compulsory registration of the printer and publisher. Hence the disclosure of the name of the editor, if that is meant only to enable the Government to run him down, is both superfluous and unfair to the journalistic profession.

One would like to know what are exactly the motives behind the new move. If Government have any satisfactory reasons to offer for the proposed innovation save the anxiety to implicate as many individuals as possible in an offence, they ought to be made public. To hold three separate individuals, the printer, publisher and editor, legally responsible for what may appear in a single issue of a journal, is surely a travesty of law. Why not bring into the net the compositor, the proof reader, the reporter and the sub-editor as well! The newspaper boys too, who sell the offending issue of the journal may be charged with the offence, for they too have helped in its "publication." If it is intended to hold the editor too, responsible for the publication of the journal, the law ought to define the exact extent of his responsibility. Is he to be held responsible only for the views and statements appearing in his journal, or will he also be held responsible for such offences as the non-publication of his name in the journal by oversight, the wrong description of the place of publication and the non-delivery of two copies of the journal gratis into Government hands, which are all punishable in the eye of law? Has the Bill made clear these distinctions? The Legislative Assembly will be doing a grave injustice to the Indian Press they do not throw overboard entirely the provision in the Bill dealing with compulsory publication of the name of the editor.

Notes of the Day.

More of "British Justice."

The judgment of the Sessions Judge of Hyderabad (Sind) in what is known as the Sinjhoro Police Torture Case may be taken as a sample of "British Justice" that is dispensed in the criminal courts of this country. In this case, some policemen and an influential Mahomedan Zamindar of the Thar-Parker district were accused of having invaded the territorial limits of the Nawabshah district and there having oppressed some poor villagers, inflicting inhuman torture on them and humiliating them and their women. One pregnant young woman was so shocked by what she saw that she prematurely gave birth to a still born child. All these facts were brought out at a belated enquiry, reluctantly undertaken by the Nawabshah authorities, when they found they could no longer help it. The accused were arrested and put on their trial before the Sessions Judge of Hyderabad. The case was tried with the assistance of two assessors who both found the principal accused "guilty" of the charges against them. But the Sessions Judge, differing from the verdict of the assessors, has acquitted all the accused, for reasons which are not quite obvious to us. In the absence of the judgment, we have no desire to enter into the merits of a decision, which has, in our opinion, led to a grave miscarriage of justice. The complaint usually is that juries and assessors in India are reluctant to bring in a verdict of "guilty" against accused persons, and instances are not wanting of the Daniels in our Indian courts over-riding the verdict of the assessors. But it is rare in the annals of Indian criminal trials that persons against whom a considered verdict of "guilty" has been brought in, should be acquitted. The effect of a decision like the one under notice is obviously to discourage an already oppressed people from giving expression to their complaints against the *zoolum* of the police and absentee landlords. The consequences are more serious in an isolated province like Sind, where autocracy is still rife. There are no healthy checks on the vagaries of the official and landlord class, and since one happens to be in league with the other, for all practical purposes, the woes of an inarticulate peasantry are too terrible to bear. We are not for the present concerned with the guilt or innocence of the individuals concerned, but we do feel that the decision of the Sessions Judge must only tend to place a premium on the high-handedness of an irresponsible and primitive police system and make the lot of the unfortunate peasantry worse than before.

Notions of Economy.

In answer to a question from Mr. T. Rangachari in the Legislative Assembly, regarding the increase sanctioned in the emoluments of the Indian Civil Service and Imperial Services, the Finance Member replied that these emoluments were fixed by recent orders from the Secretary of State for India and that he was not aware of any process by which the Assembly could reopen a question on which orders have been already passed by Government. We know, of course, that as a price of the boon of "Reforms" conferred upon India, the Secretary of State has reserved for himself the power to control the appointments to and emoluments of the I.C.S. and Imperial Services. But at a time when there is so much talk of cooperation between officials and non officials and of voluntary responsibility on the part of the executive to the legislature, and at a time too when the need of economy is so paramount, hurried orders by Government, involving fresh burdens on the tax-payer, and without consulting the much vaunted Reform Councils, must appear as a veritable mockery of the Reforms. If the bureaucracy were bent on destroying all chances of the Reforms proving a success and thus demonstrating their unworkability, they could not have chosen better means of accomplishing their purpose. The step taken by the Secretary of State and the Government of India may be legally correct, but is it calculated to enhance once's love for the Reforms and to advance the cause of Responsible Government? When the finances of the country are being subjected to the people have squandered the country's with a particle of sense of responsibility to the people have squandered the country's resources in the reckless manner the Government of India are doing in the interests of a few individuals? What was the necessity for the unseemly hurry and secrecy of the step?

Sir F. C. O. Beaman and Morvi.

Sir Frank Beaman, in a letter, which we publish elsewhere, falls foul of "Atropos" for calling his attention to certain innuendoes which had been published in another newspaper concerning the Thakore Sahib of Morvi. And he asks "The Chronicle" to turn the innuendoes into allegations and stand forth in the place of the other newspaper, in order that he or the Thakore Sahib, or both, may "have the law of us." We personally know nothing of the State of Morvi or its ruler, but we can truly say that, if one-half of what we hear about that State from correspondents (not anonymous) is true, Sir Frank Beaman would be better employed in investigations with a view to remedy, than in punitive expeditions against us and "Atropos" for calling his attention to the need for remedy. Sir Frank's acceptance of a high appointment in the Morvi State has raised the hopes of thousands, who, we fear, will feel once more despairing when they read his letter in "The Chronicle."

What of Turkish Sufferers?

Dr. Nansen's appeal on behalf of the people of Russia and the hysterical outbursts of sympathy and support it has evoked will leave the people of the East unmoved, because of the sad neglect of perishing humanity in Turkey—such of it as still remains intact. Save in India, where the Khilafat movement has done its best to bring home to the people the sense of suffering of the Turkish people, non-Muslims have turned the cold-shoulder. We have been told much about the sufferings of Germany, Austria and last but not least Russia. Notwithstanding political differences of an unbridgeable type, the supreme affliction has made European nations at last realise that the millions suffering in Russia are their brothers and sisters. No doubt, blood is thicker than water and the situation reminds us that "in ordinary domestic quarrels sudden tragedy brings affection for the prodigal to the frozen hearts of kindred." But Turks can claim no such kindred with European nations and the wail of suffering humanity in Turkey rarely, if at all, finds the faintest echo among European peoples. Poor as India is, people in this country do realise that there is a kinship of the two peoples, transcending the narrow limitations of race, that is the kinship of a common Faith. India has done what little she could to assist the Smyrna sufferers and if she has not done more, she can hardly be blamed. There was hardly the opportunity for her to realise the suffering through which the people in Turkey have passed or are passing; but we hope the description of the terrible condition of millions in Russia, will bring home to the Asiatic world a fuller appreciation of the agonies of brothers in faith and humanity.

Fatuous.

The working of the official mind sometimes takes turns which are devious beyond credibility. The censorship imposed on telegrams conveying the news of Moulana Mahomed Ali's arrest is an instance in point. He was arrested at Waltair on the afternoon of Wednesday last. The news was public property at Madras on Thursday and the same evening the newspapers there published the report together with the text of the warrant issued by the District Magistrate of Vizagapatam and the message to the Press addressed by Mahatma Gandhi. Mahatma Gandhi himself arrived in Madras from Waltair on Thursday morning. Though, thus, all Madras came to know of the arrest of the Moulana by Thursday afternoon, the Telegraph Department prevented the leakage of news to Bombay. We were favoured only yesterday morning, by the Associated Press, with the text of the warrant and Mahatma's message. Has any earthly purpose been served by the Government censorship? Are we to imagine that the authorities at the other end of the wire expected that Bombay would rise in rebellion if the report of the arrest was made known to the public of this city in the usual course? We can think of no other excuse for the fatuous interference with the telegraphic traffic. On the other hand, has not the silly step given rise to all sorts of rumours among the public? And yet, the bureaucrats pretend that they know the minds of the people of this country!

A Costly Anachronism.

The report that Sir Sankaran Nair will shortly resign his membership of the Council of India, and that Mr. Bhupendranath Basu is returning to India preparatory to similar resignation will not occasion much regret in this country. Constituted as the Council is at present, the Indian members can be of no material service to their country and both Sir Sankaran and Mr. Basu must be feeling that their time can be better employed in India. The Council itself is a costly anachronism and the sooner it is abolished the better. For decades the Indian National Congress has been demanding that the white elephant should be done away with in the interests of administrative efficiency as well as economy. With Sir Sankaran and Mr. Basu retiring from the Council and Sahibzada Aftab Ahmad Khan engaged in other duties, the Council will have been deprived of all its Indian element. Of course, attempts will be made to appoint fresh Indians, but whether any really able Indian will wish to join the Council remains to be seen. The experience of every Indian who has entered the Council so far, since its door was thrown open to our countrymen, has shown that its joys have failed to prove sufficiently tempting. In the light of this significant fact, is it not time the Council was abolished?

The Ways of the C. I. D.

Thanks to the ingenuity of Mrs. Besant and her satellites, the Criminal Investigation Department came to be known as the "Crush India Department." That was when that estimable lady was actively identified with the affairs of the Indian National Congress. The times have changed and so has Mrs. Besant. But her description of the C. I. D. has not suffered for all that. The C. I. D. continues to be what it was if it is no worse. Its angle of vision remains unimpaired, save for the greater degree of bitterness which it must feel at the vigorous turn which India's determination to achieve Swaraj has taken. Day after day, we hear stories concerning the vicarious achievements of a department, whose reputation for fair dealing was never at so great a discount as it is to-day. But it is rarely that the department comes in for severe castigation at the hands of the Judiciary. In one instance that came under the notice of the Punjab High Court, Mr. Justice Shadi Lal exposed the unscrupulous use that the Punjab C. I. D. made of their powers in thwarting the course of justice. According to the learned Judge, the applicant was not only robbed of his right to prove his claim, but was subjected to considerable harassment and suffered pecuniary loss in conducting a protracted lawsuit and making various applications to the High Court during a period of two years and a half. But for the alertness and sense of fairness displayed in this instance by the High Court, the unfortunate applicant would have been subjected to a criminal prosecution, because the C. I. D. identified itself with the applicant's rivals and made their cause its own. There are numberless other instances of the gross misuse of power by the C. I. D. resulting in a flagrant miscarriage of justice. Yet, the grip of the C. I. D. is tightening more and more over the country. Needless to say, there is more discontent in India than anywhere else.

CANCELLATION OF INVERNESS CONFERENCE.

TERMENDOUS SENSATION IN DUBLIN.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

In spite of the cancellation of the Inverness Conference which has caused a tremendous sensation in Dublin, hope has not yet been abandoned that a way may still be found to bring the two sides together to negotiate. The Irish newspaper's comment generally reflects this hopeful spirit and the "Freeman's Journal," for example, declares that both the British and Irish peoples will refuse to accept this as an end of Peace efforts and says that Mr. Lloyd George's statement that the Conference on Mr. De Valera's terms would mean recognition of Ireland as an Independent Republic extravagantly misconstrues the position. It must be remembered, says the Journal, that Ireland long ago was a Sovereign State within the British Empire and reclaiming of Sovereignty does not necessarily imply severance. Moreover the paper states Mr. DeValera's reply does not call for a formal preliminary recognition of the claim.

ARREST OF DR. KITCHLEW.

CONGRATULATORY MEETING AT SIMLA.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 16.

At a public meeting attended by four thousand people held at Edwardsganj, Simla, last evening, with Lala Chajju Ram in the chair, Moulana Abdul Ghani, Lala Dunichand of Lahore, and Ramanand Sanyasi spoke congratulating Dr. Kitchlew on his arrest yesterday in Simla and dwelt upon his services for Bharatmata. The audience was exhorted to follow the preachings of the leaders and resolutions were passed congratulating Dr. Kitchlew and his family.

PROTEST MEETING AT JALLIANWALA

(From a Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 17.

The citizens of Amritsar assembled in thousands at Jallianwala Bagh on Friday evening to record their emphatic protest against the arrest of Dr. Kitchlew. Maulana Sanaullah, a highly respected divine presided. Resolutions were passed condemning his arrest, and advising the Government not to embark on the prosecutions of leaders and sympathising with Dr. Kichlew's relatives. Dr. Satyapal in moving the principal resolution considered the proceedings against Dr. Kitchlew to be ill-advised and improper and condemned such prosecutions as stifling the expression of public grievance. He advised the people to stick to non-violent Non-Co-operation and to take more vigorously to the boycot of foreign goods Several other speakers supported the resolutions. The proceedings were conducted with solemnity and decorum befitting the occasion.

CONGRATULATIONS TO ALI BROTHERS.

GREATER EFFORTS NEEDED FOR SWARAJ

At a public meeting held at Dadar on Friday night under the joint auspices of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee and the Dadar National Association, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

This meeting heartily congratulates the Brave Ali Brothers on their being arrested and confidently hopes that their arrest will make the people more bold, more forebearing, and more non-violent, and that it will make the people right earnest about the attainment of Swaraj, at a very early date, by the non-violent peaceful Non-Co-operation.

This meeting, with all the reverence to H.R.H the Prince of Wales, also declares that without the redress of Khilafat and Punjab wrongs and the attainment of Swaraj, it will be impossible for India to greet any royal visit, and denounces the action of all the public bodies who have settled to give reception and address to Him against the will of the people.

The meeting was addressed by Mr. Moazam Ali, Dr. Savarkar, Mr. Waman Shastri Datar (Nasik), Mr. Upadhyaya and others.

OPPORTUNITY FOR CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 17.

The news of the prosecution of the Ali Brothers spread very fast throughout the town and various views are taken of the result on public feeling. Pandit Motilal Nehru is circulating hand-bills asking people to remain calm and peaceful. The "Independent" says that they are surprised at the decision of the Government who will suffer by the present proceedings and that the Government has by this act delivered itself into the hands of its adversaries. It seems to use the action of the Government saying that this gives them a splendid issue on which to offer civil disobedience.

PT. MOTILAL NEHRU'S APPEAL.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 16.

Pundit Motilal Nehru, in the course of a long manifesto in Urdu, refers to the prosecution of Ali Brother and others and emphasises an absolute non-violence and determination to carry on Congress programme with redoubled energy.

KAPP INSURRECTION

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

Berlin.—The precautions to avoid an arrest which were taken by the leaders of the Kapp Insurrection in Berlin in March of the last year were described by Wirth, German Chancellor in Reichsiag to-day. He stated that the detectives found the leaders were sheltering near Munich in entrenched position protected by a strong guard of followers and even Bavarian policemen or anybody approaching their hiding place were fired on. The Chancellor alleges that the Kappites were under Bavarian protection.

The Lieut.-Governor of Burma and the Revenue Secretary leave on Monday afternoon for a official and personal short visit to Simla, arriving there on Saturday afternoon.

APPEAL FOR ABSOLUTE NON VIOLENCE.

ADDRESSED BY MAHATMA GANDHI AND MRS. MAHOMED ALI.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sep. 15.

Mr. Gandhi, Mrs. Mahomedali and Azad Sobhani addressed a huge gathering on Triplicane beach this evening. Mr. Yakub Hassan presided.

Referring to the Moplah riots, Mr. Gandhi said that even believing all the stories they heard about the forcible conversions to be true, that ought not to put such a strain upon their loyalty to the creed of Hindu Moslem unity as to brek it. They should not expect all of a sudden every Hindu and Moslem to become absolutely faithful to this creed. He was not aware of any sensible Musalman who approved of the forcible conversions.

Referring to the arrest of Mr. Mahomed Ali, he said that in imprisoning Mr. Mahomed Ali Government has imprisoned or attempted to imprison Khilafat also. It was open to Government to have invited the Ali Brothers and himself to visit Malabar and bring about peace and order there in which case he said much innocent blood and desolation caused would have been spared. He appealed for absolute non-violence and spread of Swadeshi to enable them to obtain Swaraj within the year.

Mrs. Mahomed Ali, speaking in Hindustani, said Mr. Mahomed Ali did not desire hartals or other demonstrations but requested them to use only Khaddar and spread Charkas throughout the presidency, which alone would bring about Swaraj.

Mr. Azad Sobhani, speaking in Urdu, with religious authority condemned the forcible conversions of Hindus by Moplahs of Malabar. Quoting from Koran he pointed out that forcible conversion of a non-Muslim to Islam was as reprehensable as conversion of a Muslim to another faith. Islam did not recognise those who were forcibly converted as true Muslims. Referring to Mr. Mahomed Ali's arrest, he exhorted the people to be calm.

STORY OF THE ARREST.

MAHATMAJI'S ARREST AT WALTAIR

Mahatama Gandhi, Moulana Mahamad Ali, Begum Mahamad Ali, and Moulana Azad Subani with four of their personal staff, left Calcutta on the evening of the 13th for Madras by the Calcutta Mail. The party reached Waltair yesterday afternoon at 2.30 and while the train steamed into the station precincts they saw military posted along the platform. An arrest of the leaders was anticipated for sometime past and the idea at once occurred to them that most probably Maulana Saheb was going to be arrested at the place .Moulana was sleeping at the time and one of the party remarked by way of joke "now is your time." Moulana Saheb, of course woke up. In the meantime the local leaders approached the carriage to see Mahatmaji and Moulana Saheb and entreated them to come out of the station to address a few words to the people assembled there Agreeably to their request, they both got out of the compartment.

Hardly had they proceeded few steps on the platform when Moulana Saheb was stopped by an officer, apparently the District Superintendent of Police of Vizagapatam, and was handed a warrant which Moulana read out to Mahatmaji. It directed to the Police officerto arrest the Moulana so that he might be called upon to show cause why he should not be bound over to keep the peace for one year under Sections 107 and 108 Cr. P. C Moulana went directly with the officer. Later Begum Mahammed Ali and Mr. Havath, the Private Secretary of Moulana Saheb were permitted to see Mr. Mahamad Ali. They spent a few minutes with him and returned in time to take the train.

During all this time Mahatmaji was addressing the gathering outside the station. He said that this was not the time for sorrow but it was really one for congratulation. Some of the audience sighed on hearing Moulana's arrest; but Mahatmaji assured them that the arrest was only a prelude to their success. That was not an occasion, he said either for sighing or for being pained. If they really felt for his arrest, they should at once try to complete the programme of Swadeshi. If there was not sufficient quantity of Swadeshi cloth, available in the market, they must be prepared to go out with just enough cloth for the lungoti. The two other essentials of success he emphasized were the Hindu Moslem unity and the complete observance of the principle of non-violence. He observed they should not be carried away by the reports of the mad acts of some Moplahs. Such tests were bound to come sooner or later and if they stood them successfully, the battle was won.

MAHATMA'S REQUEST REQUIRED.

Returning from the meeting, Mahatmaji Gandhi said that even under the gravest provocation, and even if all the leaders were arrested the people must be calm and peaceful. There should be no hartal. Only they should work the Congress programme with double, nay, four-fold energy.

Returning from themeeting, Mahatmaji enquired whether he would be permitted to see Mr. Mahamad Ali and talk to him; but the Officer declined the request stating that he had instructions to permit Mrs. Mahamad Ali and Mr. Mahamad Ali's Secretarp to see Mr. Mahamad Ali.

As soon as Begum Mahamad Ali saw her husband she is reported to have conratulated him and spoke to the following effect. "I an strong and God will help our cause I will follow Mahatmaji to my utmost; and I request you not to be at all anxious for me or for the children. God will look after us. Our cause is religious and is bound to succeed."

Mahatmaji, Begum Mahommad Ali and others of the party then boarded the train. The crowd at the station remained calm and unperturbed. All along the way, at the different stations people met Mahatmaji and took the news of the arrest cheerfully, and felt no surprise at the arrest.

THE MAULANA'S MESSAGE.

Moulana Mahammad Ali sent a message to Mahatmaji stating that he had nothing to say to the latter as they knew each other perfectly well. He asked his Secretary Mr. Hayath to kiss the hand of Mahatmaji on his behalf; and added that the cause for which they worked was perfectly secure in Mahatmaji's hands and that he would only wish to be released by the "Free India."

Moulana's message to the public was to adhere to the Congress programme—Hindu Moslem unity, non-violence and Swadeshi.

Mahatma Gandhi immediately on getting into the train at Waltair sent messages to various places including Madras and they were evidently withheld by the authorities

The place and time of trial of Mr Mahomed Ali is not yet known.—"The Hindu."

MAULANA MAHOMED ALI'S ARREST.

ORDER UNDER SECTIONS 107 AND 108.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S APPEAL

NO CAUSE FOR SORROW BUT EVERY CAUSE FOR CONGRATULATION

REMAIN NON-VIOLENT.

(DELAYED IN TRANSMISSION.)

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sept. 15.

The following is the warrant of arrest issued by the District Magistrate of Vizagapatam to F. E. Cunningham, Esq., D. I. G. of Police, C. I. D. & Railways, Madras:—

Whereas Mohamed Ali is to be called upon to show cause why he should not be bound over to keep the peace and to be of good behaviour for a period of one year under Section 107 and 108 Cr. P. C., you are hereby directed to arrest the said Mohamed Ali and produce him before me. Therein fail not.

Dated the 4th day of September, 1921.

(Sd.) J. R. HUGGINS,
District Magistrate, Vizagapatam.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S MESSAGE.

The following message was sent by Mahatma Gandhi to the "Hindu" from Waltair:—

"Maulana Mohamed Ali was arrested at Waltair under sections 107 and 108 to be called upon to give security, to be of good behaviour for one year. The place and date of trial is unknown.

The Begum Saheba and Mr. Hayat were permitted to see him after arrest.

He and I were going to address a meeting outside the station. He was arrested. I continued going to the meeting and addressed them.

There is no cause for sorrow, but every cause for congratulation. There should be no hartal. Perfect peace and calmness should be observed. I regard the arrest as a prelude to Swaraj and the redress of the Khilafat and the Punjab wrongs, if we can remain non-violent. Retain Hindu-Moslem Unity despite the madness of some Moplahs, and fulfil the Swadeshi programme.

I hope every Indian, man or woman, will completely boycott foreign cloth and take up spinning or weaving during every spare minute.

By striving like the Maulana, be insistent on religious and national rights.

Let us earn imprisonment. I am conscious of the Maulana's innocence and I am sure the imprisonment of the innocent will enable the nation to reach the cherished goal.

The Maulana was quite calm. So is the Begum Saheba. She accompanies me during travel. So does Maulana Azad Sobhani.

(Sd.) GANDHI.

THE ANSWER TO "REPRESSION."

BOYCOTT FOREIGN CLOTH.

LET EVERY LOYAL CHILD of Mother Hind;

LET EVERYBODY who desires the righting of the PUNJAB and Khilafat WRONGS, and wishes to to see INDIA FREE;

LET ALL RIGHT THINKING, Men and Women of India, enlist now in the Army of NON-VIOLENT NON-CO-OPERATION, in accordance with the Congress Resolutions, and

WEAR KHADI.

A fully attended meeting of the Jamiat-i-Ulema of the Bombay Presidency was held under presidentship of Maulana Ahmed Mukhtar Sahib Siddiqi at Hilal Manzil on the 18th instant and the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

"This meeting of the Ulema of the Bombay Presidency expresses its sorrow and grief at the arrests of the Ali Brothers and Dr. Kitchlew, and in view of the Government announcement showing the grounds on which they are arrested, deems it necessary to declare that the Ali Brothers, Dr. Kitchlew and others in placing the Resolution before the Karachi Khilafat Conference did nothing but to place the clear injunctions of the Holy Quran, and their arrest on this ground is a direct interference in the Islamic Religion. This meeting while urging upon all Mussalmans to remain firm and resolute with perfect peace and order, assures them that the Ulema fully realize their religious responsibilities and will keep them informed from time to time what the ecommandments of *Shariat* enjoin upon them under all circumstances."

ARREST OF ALI BROTHERS.

TANTAMOUNT TO INTERFERENCE IN ISLAMIC RELIGION.

The Secretary Jamiat-i-Ulema of the Bombay Presidency writes:—

Mr. Lloyd George is laid up at Gairlock with a bad chill and neuralgia. Lord Dawson and a Dentist have been summoned.

The Royal Commission headed by Lord Finaly has recommended the lifting of the embargo on the importation of the Candian cattle into the United Kingdom with a view to cheapening meat and increasing food supply.

IRISH PEACE PARLEY

GOVT. BY CONSENT OF GOVERNED.

MUST BE BASIS OF AGREEMENT.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. at 2 p.m., Sept. 17.

The following is the text of Mr. De Valera's reply to Mr. Lloyd George:—

We have no hesitation in declaring our willingness to enter the Conference to ascertain how association of Ireland with the community of nations, known as the British Empire, can best be reconsiled with the Irish national aspirations. Our readiness to contemplate such association was indicated in our letter of August 10th. We accordingly summoned Dail Eireann in order to submit to it for ratification the names of the representatives, whom we intend to propose. We hope they will find it possible to be at Inverness on September 20th.

OUR POSITION REMAINS SAME.

We deem it our duty in this final Note to reaffirm that our position is, and can only be, as we have declared it throughout this correspondence. Our nation has formally declared its independence and recognises itself as a Sovereign State. It is only as representatives of that State and as its chosen guardians that we have authority or powers to act on behalf of our people.

GOVT. BY CONSENT OF GOVERNED.

As regards the principle of "Government by the consent of the governed" in the very nature of things it must be the basis of any agreement that will achieve the purpose we have at heart, namely, final reconciliation of our nation with yours. We have suggested no interpretation of that principle, save its everyday interpretation, the sense, for example, in which it was understood by plain men and women of the world when on January 5th, 1918 you said "Settlement of Europe must be based on such grounds of reason and justice as will give some promise of stability. Therefore we feel that Government by the consent of the governed must be the basis of any territorial settlement of this war."

TRUE ANSWER TO CRITICISM.

These words are a true answer to the criticism of our position which your last letter puts forward. The principle was understood then to mean the right of nations annexed to Empires against their will to free themselves from the grappling hook. That is the sense in which we understand it. In reality it is your Government, when it seeks to rend our ancient nation and to partition its territory that would give to the principle the interpretation that "would undermine" the fabric of every democratic State and "drive the civilised world back to tribalism."

"NEGOTIATORS MUST BE UNTRAMMELLED."

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. at 8 p.m., Sept. 17.

Mr. De Valera explains that his previous reply aimed at avoiding misunderstanding. Negotiators must be untrammeled, except by known facts.

IRELAND'S INDEPENDENCE RE-AFFIRMED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. at 8 p.m., Sept. 17.

Mr. De Valera's Letter, published in Dublin, accepts the invitation to Inverness Conference in terms of the closing clause of Mr. Lloyd George's letter, but reaffirms Ireland's Independence as a Sovereign State.

CONFLICT OF RIVAL PARTIES IN BELFAST.

TWO WOMEN WOUNDED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. at 8 p.m., Sept. 17.

The rival parties came into conflict in Belfast this afternoon. Revolvers were fired with the result that two women were wounded. The military arrived on the scene and dispersed the rioters.

IRISH DEADLOCK.

PRESS COMMENTS.

(Reuter's Cricket Special.)

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

The Prime Minister's blunt decision in cancelling the proposed Irish Conference at Inverness in consequence of the obdurate attitude of Sinn Fein is approved on all hands. Mr. Lloyd George's action was undoubtedly dictated by the recognition of the fact that the people of Britain consider that Government has gone to the utmost limit in its desire to attain a settlement.

Disappointment is even more acute in Ireland than in Britain and a feeling of consternation has been produced in Dublin,

(Continued on next page.)

TURCO-GREECE WAR

GREEK SETBACK IN ANATOLIA

MEDIATION AT PRESENT PREMATURE.

(Reuter's Telegram)

LONDON Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

The latest intelligence from a well-informed quarter in London indicates that the Greek setback in Anatolia is a moral rather than an actual defeat and it is not believed that the Turks are able to undertake a formidable offensive. There is no fear of any danger to the Constantinople zone but any talk of mediation is at the present moment premature. On the other hand a Constantinople telegram quoted by Reuter's Paris Correspondent says that it is persistently reported that the Greeks are falling back on the line Eskishehr-Sevic-Ghazi-Kutahia.

GREEK MILITARY GOAL.

DESTRUCTION OF TURKISH ARMY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

It is gathered from an interview with the Greek Minister in London that the Turks recently delivered a strong attack which was repulsed or at any rate did not succeed. The Turks have apparently destroyed a part of single line feeding the Greek Communications but this is being repaired although delays are being encountered.

The Minister says that the Greeks are re-equipping. Angora is not the Greek military goal but the destruction of the Turkish Army.

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.

ELECTION OF JUDGES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. 8 p.m., Sept. 16.

Geneva.—In elections for the international Court of Justice, the States voted alphabetically. Mr. Barboza (Brazil) headed the first Ballot with 38 votes, followed by Mr. Weiss (France) with 30. In a noticeable result of elections is the success of South American Candidates, which is attributed to the clannish feeling amongst the Spanish Nationalities and preliminary clever wire pulling.

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

Geneva.—The Joint Committee, consisting of members of the Council and Assembly, which is to decide whether Senor Alvarez or Baron Descamps has been elected to the judgeship of the International Court of Justice, has been appointed. It consists of M. Hymans (Belgium), Mr. Wellington Koo (China) and Senor Quinones de Leon (Spain), members of the Council, and M. Motta (Switzerland), M. Van Swinderen (Netherlands), and M. Zahle (Denmark), members of the Assembly.

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON Sept. 16.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 18.

Geneva. The special Commission which is investigating the applications for the admission to the League of Nations has unanimously decided in favour of the admission of Esthonia and Latvia. The Joint Committee of the Council of the League and Assembly has selected Beichmann (Norway) as the final supplementary Judge of the International Court of Justice. All the elected judges have been asked to communicate their acceptance or refusal before Sunday.

RECONSTRUCTION OF CANADIAN CABINET.

PREMIER RECEIVES MINISTERS' RESIGNATIONS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. 12-10 a.m., Sept. 18.

Ottawa.—The premier Mr. Meighan, has received the resignations from all the Ministers as a preliminary to the Cabinet being reconstructed. The details of the Cabinet will be announced early next week and it is expected that the Parliament will be dissolved immediately afterwards.

SITUATION IN SILESIA.

ITALIAN REINFORCEMENT AND BRITISH OCCUPATION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Recd. 12-10 a.m., Sept. 18.
LONDON, Sept. 15.

Oppeln.—The first contingent of the Italian reinforcements for upper Silesia have arrived. The British have occupied Lipine and other places are to be occupied shortly.

The Renown was commissioned at Portsmouth to-day by Captain the Hon. H. Mead. She proceeds to Portland on the 27th instant for commissioning trials, after which she will return and prepare to embark the Prince on October 26th.

An improving demand is apparent for South Wales coal for the East. The tonnage has been chartered on Baltic Exchange to carry coals from South Wales to Sourabaya at eighteen shillings a ton.

EXPORT OF FOOD-GRAINS.

RECENT RISE IH PRICES.

DEBATE IN COUNCIL OF STATE

SITUATION IN MALABAR STILL SERIOUS.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

The Council of State met again this morning with a small agenda of about half a dozen questions and only three resolutions. The visitors' gallery was fairly full, prominent among those present being Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, Sir P. Rajagopala Chari (President of the Madras Legislative Council), Mr. Surendranath Roy (Deputy President of Bengal Legislative Council), and Mrs. Annie Besant.

MOPLAH RIOTS.

At question time, replying to Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy, who wanted from Government any further information about affairs in the Malabar, Mr. Craik, Home Secretary, stated as follows:—In the light of information elicited by his Excellency Lord Willingdon during his recent visit to Malabar and information received subsequently regarding the military situation, it is evident that the position was still serious, the spirit of rebellion is unbroken and except in immediate vicinity of troops and close to railways the life and property of non-Mahomedans are unsafe. Roads and bridges repaired by troops are broken after they have passed on. On 12th September the office of the Sub-Registrar at Mannarghat was destroyed. The interior of the Taluks of Ernad and Walluvanad are still in the hands of rebels, of whom five bodies estimated to have a total strength of 3,000 are known to be in existence. The military are experiencing difficulties in dealing with them owing to their mobility and our difficulties in regard to transport and communications. It is impossible to re-establish police stations and still more to re-open ordinary courts and offices or even to ascertain the amount of damage done to private and public property at present. All that is possible to maintain is close association between the civil and the military and to provide for the trial of those who have been arrested for serious offences. The Collector of Malabar has started relief funds, but till normal conditions are restored its administration will be impracticable. The trials that have taken place are for offences against ordinary law in the normal times, for example, dacoity, arson, robbery, extortion, damage to Railway and Telegraph and not merely for any breach of special regulations. It is not possible to keep many wounded rebel prisoners, but the few taken are being looked after in exactly the same way as our men at the present. It is quite impossible to forecast when the termination of Martial Law will be practicable.

Mr. Raza Ali asked if it was a fact that large bodies of Moplahs are actively engaged in helping Government and are offering their assistance to Government.

PROFITEERING.

Mr. Craik replied that he had not heard of any till then.

In reply to Raja Motichand it was stated on behalf of Government that they do not know the extent, if any, to which profiteering exists. Enquiries were being made and Government were considering what steps could be taken; but they did not, as at present advised, consider that any useful purpose would be served by interfering with trade.

The Hon. Mr. Sarma then intimated to the House the official business that would come up at the next meeting and Mr. Moncrieff Smith placed on the table the Negotiable Instruments Bill and Post Office Act Amendment Bill that were passed in the Assembly on the 15th.

RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS.

Mr. Sethna moved his resolution recommending transfer to India of the German portion of the Rhodes scholarship fund. He was one of the greatest benefactions by any philanthropist made at the beginning of this century.

When Mr. Rhodes died in 1902 he left a great portion of his fortune for the scholarship for capable young men from different Colonies and the United States of America to prosecute their studies at Oxford, as this would be thought to instill into the minds of scholars from Colonies breadth of view, instruction of life and manners, and the advantages of unification of the British Empire.

Mr. Rhodes had also left five scholarships for the Germans to further his idea of a closer affinity between the Anglo-Saxon races. But since the beginning of the war, these scholarships discontinued. If these scholarships were now allocated to India or failing which, some new scholarships for India were created, that step would certainly be furthering the donor's intention and purpose. The trustees, who had a free hand in the Rhodes settlement, were statesmen like Lords Grey and Milner and Mr. Setna hoped that this opportunity would not be lost and that scholarships would be allocated to India now when there was greater necessity than ever for closer understanding between the British and the Indians. He hoped the Indian Students Committee would also take up this matter.

The Hon. Mr. Froom said that the question was as to whether it would be consistent with the dignity of this Council to accept a resolution which was in the nature of a supplication to the trustees. India was not mentioned in the will of Cecil Rhodes and although the speaker was in entire agreement with Mr. Sethna's wishes, he would rather see that the trustees themselves came forward and offered scholarships to Indian students than that this Council should pass a resolution appying for it. Government would do well to communicate to Rhodes trustees the express feelings of members of this Council in this matter.

GOVERNMENT ATTITUDE.

The Hon. Mr. Richey on behalf of Government accepted the resolution. He went into an elaborate history of the scholarship and said that the Secretary of State had cabled stating that he was in communication with the trustees on the subject and that if this resolution was passed in the Council the Secretary of State had promised to lay before the trustees their views. Mr. Richey did not feel like Mr. Froom that it would be beneath their dignity to make a request of that kind, on the other hand he felt it only natural that they should bring to the notice of the trustees their views on the matter.

Sardar Jogendra Singh opposed the resolution on the ground of the objectionable attitude of South Africa, where Mr. Rhodes made all his fortunes. He was anxious that India should have self respect and not beg others for a few scholarships, because rich Bombay and Calcutta merchants could easily provide scholarships for the Indian students.

Mr. Hollerton deprecated the attitude of Sardar Jogendra Singh for bringing into discussion a political grievance. Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy supported the motion as the statement of Government as also the terms of the will of Mr. Rhodes were quite encouraging.

Sir Zulfikarali Khan opposed the motion as being humiliating to the self-respect of India.

Sir John Wood, Political Secretary, moved for closure of debate.

The resolution was put and carried by a majority.

WHEAT EXPORTS.

Mr. Sukhbir Singh moved that the export of wheat or flour out of India be stopped till the next harvest and that necessary steps be taken to lower the higher prices of the other foodstuffs. He blamed Government for exporting wheat out of the country when the produce of the country was less than the amount the country required for its consumption.

Sir Malik Umar Hayat Khan opposed the resolution as it was going back upon the resolution passed by the House in Delhi asking Government to remove restrictions on the export of foodstuffs.

Sir M. Dadabhoy doubted the necessity for the present resolution in view of the Viceroy's statement on the opening day.

Mr. Raza Ali, supporting the resolution, fixed the responsibility for the rise on speculation and hoarding and suggested a small committee of enquiry to go through the whole question.

GOVERNMENT ATTITUDE.

Mr. B. N. Sarma, revenue Member, made a long optimistic statement, declaring that within the next few weeks the prices which had gone up artificially would decline. He said the first part of th resolution was unnecessary as Government had already stopped the export of wheat till March next. Government realised how seriously the people were embarrassed by the sudden rise in the price of foodstuffs, especially for wheat, during the last few weeks. There was no apparent cause for the sudden rise inasmuch as no new factor had been introduced. Several causes, such as misapprehensions about abnormal rise in prices of foreign goods and their speculation and also to a small extent the deficiency in foodstuffs due to the failure of last year's crop, were responsible for the present rise, which was mainly artificial and bound to come down as it had already begun. The prices of wheat in foreign countries were much lower than those prevailing in India and directly the Australian wheat came into India the prices would all to about 8/12. During the last two years the total outturn of wheat was above 16 millions and taking India's normal quantity for consumption at 8 millions a year Government thought the stock was just sufficient to meet the requirements till the next rabi crop. Consequently the Government had done all they could to retain the foodstuffs in the country. Mr. Sarma was very optimistic about the future. The reports of crop prospects from all provinces were clearly indicative of our being able to reap a rich harvest in the near future. In fact the maximum had been reached and there was a decline in prices of all foodstuffs, but Government, however, was fully conscious that there must be a good deal of distress among the poorer classes throughout the country, although it a matter of satisfaction that there was a steady decline in the number of persons on relief, which showed that our country was able to withstand the sudden distress. Government was taking steps to bring down the prices, but it was very reluctant, in any way, to interfere with the natural course of trade by imposing any inter-provincial restrictions, because experience of the past had shown that such restrictions while giving momentary relief always ended in abnormal rise in prices. The export of rice to foreign countries except those which, having Indian population, are depending on India, has been stopped and steps would be taken that the price of Burma rice did not go beyond the prevailing point. Replying to several points raised by other speakers Mr. Sarma said it was no use appointing a committee to go into the problem. Personally he would be only too glad to receive any opinion to enable Government to devise means to combat the present rise. As for the objection that Indian land produced less per acreage than land in any other country. Mr. Sarma said the fault could not be laid at the doors of the Agricultural department. In a poor wretched country like India the revenues could not meet the expenses of expanding the utilities of the Agriculture Department. If the Assembly could sanction big grants his department would show great results.

Sardar Joginder Singh opposed the resolution and took strong objection to any embargo being placed on export of wheat.

At this stage Sir Dinshaw Wacha applied for closure which was granted and Mr. Sukhbir Singh's motion was put to the vote and carried by a majority of 20 against 11.

Sardar Joginder Singh on a point of order, asked whether the closure could be applied for when any member was still addressing the House.

The President said.—Certainly, closure can be moved for at any time.

The Council of State adjourned till Monday the 19th.

A new English weekly, "Free India" will shortly begin publishing in Jhansi. It will be devoted to the discussion of political economic, social and other current topics. The policy of the organ will be to support the Congress and the paper will be an advocate of India's freedom.

MOPLAH RIOTS,

(CONTRIBUTED.)

I have been greatly amazed to read in the Anglo-Indian press of this country, numerous misleading accounts and false inferences about the Mopola riots in Malabar, which fortunately appear to have almost come to an end. A certain Anglo-Indian paper in Bombay has freely opened its columns to correspondents of every variety, for Discussing the Subject from its own correspondent at Calicut whom I should have taken for an utter stranger in the district had his identity and antecedents been unknown to me —so strange and misleading is his analysis of the numerous causes that brought about these regrettable happenings, which are deplored by every one—to Mr. N. V. Sarma of the Moderate persuasion who assures us in the course of a long article, with a grave air of responsibility, that he has lived for twenty years in the midst of Mopolas and studied their history; and who in spite of all this has the audacity to attribute the present disturbances to the Manjeri Conference held full two years ago. It seems to me that Mr. Sarma during the twenty years of his life in Malabar never ventured further than the "Oottupura" and temple at Thriprayar, which place, I believe, has the honour of claiming him as its own, or he has completely forgotten everything about his poor native country, engaged, heart and soul, as he is at present in Moderate and Besantine politics. I am at a loss to account for his *ipse dixit* in any other way.

As I also happen to be a Malayalee and to know something about the Mopolas, their previous history, habits, customs and temperaments, I hope you will kindly allow me the hospitality of your esteemed columns to make a few observations about the events in Malabar which have arrested the attention of everybody in India either one way or other. I am afraid I am rather late in the field; but I thought it advisable to reserve my remarks till the disturbances have subsided.

To those who have taken the trouble of understanding the Mopolas and studying their history seriously, there is absolutely nothing surprising in the present troubles. Score of Mopola riots have taken place in the past, long before the Congress was started and Non-Co-operation was thought of, and any attempt to isolate the present riot from its kind of the past and attribute it to new cause and view it in a new light is simply mischievous and conceived solely to serve political and personal ends. As the "Yogakshemam" the organ of the Nambhudhirees, who have suffered most in the present riots and who have no reason to sin on the side of leniency towards the Mopolas, pertinently remarks—much to my relief, disgusted as I was on reading the angry and stupid vapourings of Calicut journalists who seem to have felt the whole weight of West Hill (the Collector's residence) on their breast when writing their sentences and who to my personal knowledge had been for the last few months driving Mr. Thomas by evil advice to a policy of unscrupulous repression, calculated to put down the Congress propaganda at any cost—people who have any knowledge of the previous riots need not be told that Mopolas require no new reasons to break out into revolt and that the only significant fact noticeable in the present case is the widespread nature of the disturbances and the apparent organisation and discipline among the rioters, which are to be accounted for by the existence in the country of hundreds of discharged Mopola soldiers who have been trained in the art of war and who have actually taken part in many pitched battles. The paper adds that it is convinced that the mischief in the present case was confined to the poorer and ignorant classes of Mopolas and that the upper and educated classes among them have stood absolutely aloof. These are very significant facts, to be dealt with at length when I examine the causes of the present disturbances which I do not mean to do in the course of this article. Before dealing with the present outbreak, it is essential that I should refer briefly to previous riots. The events I give below have been gathered by me from official records, the vernacular Press and my own personal experience.

The first Mopola riot since the advent of the British, though very insignificant when compared with subsequent outbreaks, took place as early as 1836 when Kallingal Kunhalan of Manjeri along with a few of his followers openly murdered Chathu Panikker and three others of the same place in a fit of fanaticism. Though Kunhalan and his comrades remained at large for some time the police traced them at last and shot them dead.

This was followed by similar incidents in quick succession, most of them directed exclusively against the *Jenmees* (Landlords). In 1841 a band of Mopolas, with one Kunhunniavan as their leader, murdered Perumbalavil Nambudhiri for agrarian reasons. This band eluded the police for a considerable time and the civil authorities had to seek military aid for the first time. the solicitude which the Madras Government have always exhibited in keeping up the feudal dignity of the Malabar landlords, most of the Malabar landlords are doing even to-day to the ruin of the tenant population of the district. This injustice quite naturally exasperated the injured tenant with the result we have already seen.

There were four more riots in the same year for more or less similar reasons and This rising was mainly due to the deplorable land tenure system of Malabar which I shall in my next article prove to be one of the root causes of the present troubles also. Most of the rebels were tenants of the murdered Perumbalavil. Nambhudhiri who had taken from one of the Rs. 16 a big sum in those days—in the shape of renewal fee, promising him to renew the lease of the land he held under the Nambudhiri on *kanom* (lease hold) right. But the Nambudhiri gave the land in question in *melcharth* (leasing out the land held by one tenant to another without the former's knowledge) to a third party as, thanks to Thirurangadi was the scene of the most fierce of them. The authorities seem to have experienced great difficulty in putting down this riot. The native soldiers who were sent from Calicut under Captain Leader to surround the house where the rebels had taken shelter refused to fire on their own countrymen and turned back when an encounter took place. These deserters were afterwards courtmartialled at Cannanors. It was said that this rising was inspired by the Thirurangadi Thangal (priest) who died after a few days. His tomb is visited to-day by Mopolas from all parts of the country and is held in great reverence.

On the 11th Derember, 1843 there was a small rising. Govindan Moosad, landlord and village headman was the only victim. All the rioters were shot dead by the military. Almost all the landlords in Malabar are Hindus and the oppression practised by these on their Mopola tenants seems to have exasperated the latter and created in them an uncompromising hatred towards the Hindus as a class.

In 1849 there was another great rising which gave the authorities a great deal of trouble. It was in this rising that the rioters for the first time plundered Hindu temples. Two detachments of soldiers were driven back by the rebels and it was the third detachment under Major Dennis that quelled the rising. It is noteworthy that not a single rioter surrendered to the military. All of them on finding their case hopeless, sought death at the mouth of the British guns. This rising lasted for 11 days from the 25th August to 4th September. Casualities on both sides were rather heavy.

In 1851 another rising took place. Many Hindu houses, mostly of the well-to-do classes, were looted and the inmates murdered. An Indian regiment under Captain Trainer was put to flight by the rioters and it was a British regiment under Captain Road that brought the rioters under control.

In 1852, a party of about 200 Mopolas, under Mayan, plundered the house of Kalathil Kesavan Nambudhiri, rich landlord, murdered all the 18 inmates including women and children and set fire to the house. They burned four more Hindu houses and one Hindu temples and also defiled three other Hindu temples. Kallat Nambiar a powerful chief of North Malabar collected his followers and gave battle to the rebels, with theresult that all the rebels were shot dead before the arrival of the Military from Cannanore. Mr. Canoley of blessed memory was the then collector of Malabar. He easily saw that agrarian troubles were at the root of these frequent disturbances and it is believed that he made very strong representations to the Government on the matter. He urged the appointment of a commissionof enquiry to go into the causes of these disturbances and suggest remedies, and, accordingly the Madras Government appointed Mr. Strange as Special Commissioner. The people of Malabar still do not know whether all the recommendations of Mr. Strange have been put into practical operation by the Madras Government or whether they will ever be so. One result of the enquiry was that it was found that the presence in the country of the Thirurangadi Thangal was "dangerous to public safty" (your readers will note that this phrase existed even at that time, or rather was invented as early as that and that he should be deported. This Thangal was the descendant of the early Arabian settlers and was held in high esteem by every Mohamedan of the district. It was even believed that he was possessed of superhuman powers. When it was rumoured that the Thangal was going to be deported, it is said that about twelve thousand Mopolas, most of them armed, approached the Thangal and offered to resist every attempt on the part of the government to interfere with his liberty. The Thangal is reported to have advised them to go home quietly which they did. He told the Government plainly that he had never done anything against them and that he had always discountenanced the actions of his fanatical co-religionists. He was sorry to see that his words, which were strictly in accordance with the teachings of Islam, and which were only for the spiritual salvation of his Mohamedan flock were often misunderstood by some of his people and highhanded acts committed which were against the teaching of the Koran. He told the Government that they need not be the least anxious about him and if they thought that his presence in the country was undesirable, he would immediately leave for Arabia for the purpose of avoiding all troubles. On the 19th of March, 1852, the Thangal with 56 others, including his family, left the shores of India in a Government ship. It is recorded that he was followed to the beach by thousands of weeping Mopolas to bid him farewel. He advised them all not to be sorry about him and urged them not to commit any violence and to keep absolutely quiet which it should be added to their credit, they did.

V. MADHAVAN NAIR.

REBELS IN ERNAD,

EXPERENCES OF A SUFFERER.

(Associated Press.)

CALICUT, Sept. 16.

The following is the statement referred to in the District Magistrate's press communique:—Devasaram Kalam is to the West of District Forest Officer's Bungalow. All paddy and other properties in Kalam were looted by Variankunnath Kunhamad Hajisgang Kunhamad Haji does not allow any body to leave the place without his pass. I paid him Rs. 100 to get a pass. Every person who wanted to leave Amsam had to pay and get passes. This pass is in the handwriting of Kunhamad Haji. He wears a Turkey cap with a Khilafat uniform and badge. He has a sword in his hand. He told me that Calicut was not at all safe as his men would certainly visit. Calicut in two or three days and would bring a handful of Europeans and officers there and butcher them. He told me that Nilambur was quite safe and that he had conquered Ernad and Wulluvanad. There was only Khilafat Government there. He told me that he had sent his men to Kalikaru to finish off 100 soldiers who had gone there. He said that his patrols were in 14 places. Clusters of bamboos have been cut and placed along the roads as also many teak trees. He told me and also others who were with me that n case our boats contained any Government officer all of us would be killed.

He further said that under Khilafat Government no assessment need be paid and no lands need be held under Kanom. All lands which people held would be recognised as their Jewman. He also said that they had taken half a dozen pop guns (Rathinas) from Nilambur Keviligani and they were going to fill them up with nails and other explosives to be placed in forests so that when the military came to clear forests they would be shot to death from inside the forest by means of a contrivance. Our boat when coming down was inspected by Vedakumpadath, Anniathan Moidu Hajee and Ismail Rowther of Nilanbur and when we showed the pass we were allowed to go. When I left, there were in all about 700 or 800 men from Vadapuram bridge up to the market. The Handy in Nilambur about 100 cheruma were cutting down clusters of bamboo and Government teak to be placed on the road. The shop of Bappu Chetty who gave the military cigarettes was also looted and he is in hiding. He has been given two days' time for his appearance when it was threatened that his hands would be cut off as a punishment.

MOPLAH OUTRAGE.

A SUFFERER'S STATEMENT.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sept. 17.

The "Madras Mail's" special correspondent at Calicut wires a long account of an interview he had at Calicut with Mr. Komu Menon, a wealthy landlord of Ernad and a retired officer of salt and Abkari who was reported some days before to have been forcibly converted by Moplahs with his entire family. Mr. Komu Menon said that on 22nd and 24th August rebels came in a body and insisted upon the conversion of himself and family on pain of death. He refused and showed the interviewer the tuft of hair he had which was not touched. The ladies locked themselves up in a room and were not molested. The rebels caught hold of his sons, grandsons and servants, 25 in all, and shaved their heads. But on hearing the sound of drums they fled away, never returning. Apprehending further trouble, he wrote for military guard which arrived on September 4. Till then he lived within closed doors. Mr. Komu Menon further says that most of his tenants were Moplahs and he had not put a single Moplah in Court. He is positive that the cause of rebellion was the preaching of Khilafat, by Khilafat workers, Mullahs and Musaliers in every mosque in Ernad.

IRISH PEACE PARLEY.

(Continued from previous page.)

where Mr. Lloyd George's step was totally unexpected. London press, with a few exceptions, comments briefly on the situation owing to the lateness of the publication of the correspondence. The papers dwell, however, on the unquestionable evidence of the fact that the Irish outside the Sinn Fein Government are hungering for peace. The view is freely expressed that Mr. De Valera and his associates do not represent the present Irish feeling. It is thought that the short respite afforded by the delay mentioned in the Prime Minister's letter may cause this feeling to become vocal.

MR. DE VALERA'S INSISTENCE ON SOVEREIGN STATE

GOVERNMENT'S INABILITY TO RECOGNISE SUCH CLAIM.

PREMIER'S LATEST TELEGRAM TO IRELAND

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Recd. 12-10 a.m., Sept. 18.
LONDON, Sept. 15.

Mr. Lloyd George has telegraphed Mr. De Valera saying that he informed Mr. De Valera's emissaries at Inverness on September 13 that reiteration of Mr. De Valera's claim to negotiate with the Government as the representative of an Independent Sovereign State would make the Conference impossible. They brought Mr. Lloyd George a letter from Mr. De Valera in which Mr. De Valera specifically reaffirmed that claim stating that the Irish Nation "has formally declared its Independence and recognises itself as a Sovereign State" and adding "it is only as the representatives of that State as the chosen Guardians that we have any authority or powers to act on behalf of our people." Mr. Lloyd George asked the emissaries to warn Mr. De Valera of the very serious effect of such clause and offered to consider the letter as undelivered to him in order that Mr. De Valera might have time to reconsider it. In spite of this Mr. De Valera has now published the letter in its original form and says the Premier. "I must accordingly cancel the arrangements for the Conference at Inverness next week and must consult my colleagues on the course of action which this new situation necessitates. I will communicate this to you as soon as possible but as I am at the moment laid up here for few days, delay is inevitable."

Mr. Lloyd George proceeds to say that in the meanwhile he must make it absolutely clear that the Government cannot reconsider the position which he has stated. If the Government accepted a Conference with the Sinn Fein. Delegates on the formal statement of claim which Mr. De Valera has reaffirmed it would constitute an official recognition by the Government of the severance of Ireland from the British Empire and its existence as an independent Republic. The great concessions which the Government have made to the feeling of the Irish people in order to secure a settlement deserved some more generous response, but hitherto every advance has been made by the British Government. "On your parts says the Premier "you have not come to meet us by a single step but have merely reiterated in phrases of emphatic challenge the letter and spirit of your original claim."

COUNCIL OF INDIA.

SIR S. NAIR AND MR. BASU TO RESIGN SHORTLY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

Sir Sankaran Nair will leave for India on November 18th after resigning membership of the Council of India. His decision does not relate to any question of public policy, but is connected with the literary work he contemplates.

Mr. Bhupendra Nath Basu will go to India in November and it is not expected that he will return to the Council.

The other Indian member, Salebhoy Aftab Ahmed Khan, has already left for India on short leave preparatory to rejoining the Students Committee when it assembles in India in November.

SILVER MARKET.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

Messrs Montagu's report says:—India has again been the chief buyer for both cash and future delivery and there have been both sales and purchases on China account. The market has not been well supplied and quotations have further advanced during the week. The market closes with steady tone. The Washington correspondent of Financial America states that 70,204,000 ounces of silver were purchased under the Pittman Act up to August 30th and 33,993,000 dollars silver were coined under the Act up to September 2nd.

OLDSAM CARDROUMMERS UNION.

DEMAND FOR PAYMENT OF WAGES WITHDRAWN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. 8 p.m., Sept. 16.

The Oldham Cardrommers Union has withdrawn its demand for payment of wages to the operatives, who are temporarily workless owing to reinstallation of machinery and the danger of stoppage of work is thus averted.

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL.

NEGOTIATIONS BREAK DOWN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.
Recd. at 8 p.m., Sept. 17.

Negotiations between the masters and the men with regard to the wage reductions of from four to eleven shillings per week, involving 50,000 workers, broke down to-day at the meeting of the Joint Industrial Council of Soap and Candle Trades. The workers withdrew after the refusal of employers to accept arbitration.

RUSSIAN FAMINE.

EUROPEAN CONFERENCE TO BE CONVENED.

[Reuter's Telegram.]

LONDON, Sept. 16.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 18.

Paris.—The International Commission for relief of Russian famine has resolved to convene a European Conference of twenty-four States, including Germany, Bulgaria, Poland and Russian border States and also the Red Cross at Brussels, on October 6th. Every country will be represented by one delegate with power to vote. No further request will be made to the Soviet for inquiry.

REPRESSION IN KERALA.

CONGRESS SECRETARIES ARRESTED.

(From a Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Sept. 16.

Mr. M. P. Narayan Menon, Congress Secretary, Ernad Taluq, who was arrested at Manjeri was brought to Calicut to-day from Tirur. His hands were tied and he was made to walk from the Railway station to the Huzur Office. Information has been received of arrests of the Secretary, Valapad Congress Sabha, and three other Congress workers of the place for unknown offences. Paramboot Damodran Menon, a young boy of seventeen was convicted yesterday and sentenced to six months simple imprisonment.

THE DESHABHAKTAN SEDITION CASE.

SOME ACCUSED APOLOGIZED,

MADRAS, Sept. 17.

In the "Deshabhaktan" sedition case the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day passed orders discharging Messrs. P. V. Rajagopalachari, D. Mahalingam and S. Nageswara Sastri on their apologising to the Government and the Court, expressing regret for any offence they might have committed in publishing an article entitled "Repression" in the "Deshabhaktan" of 8th May and further undertaking not to commit any such offence in future. The case against the second accused Mr. V. V. Subramani Iyer is proceeding.

At a crowded meeting held on the 15th instant at Chinchni under the auspices of Dahanu Taluk Congress Committee Mr. Jamnadas Mehta delivered an instructive address urging boycott of foreign goods and temperance. A resolution was moved by the president that a village committee be started within a fortnight and a report be submitted was unanimously carried. There was a bonfire of foreign caps.

GREEK OFFENSIVE IN ASIA MINOR

ANGORA GOVERNMENT AND KEMALISTS' ACTIVITIES.

H. E. TEWFIK PASHA.

Grand Vizir of the Constantinople Cabinet

(From Our Correspondent.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, 10th August 1921.

Mustafa Kemal Pasha Becomes C-in-C

The Angora Parliament on Friday 5th instant conferred the Supreme Command of the Kemalist Army on Mustafa Kemal Pasha for a period of three months. Ismet Pasha, ex-Commander-in-Chief has resigned. Fevzi Pasha, the Premier, has become also Chief of the General staff.

Mustafa Kemale has sent the following telegram throughout the provinces "our Army has caused the enemy over 20,000 casualties. It maintains its fighting spirit and its will to victory. It has retired integrally to new positions east of Eski-shebir, when the moment comes, it will accept decisive battle. Though after the armistice it lost all its arms and munitions, our army has won its way to its present prestige by the aid of Providence. Relying on the same aid, it will succeed in giving the enemy the knock out blow.

"The vastness of our territory and our national perseverance both guarantee our success. But for success every section of the nation must get to work at once as busily as possible. All must co-operate actively in this historic duty. Our first need to-day is that the nation and army should preserve intact their moral and material resources. The Government and Grand Parliament are working hard towards this end."

The proclamation ends by urging that new recruits called up should be sent to the front urgently and without delay.

Moscow Treaty Debate at Angora.

The Kemalist paper Yeni Gur of July 22 contains the debate in the Angora Parliament on the occasion of the ratification of the Angora treaty with Moscow. Youssouf Kemal Bey, the foreign minister, made the following statement:—"Our relations with Russia are gradually improving As you know, when the Grand Parliament came into being we sent a delegation to Russia. The facts of our situation were indeed a sort of parallel to those of Russia, and in consequence we held that a delegation to Russia might be able to bring us certain advantages.

"After pour-parlers the delegation brought back a treaty of nine clauses which you rejected.

"Six weeks afterwards Russia sent us the outline of a political treaty of which I, Ali, Fuad Pasha and Riza Nouri Bey became sponsors. We drafted the present treaty which expresses the reciprocal desire on the part of Russia and Turkey to maintain friendly political relations.

"Both Russia and Turkey aim at freedom from tyranny. The Russian Government considers the movement of the peoples in the Orient as a movement of liberation.

"However we told the Russians clearly that our social regime and general social atttude did not and could not in any way correspond with theirs.

"One of my comrades in the House has asked why this treaty comes up for ratification so late before the House. The fact is that I myself brought the text as far as Baku. Its consideration has not been delayed for any political reason."

Answering a question put by the deputies of Batum the Foreign Minister added:—"Naturally we feel with our fellow citizens of Batum, but we believed that the abandonment of the city of Batum by us would be profitable to Turkey and that is why we abandoned it."

The treaty was then put to the vote and ratified by the Angora Parliament by 202 votes to one.

Bolshevik Ambassador's Letter.

The Kemalist paper Hakimiet Millet under date July 22 published a letter addressed by the Bolshevik Ambassador at Angora M. Natcharanoss to the Angora Foreign Minister The letter said:—

"The Ottoman nation is to-day faced with another ordeal. Twice the Turkish Army has victoriously repulsed the enemy. Now the Greek army, furnished with the latest modern munitions, is trying by this latest attack to break decisively the resistance of the Turkish Nation. But it is certain that Greece will not be able to keep the territories which to-day she holds unjustly.

"The enemy knows this truth and that is why his attacks have been so furious. He will never succeed. The Turks will once more write pages of glory in their history, will renew their brilliant past and will again drive out the enemy forever from their territories.

"The Russian nation and Red Army, united as they are to Turkey by bonds of friendship and affection, and having themselves also had in their near past to fight for political and economic independence, sincerely pray that the hopes of the Turkish nation will be realised. We shall follow with all sympathy the phases of the heroic struggles of the Turkish Army.

"The Red Army of Soviet Russia desires to express its conviction that the Turkish Army will be able to put an end to the terrible designs of the enemy and it sends you its sincere wishes to that end.

"I ask you to distribute sweets and presents among the 24,000 wounded Turkish soldiers as a sign of the sympathy and affection of their Russian brothers-in-arms."

Mustafa Kemal on National Education.

Mustafa Kemal, opening at Angora the Congress of Turkish Teachers, made a speech in which he said:—

"We were defeated in the world war and our enemies, desiring to profit by that defeat, designed to wipe out our nation. But Angora has become the scene of a great national revival and at Angora met, and sits, the Grand Parliament which has the programme of assuring to Turkey the right to life.

"As we are to-day forced to employ all the resources of the state against the enemy who has invaded our national territory, the resources left for education are not enough to provide a proper basis for future educational progress. However, we must work as well as we can to develop education and to re-organise it until we bring it to perfection.

"Our education up till now has been one factor leading to the decadence of our race. When speaking of national education, I would insist upon the necessity of a Turkish culture free from every exotic idea from East or West which is not compatible with the historic qualities of our nation. We must inculcate into the new generation an education that is completely national.

"History shows many instances of wonderful perseverance among nations which were faced with great dangers as we are now. We must fight intellectually as well as with arms. Our nation has valuable qualities which are worth developing and the duty of developing then rests upon you teachers.

King Constantine's Message

King Constantine has addressed an Order of the day to the Greek Army, dated Eskishehir, July 31:—

"I congratulate you and thank you. I congratulate you in the name of our mother country Greece for whom you have done such great deeds and for whom you will do are artisans of final victory." "I consider myself happy and proud to rule over a people which gives me such an army.

"You have made distances as nothing under your feet and your iron hands have levelled every obstacle. The fearsome fortifications of the enemy you have turned into palaces of card. He tried to save himself by flight but you pursued him winged like the eagle .He tried to turn and counter-attack and you broke his attack....."

"Only the remnants of his army managed to reassemble and withdraw towards Angora." "Each one of you is inspired with the thoughts of the whole race and all of you our mother country—sleep in peace, we are awake on your behalf and our sword will bring to fulfilment your rights. We are marching on where your bidding sends us."

Interesting News Items.

The Sublime Porte has wired to its representatives in the various capitals to issue a categoric denial of the report that the Nationalist army has been defeated. Its representatives are to enlighten public opinion in Europe on the subject and are to emphasise that the moral of the Turkish troops is excellent.

Before Eski-Shehir's Fall.

According to the Vakit, Ismet Pasha the Kemalist C-in-C, before evacuating Eskishehir handed over the administration of the city to the Catholic priests there until the Greeks came in.

Bekir Sami Bey.

The Kemalist news agency under date July 27 publishes the following:—

Bekir Sami and Djelil Edin Beys, respectively deputies of Amassia and Erzeroum, having obtained leave, have gone to Europe for a rest cure. During their voyage they have made statements to the foreign Press, supposed to be official.

The Anatolian Agency hereby declares that the Nationalist Government has not given the said deputies the slightest official quality and that they have therefore no right to speak in the name of the nation.

Kemalist Exemption Tax on Non-Moslems.

The Angora Parliament has decided that non-Moslems called up should pay an exemption tax of 600 pounds Turk a year in four instalments if militarily exempted.

New Recruits for Kemal Pasha.

The first Moslem Battalion from the eastern vilayets of Anatolia-Kars, Ardahan and Artoin—which were recently attached to Turkey under the Moscow treaty, has arrived at Angora.

The number of recruits from the eastern vilayets amounts to 15,000.

Incorrect Views About Turkey.

His Imperial Highness the Crown Prince of Turkey in an interview reproduced by the Tarjuman said:—

"It is regrettable that the news spread about Turkey abroad is so incorrect. We have always been liable to be misunderstood.

"The is the effect of malicious propaganda.

"I am sure that if Europe had a real knowledge of us, it would never have taken such serious decisions to our detriment. We admit having committed political mistakes but if the real reasons of these mistakes had been known, we should not have been treated so harshly.

Indemnities for Dismissed Officials.

Turkish state officials who are to lose their posts owing to reduction of Government staffs, are to receive for one year an indemnity of one quarter of their salaries if they have been officials for from one to fifteen years. Those who have from 15 to 30 years service are to receive one quarter of their salaries and all who have served longer one half. After the year's indemnity, no further indemnities will be paid.

Flag Warning on Minarets.

The Governor of Trebizoud, the Kemalist port on the Black sea has issued a communique saying that the population must not be alarmed by the appearance of Greek warships in the harbour.

The coming of Greek vessels will be officially announced either by the police or by flags on the minarets. All rumours not confirmed by the authorities must be considered false, and no importance must be attached to them.

Sales of Turkish House Property.

H. I. M. the Sultan has expressed the wish to know exactly the amount of house property sold by Turks in Constantinople since the Armistice, and full statistics are being prepared for submission to him.

Turkish Officials at Smyrna

The State Council has taken up the question of Turkish officials appointed to posts at Smyrna. After long deliberation it was decided that they should continue to receive their salaries like any other State officials.

Angora Villagers' Appeal.

The villagers in the Angora region have sent an appeal to the Muslim religious head at Angora saying that they do not want to remain idle while the enemy is invading Anatolia and asking to be employed in work to beat the Greeks.

The Kemalists at Ismid.

The Sabah says that according to news from Angora the Kemalist Government denies the rumour of a forthcoming evacuation of Ismid peninsula by the Kemalist troops.

It is also reported that foreseeing a Greek landing at Akche Shehir on the Black Sea coast with the object of forcing them to evacuate Ismid, the Kemalists have taken precautions by digging trenches and posting guns.

The Mythical Greek Landing.

The Tevhid Efkiar says that travellers arrived here from the Black Sea coast of Anatolia reported that it was not true that any Greek landing had taken place at any point of the Anatolian coast of the Black Sea.

The Greek cruiser Kilkis with a destroyer had simply visited Sinope and Trebizond and shelled them without much damage.

The same Greek cruiser shelled Ineboli on the Black Sea Coast on 29th July for the second time.

For Bolshevik Military Mission at Angora.

The news that General Broussiloff had been charged by the Soviet Government with the superintendance of the diplomatic, and military dealings with the Kemalist Government, which spread here like wild fire, says the Tevhid Efkiar is totally false and was received with great indignation in Anatolia.

No Russian functionary is in Anatolia except the personnel of the Bolshevik Legation at Angora.

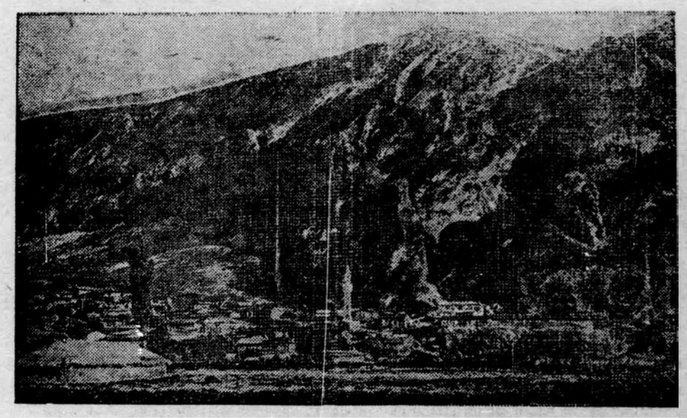
Angora's Relations with Moscow.

The Kemalist News Agency publishes a communique saying:—

News has appeared lately in the European newspapers about supposed tension between

(Continued on next page.)

THE HISTORICAL VILLAGE OF IN-RUNU.

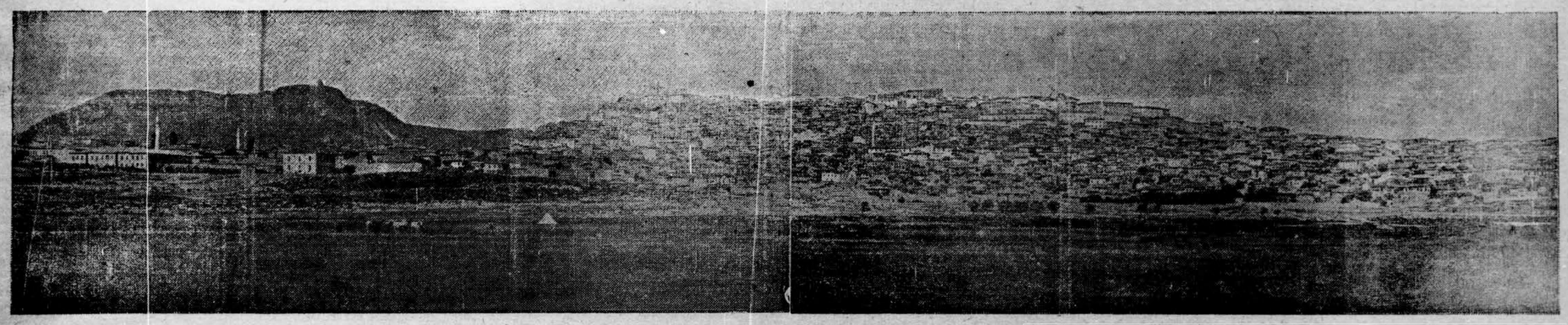


Here the Greeks were severely beaten in March 1921.

H. I. H. THE PRINCE ABDUL MAJID,

The Crown Prince of Turkey.

ANGORA. THE CAPITAL OF NATIONALIST TURKEY.



MUSTAFA KEMAL PASHA.

The Founder of the Nationalist Movement in Turkey

FEVZI PASHA.

The Nationalist Premier and Chief of the General Staff.

GEN KIAZIM KARA BEKIR PASHA.

The Victor of the Armenia

WEAVING BEST SUPPLEMENTARY OCCUPATION,

MR. GANDHI'S ADVICE TO LABOURERS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

Messrs. Gandhi and Azad Sobhani addressed a huge Labour audience this evening. Mr. Gandhi advised them to refrain from all violence and to leave the Adi-Dravidas severely alone. They had a right to demand their own wages and state their own terms for re-empolyment, but they should serve thei remployers deligently and faithfully. They must have a supplementary occupation to fall back upon in times of strike, and nothing was more useful and beneficial to the country than hand-spinning and hand-weaving.

After the meeting there was a bonfire of some foreign clothes collected there.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT.

MR. C. R. DAS FINALLY ELECTED.

Mr. C. R. Das was elected President of the forthcoming sessions of the Congress on the unanimous recommendation of all the Provinces at the meeting of the Reception Committee held to-day.

KHULNA RELIEF.

TWO HANDSOME DONATIONS.

Mr. C. C. Mukerji, a member of the Khulna Famine Relief Committee, writes to say that Sir P. C. Ray, Kt., has received the sums of Rs. 7,000 and Rs. 5,000 from Messrs. Birla Brither of Calcutta, and Messrs. Jamal Brothers of Rangoon, respectively. These are handsome donations and he expresses the hope that the philanthropic Bombay millionaires will emulate their examples.

KHILAFAT OFFICE SEARCHED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 16

The local Khilafat committee and the "Zamindar" offices were searched by the police to-day, who took away some hundred copies of "Jam Jamat-Ulema Fatwa" from the former office.

TRIAL OF RIOTERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PALGHAT, Sept. 16.

Mr. Crombie, the Special Magistrate, motored to Otapalam on Wednesday and disposed of five cases in which four Moplahs were sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each. The accused in a fifth case was alleged to be a student non-cooperator, named Prampat Damodar Menon, who was charged with being a member of an unlawful assembly, bent on the destruction of Government property. Mr. Manjeri Ramaier defended the accused. The Magistrate found the accused guilty and sentenced him to six months' simple imprisonment.

LOOTING BY REBELS.

Some further arrests of rebel gangs are reported, also looting near Karimpoya and Manarghat. Small gangs of rebels have been seen near Champalacheri and Edachela, within 20 miles of Palghat. They have been committing depredations. The reported engagement between the military and the rebels, near Alanallur, is confirmed, but details are lacking.

MARTIAL LAW SPECIAL TRIBUNAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS Sept. 16.

The Madras Government have issued orders to-day constituting a special tribunal to deal with martial law offences in Malabar. The members are Mr. Hughes I.C.S. (President), Mr. E. Edgington and Mr. R. Narayana Iyer.

FEELING IN POONA.

A correspondent writes:—

Poona celebrated the Ganapati Festival of this year with more enthusiasm than ever. There were public Ganapatees worshipped at almost every peth of the City. There were a number of Melas, singing beautiful songs, and public lectures were delivered, on topics-religious,—social—and political. The special feature of this year's Celebration was, that there was practically no restriction enforced this year, so far as the Melas and other important items of the celebration were concerned. There was in fact no prevention or prohibition of this kind, or that, on the part of the bureaucracy and no violence of any kind has been reported to have taken place. Thus, the festival came and passed smoothly off, the people enjoying it with great devotion.

It was at about 6 o'clock on the day of Anantchaturdashi when the Ganapatis were being taken in procession for Visarjana the news of the arrest of the Ali Brothers took the citizens by surprise. The news spread like wild fire throughout the city. All was silence. The music, the songs, the tipris, in the devoted procession,—all was stopped, instantaneously! The flags in the procession were lowered, and the people in the procession took their head dresses off and hurried the idols to the river quietly. Thousands marching to the river bare headed and gloomy!

The *Visarjana* ceremony was thus closed in practical mourning.

The Punjab Provincial Home Rule Conference Pandal will be completed in a few days. Home Rule Leagues and Congress and Khilafat Committees are requested to send lists of their delegates soon to facilitate arrangements for their lodging. Local hotels will provide boarding at fixed rates to delegates who will have to meet their charges. Intending visitors and delegates are requested to bring their own beddings.

BEKIR SAMI BEY.

ISMET PASHA.

Ex-Nationalist Commander-in-Chief.
The Victor of In-nunu.

GREEK OFFENSIVE IN ASIA MINOR.

(Continued from previous page.)

our Government and the Moscow Government.

In this connection we are authorised to state that a treaty accepted and ratified by our respective countries is in existence and that far from being strained our relations are those of cordial friendship.

The spreading of such news will in no case alter those relation.

Mustafa Kemal satisfied.

Mustafa Kemal has visited the troops in their new position and has found the situation of the army satisfactory. This he communicated to the Angora Parliament in the following telegram:—

"The enemy has been stopped near Eskichehir. The military situation is altogether reasuring." Moustafa Kemal was not present at the front during the recent operations.

Back from the Kemalist Front.

The Kemalist deputies who went to the front to carry the greetings of Parliament to the army, have returned to Angora.

The deputy of Mersina speaking before Parliament said:—"The moral of the troops is excellent and all are animated by a keen desire to beat the enemy. I am sure that the army will succeed in winning the final victory."

Bulgaria's Resolve.

Speaking in the Bulgarian Parliament recently the Bulgarian Premier said:—

"I declare that if the war between Turkey and Greece obliged Greece to evacuate Thrace and if Thrace were thus left to its own fate Bulgaria would not move.

"We are guarding our frontiers from bandits and refugees and we will not enter upon any new adventure in Thrace.

"Until we have seen the signature of the Great Allied Powers for such and such a territory, we shall not move.

Execution of Greeks.

The Anatolian News Agency announces that twenty-eight Greek soldiers, natives of Smyrna, Brousa and Adrianople, who took part in the battle of Said Ghazi, were brought before the Tribunal of Independence accused of having borne arms in the Greek army against their Turkish fellow citizens.

The Tribunal condemned them all to death The execution took place on July 31.

More Tribunals of Independence

The Angora Parliament in July 30 session decided to re-establish the 'Tribunals of Independence' at Konia, Castamouni and Samsoun on the ground that there is particular need of vigilance there at this time.

The Sinking of the S. S. Mopang.

The American Near East Relief ship S.S. Mopang struck a floating mine near Varna on the Black Sea. The ship sank in four minutes. The crew of 48 passengers were saved by the only lifeboat that could be lowered from the ship.

Fevzi Pasha's Visit to the Front.

In the Nationalist Parliament the Premier Fevzi Pasha made the following declarations after returning from a visit to the front:—

"We inspected the new positions of the army east of Eskishehir and Said Ghazi. We found the fighting spirit of the troops as strong as ever.

"The enemy wanted to force us to fight where he chose but thanks to our Army's capable manoeuvring this intention was unsuccessful.

"Our army will not fight on the enemy's positions. It will accept the decision of

H E. SALIH PASHA.

Minister of Navy, Constantinople

battle at the point which we select and then it will give the knockout blow. Of that we may be certain."

The House cheered the Premiers statement.

News Items in Brief.

The Angora Parliament has given to deputies who want to go to the front to fight leave to do so.

Reports from Angora say that the Kemalist capital will only be evacuated after strong resistance. Merchants however are holding themselves ready for the evacuation.

The Turkish—Russian agreement regarding the exchange of prisoners has been agreed to by the Angora Parliament.

The Angora Government has put a veto on the entry of Constantinople newspapers into Kemalist territory.

Another Turkish lending establishment has gone bankrupt, bringing up the number of such bankruptcies in the past few months to six.

It is proposed that the Government should take over control of all lending establishment in Constantinople to prevent abuses and to ensure their financial soundness.

The tramway and tunnel employers have resolved to again go on strike as the claims of the employees have not been granted by the company.

According to the Kemalist Minister of National Economy the Anatolian coal mines are not only capable of supplying coal enough for the needs of Anatolia, but for considerable exports.

The National Defence Department has assigned labour battalions to work them.

Food prices in many parts of Anatolia are about 8 times cheaper than in Constantinople. Bread made with foreign flour is however dear.

Halide Edibe Hanoum, the Turkish lady novelist, has left Angora for the Kemalist front, at the head of a Red Crescent unit.

The Anatolian papers say that the Angora Parliament, considering that the tax on exports seriously hampers Anatolian trade, has decided to annual all export taxes.

The group of Turkish doctors from Constantinople who volunteered for service with the Kemalists has reached Angora and will be shortly admitted to the Kemalist Army Medical Service.

In Egypt a committee has raised 5380 Egyptian pound (about Rs. 80,000) for the poor of Anatolia. The patron of the fund was Omer Tussoun Pasha.

Did Ismet Pasha Err

From the Tevhid Efkiar (Turkish).

The Turkish command has not made a single error. Ismet Pasha the commander-in-Chief wanted to diminish the numerical superiority of the enemy by fighting and retreating, which was the identical plan of Marshal French and Sir Douglas Haig during the European war. If Ismet Pasha had committed any error, then there would not exist any Anatolian army any longer. Tevhid Efkiar.

Greek Victories Useless

No, the Greeks can never beat the Turks definitively. Their present victories, due to superiority in arms and munitions, are provisional and without any profitable results They have simply caused the death of some 15,000 Greek soldiers. Europe could never look with a favourable eye upon the Greeks establishing themselves in Anatolia because Turkey constitutes the bridge between East and West, assures the liaison between the two civilisations, and is the channel through which progress and civilisation pass in the orient. When Turkey goes down, and supposing the Turkish nation falls under the Greek yoke then a wide chasm would be opened between East and West.

No need of Russian Aid.

From the Vakit (Turkish).

Now it is certain that the Russian General Broussiloff or any Bolshevik military mission is not at Angora. Anatolia is sufficiently strong not to have recourse to Bolshevik military aid. One can easily understand the object of spreading such news. It is to discredit Turkey with the Western Powers and to alienate their sympathy.

Reconciliation Advice.

From the Vakit.

Owing to the fall of Kutahia and Eskishehir some people are advising us to reconcile ourselves with Greece by pacific means. But it must be remembered that the cause of the conflict is Thrace and Smyrna. If it was merely a difference between the Entente and Turkey, it could be solved diplomatically without recourse to a single cartridge. When the Entente Powers proposed a plebiscite, the Turks immediately accepted. It was the Greeks who refused. We are defending ourselves against Greek aggression, and sooner or later the victory will be ours. We must wait for it and persevere.

Turkey and Intervention.

From the Ikdam (Turkish).

Military critics admit that our Army in Anatolia cannot easily by wiped out. Our policy has to be based upon that Army. Is it possible for the Constantinople Government to undertake any political move? Izzet Pasha in an interview has stated that the role of the Constantinople Government will

HALIDE EDIB HANOUM

The Turkish nationalist lady novelist, editress and Ministress of Education who had left for the front as head of the Red Crescent unit.

be to ask for intervention when possible, but that no such opportunity has yet presented itself. The Constantinople Government is waiting for the occasion to arise. We applaud this attitude.

The Greeco-Turkish War.

From the Den (Bulgarian).

We cannot be sure about the size of the Greek victories and we would not say that it was impossible either for the Kemalists to recover or for the Greeks to reach Angora and Konia.

Nevertheless neither of these alternatives means the end of the war in Anatolia. Even in the case of still bigger victories, it is possible that the campaign will degenerate into a guerilla warfare. It seems that Greece does not fully understand the immensity of the struggle she has entered on.

All Eyes on Angora.

Tachyd Romos (Greek.)

There is one point on the clearing Anatolian horizon towards which the eyes of all Greek fighters are turned. It is the capital of the Kemalists, the famous centre of the Nationalist movement, which by the efforts of Mustafa Kemal has been converted from an insignificant town hardly known abroad into a place which attracts world-wide attention. The plan, resolution, enthusiasm and tactics of the Greek Army give us confidence that shortly, within a few days perhaps, Greek soldiers will be in the barracks of Angora and the much-noised town will have fallen into our hands.

The Allies and Anatolia.

From the Proia (Greek).

Angora does not appear disposed to seek mediation and remains obstinately on the wrong road. . . Greek arms have undertaken to solve the many problems of Anatolia and before we complete our work, it is not probable that the Allied Supreme Council will take up the solution of the Anatolian question. Certainly the Council next week will not do so. Later, no doubt, the Allies will consider the matter and that consideration will be in close connection with the ratification of the solution which is now being imposed by the Greek Army.

Greek Occupation Welcomed

From the Neologos (Greek).

We advanced as far as Ouchak and Broussa a year ago. Since then it has become clearer than daylight that those regions are not Turkish but are Moslem only, and that many of the Moslem inhabitants, as for instance the Circassians who make up the majority in the districts of Broussa and Ismid, not only are not ill-disposed towards us but on the contrary desire us to stay. They have indeed shown their preference for our occupation practically, by withdrawing with the Greek Army when the latter for strategical reasons evacuated Ismid.

No need of Hurry.

From the Neologos.

Within a fortnight we have become masters of all the organised and fortified war zone of the enemy, the whole network of the railway lines. . . . The best of machines after such a strain would need rest and repair before being ready for a new push. We have to study our resources, we have to organise our supplies on completely new lines following upon the occupation of the railway. In the first place we used primitive means of supply and transport as on carts, camels and mules instead of electricity and benzine. Now that we can use them it is not worth while hurrying by a week or two to settle the fate of the Kemalists.

AN EX I. M. S. OFFICER IN TROUBLE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16.

Dr. Suresh Chander Banerjee, who was arrested at Faridpur on charge of making seditious speeches, is a graduate in arts and medicine of the Calcutta University. Till recently he was in the Indian Medical Service in which he rose to the rank of Captain within a short time. Only a few months ago he resigned his Commission and joined the Non-co-operation movement. His trial will take place at Faridpur on the 21st September.

H. E. IZZET PASHA.

Minister of Interior, Constantinople

MAHATMA GANDHI NOT ALLOWED TO GO TO MALBAR

LETTER TO HIM FROM GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

The "Hindu" says that Mr. Gandhi has received a letter from the Chief Secretary telling him that in the event of his intending to go to Malabar he is informed that Martial Law is in force there and that Military authorities are of opinion that in the present conditions of Malabar it is undesirable that he should either enter or stay in Malabar and that His Excellency the Governor concurs in this view. He is also informed that should he persist in proceeding there, orders have been issued that he shoud not be permitted to do so.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S TOUR PROGRAMME.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

Mr. Gandhi leaves Madras tomorrow morning for Porto Novo whence he will motor to Cuddalore in the evening and return for the night to Porto Novo. On the morning of 18th he will leave for Kumbakonam and spend a day there. Trichinopoly will be reached on the morning of 19th from where he proceeds to Chettinad.

MAHATMA ADVICE TO PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS AT MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 17.

Mr. Gandhi addressed a large gathering of ladies at Soundarya Mahal on Swadeshi movement and later on conferred with the piece-goods merchants at the premises of Piece-goods Merchants' Association with regard to the boycott of foreign cloth. Mr. Gandhi did not ask merchants to repudiate all contracts, they were in duty bound to accept them. What he wanted was that they should cease to give further orders With regard to the disposal of present stock Mr. Gandhi said the merchants had a full year before them.

FURTHER HEARING OF G. I. P. RY. MURDER CASE POSTPONED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DEOLALI, Sept. 17.

The further hearing of the case in which J. G. Morris and S. G. Donnison are taram B. Vagal, Payclerk, G. I. P. Railway and his peon in July last and which charged with robbery and murder of Shan was fixed for hearing to-day has been postponed to Tuesday the 27th instant Because of Donnison's continued ill-health in Nasik hospital only Morris was present in the court and produced certain certificates in order to prove that he is a European British subject.

DEATH OF A REBEL LEADER,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALICUT, Sept. 17.

According to the report from Cannanore, Kunhithangal, an influential leader of the rebels, recently sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for the possession of war knife, and who was to have been tried by the Special Tribunal for serious offences, such as rebellion, forcible conversion, etc., died in the Central Jail, Cannanore, the day before yesterday. Local Moplahs, hearing the death, took charge of the body from jail authorities and buried it with all due honours, in one of the local Mosque cemeteries.

MARTIAL LAW ORDINANCE.

A "Gazette of India" Extraordinary publishes the following in pursuance of clause (B) of section 7 of the Martial Law Ordinance 1921 read with section 4 of the Martial Law (Supplementary) Ordinance 1921, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to direct that for the purpose of trials by special tribunals constituted under the last named Ordinance, the date referred to in the said clause (A) in respect of any administration area compromised within the areas specified in the schedule to the first named Ordinance, shall be the 19th August, 1921. and (B) in respect of any administration area, comprised within the areas specified in the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department No. 495, dated 27th August, 1921, shall be the 14th August 1921.

ELPHINSTON COLLEGE HOSTEL CASE.

PROSECUTION EVIDENCE ENDS.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad, the case again came for hearing in which Messrs. H. M. Shekedar and J. B. Shukhadia, two students of the Elphinstone College, residing in College Hostel, on Wodehouse Road, took out summons against (1) R. D. Jardine, (2) W. H. Wild, (3) F. C. Kellaway, (4) I. Henshil Wood and (5) D. Lea on charges of trespass, insult, assault, wrongful confinement and criminal intimidation.

Mr. K. F. Nariman appeared for the complainants while the accused were defended by Mr. J. P. Wallace, Solicitor.

Mr. Hansraj Teikumdas Bhana giving evidence said he was a student of the College and resided in the Hostel and on 10-30 p.m. on the 13th of July he want to Room No. 32 to see a friend. When he was on the stairs somebody caught him by the neck and gave him (witness) 2 or 3 blows. As there was some noise upstairs, the assailant left him and went upstairs. He could not identify the assailant as he was not present in the Court. Mr. Nariman said that the assailant was accused No. 1 who was not present. The witness said that he was so much terrified that he went to his room and retired and did not care to see the brawl.

MR. J. P. NEKU'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Jal Pestsuji Neku was then called who said that there was some jeering and counter feeling at first between students and the accused on the nights of the 13th July. Then the accused tried to scale the gate but the Ramoshi protested. They abused the Ramoshi, sealed the wall and want to, the Old Wing. Witness identified the accused and accused No. 2 was scuffling with Limji and threatened to push his stick in his mouth. He said "keep quiet, you bloody bastard—" When they were asked for their names accused No. 7 gave his name as "Rose." Witness then went to the Principal to call him. The students made a complaint to the Principal that accused No. 5 had a revolver in his hand, a search was made by the Police, but nothing was found.

The Prosecution here closed their case.

Mr. J. P. Wallace, on behalf of the accused, requested the Court to adjourn the case for a week, on the ground that Mr. Binning and Mr. Vicaji were engaged in the High Court.

His Worship declined to grant postponement as he thought it would set a bad precedence.

The case was however, adjourned till the 23rd instant at 1 p.m.

FALSE RUMOURS.

WARNING TO PEOPLE IN MALABAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALICUT, Sept. 16.

The District Magistrate this afternoon wired the following press communiqué:—There is nothing special to report from the front. A report received from Nilambur indicates that Varian kunnath Kunju Ahamad Hajee claims and is exercising independent autohrity in East pinad describing Ernad and Walvanad as Khilafat kingdoms. The annexed statement was recorded from a refugee who arrived yesterday.

A false report was received yesterday afternoon that a force of Moplahs was about to burn Hindu houses at Feroke. A strong party of troops and police was sent out by special train, and discovered that the report was entirely false. The author of the rumour will be dealt with. There was therefore no ground for the panic last night.

WARNING TO PUBLIC.

The public of Calcut are warned against paying any attention to rumours spread abroad by ill-disposed persons. A reward of rupees one hundred will be paid for information leading to the discovery of the persons instrumental in starting these rumours. The attention of all concerned is invited to the fact that under the Martial Law regulation it is an offence to disseminate false intelligences or to spread reports calculated to create alarm, and the District Magistrate hopes that loyal citizens will cooperate with him by reporting to the police any persons they hear disseminating such reports.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 17.

The disturbance in the Bay has not developed further and is approaching Waltair in a westerly direction. It has caused widespread rain in the northern half of the peninsula. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, East Central Provinces, Konkan, Hyderabad and North Madras Coast and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Central India, West Malabar, Bombay, Deccan, Coorg, Madras Deccan. A few falls also occurred in Assam, Chota Nagpur, west United Provinces, North West Frontier Province, Gujarat and West Central Provinces. Chief amounts are:—Victoria Point two inches, Dhubri one, Mymensingh and Balasore one and a half, Sambalpore two, Nagpur and Bombay one, Ratnagiri one and a half, Nizamabad one, Raichur and Mercara one and a half, Masulipatam three and Vizagapatam four.

Forecast:—Further increase in Madras Deccan, Hyderabad and Bombay Deccan.

On 5th September Satyagrahi Kisans of Bijolia observed Ganeshchaturthi by fasting and singing national songs. Swadeshi vows were taken by 1,000 persons. A big collection of foreign cloths was burnt. On 11th September Begoon Kishans held a meeting of 5,000 persons including 1,000 women. Sixty villages were represented. A large collection of foreign cloths was again burnt and 3,000 men and 500 women took swadeshi vows.

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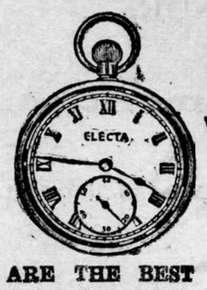

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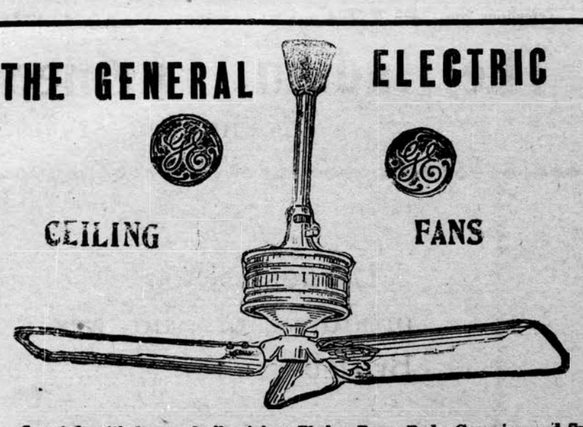

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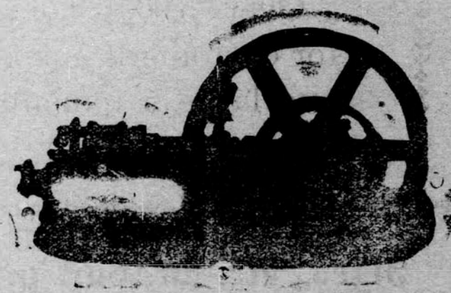

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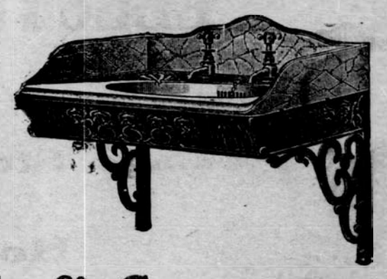

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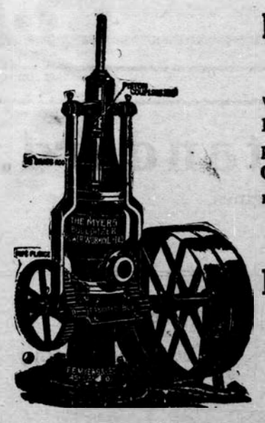

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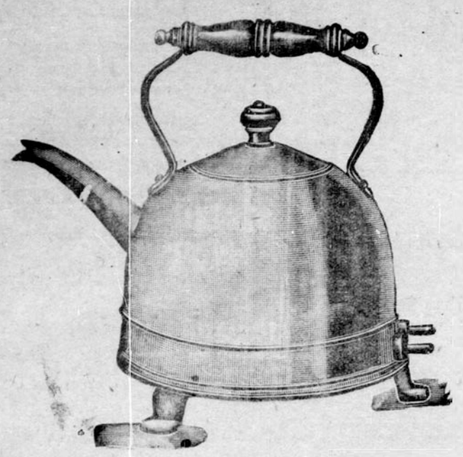

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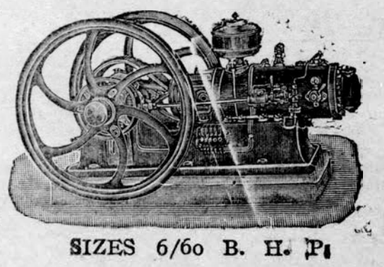

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Vaidya Shastri Manishankar Govindji,

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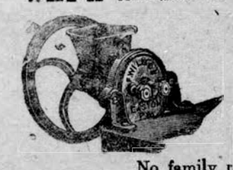
WHY A WILSON'S GRINDING MILL SHOULD BE USED?



1. Spass, Time and Labour are saved.
2. Grains can be ground fines and scares at will, one pound in two to five minutes.
3. Even a boy or a girl can easily operate it.
4. It is a pleasure and luxury to use one as it grinds any grains or cereals.

O. C. Mill Rs 30/,) Packing and forwarding.
Export Mill Rs 28/-) extra.

No family rich or poor should be without one,

ENGINEER & Co. PYDHOFIE, BOMBAY 3.

Telephone Message

John—Hallo!

Harry—The Cricket Season has commenced

J.—Yes.

H.—Is your kit all right?

J.—No. There are some odds that I want to buy, but can't decide where to buy.

H.—Have you tried DODHY & SONS? Kanta Terrace, at Kalbadevi Road. They have just unpacked large consignments of English Cricket Bats, Balls, and Leg guards, etc., and also there own FACTORY made goods. Let us go there this afternoon. They are the BEST and CHEAPEST.

J.—Do they undertake REPAIR also?

H.—Yes. They do, and do it VERY NICELY, and their CHARGES ARE MODERATE. I had my bat repaired from them.

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